

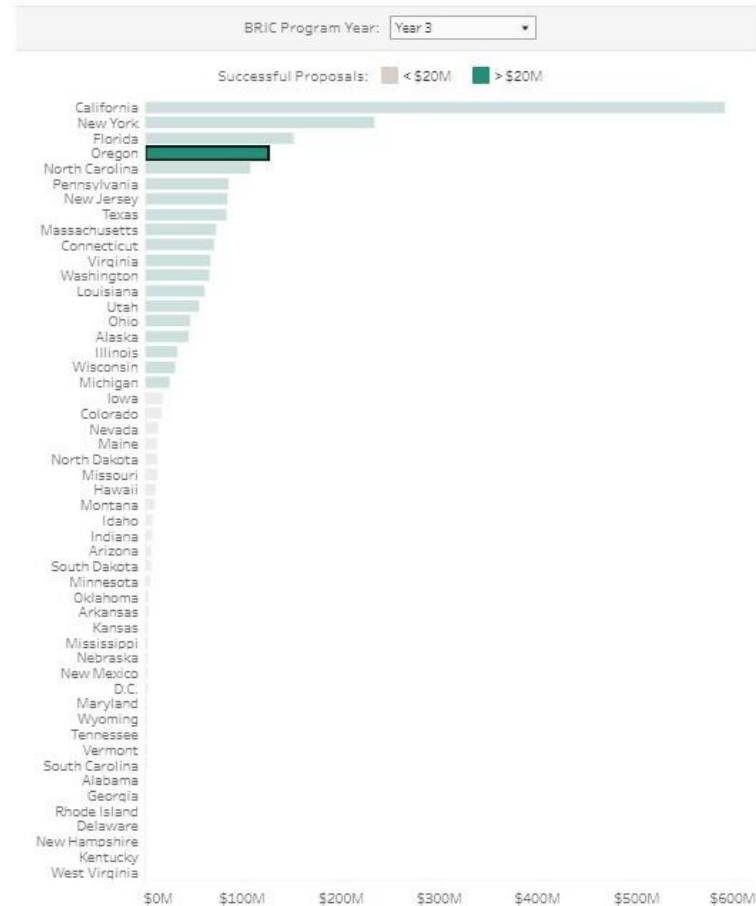


# HMA Non-Disaster

## BRIC/FMA 2020-2022

- 2022 saw a 60% increase in subapplication submittals from prior years
- Oregon ranked second nationally in submitted dollar amount (\$403m)
  - 24 subapplication submitted for BRIC/FMA
- Oregon ranked fourth nationally in dollar amount (\$125m) selected to move forward
  - 10 selected to move forward for BRIC/FMA

### BRIC Funds: State Ranks



Data Source: FEMA. To compare funding between years, all dollars have been adjusted for inflation and reflect 2022 dollars.

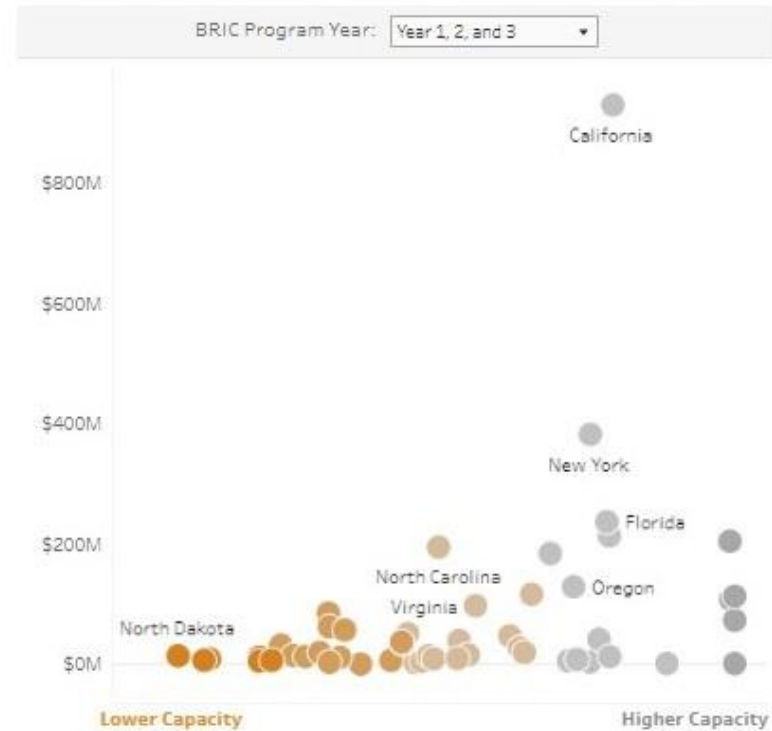


# HMA Non-Disaster

## BRIC/FMA 2022-2023

- Increase interest, still focused west of Cascade range and Willamette valley
- Project budgets and local cost share requirements present limitations
- Capacity increasing in smaller jurisdictions

### Higher-Capacity Areas Secure BRIC Funds



Data Sources: FEMA; Headwaters Economics' Rural Capacity Map. Funds shown in 2022 dollars.

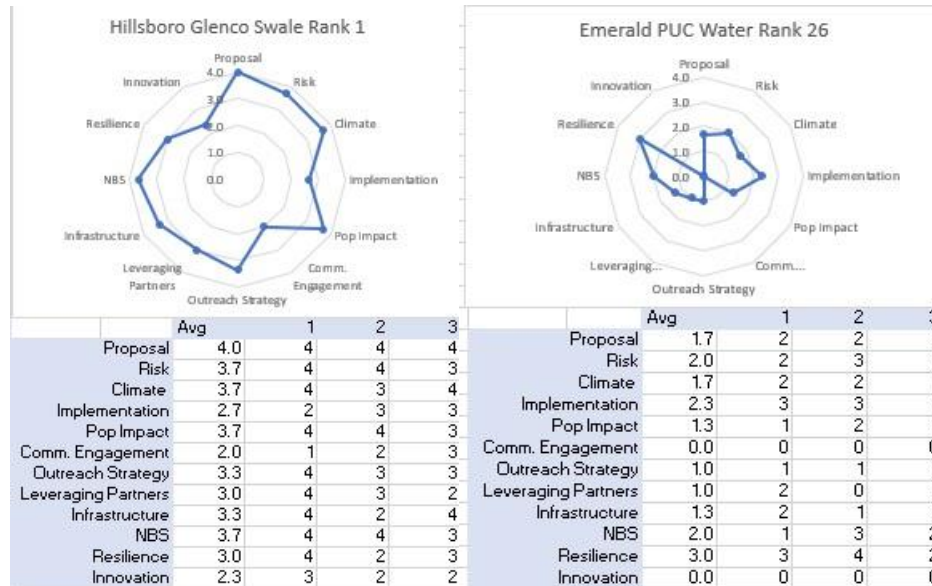




# HMA Non-Disaster

## 2023 Trends

- Increasing interest
- Concentration west of Cascades
- Jurisdictional capacity gaps
- EHP, BCA, budgeting represent most common subapplicant obstacles
- Under utilized State Allocation
- Under utilized TA and DTA
- Under utilization of FMA
- Building Code Plus Up





# HMA Non-Disaster

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## **2024 Focus**

- Outreach
- Open preapplications mid 2024 (tbd)
- Focus in disadvantaged areas and communities
- Climate resilience and adaptation, incorporation of NBS
- BC Plus Up
- Increase C&CB, and State Allocation
- Increase FMA subapplications
- IHMT panel participation