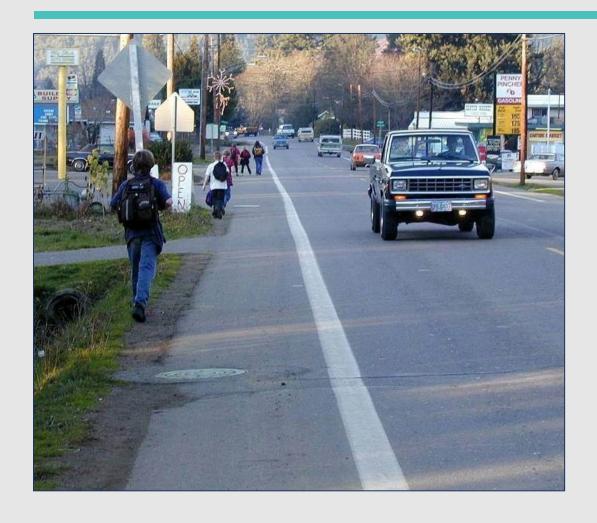
What is the TSAP?

The Transportation Safety Action Plan (TSAP) unifies transportation safety planning in Oregon; providing long-term goals, policies, and strategies, as well as, near-term actions to eliminate deaths and life-changing injuries.

The TSAP applies to the entire state of Oregon, involving agencies statewide.



Oregon's Vision for Safety



Oregon envisions no deaths or lifechanging injuries on Oregon's transportation system by 2035.

-2021 Oregon Transportation Safety Action Plan

Risky Behaviors



IMPAIRED DRIVING

UNBELTED OCCUPANTS

SPEEDING

DISTRACTED DRIVING

Infrastructure



INTERSECTION

ROADWAY DEPARTURE

Vulnerable Users



PEDESTRIANS

BICYCLISTS

MOTORCYCLISTS

AGING ROAD USERS

Improved Systems



IMPROVED DATA

TRAINING AND EDUCATION

ENFORCEMENT

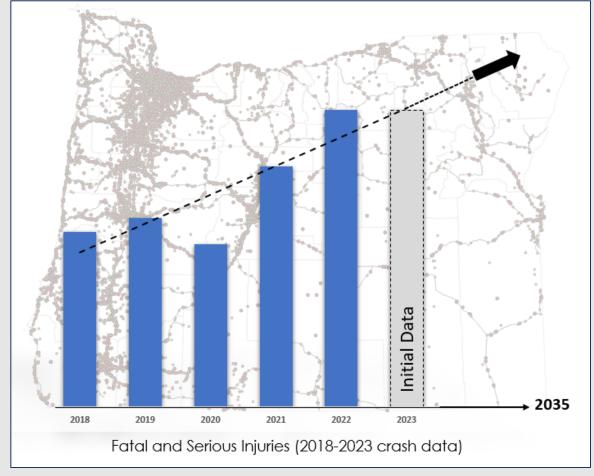
EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES

Current Status

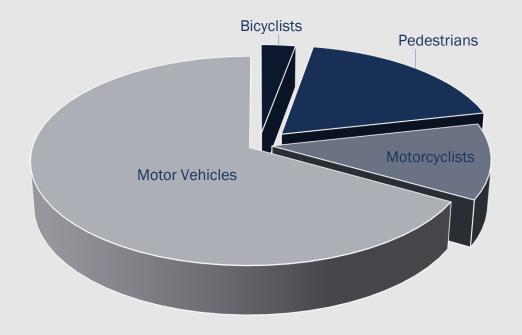
The number of people killed or seriously injured on Oregon's roads is too high

- Fatality rates are the highest in three decades
- In 2022, 602 people were killed, making Oregon the 26th top state for traffic deaths
- In 2023, 587 people were killed
- Today's funding addresses only a fraction of the most unsafe locations; more funding is needed



Overview of Data and Trends

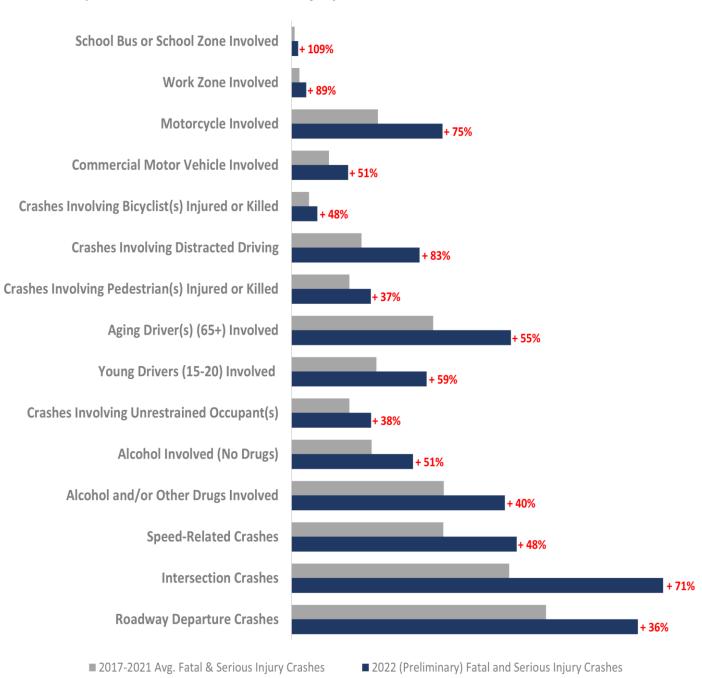
Fatalities (2023)



Pedestrian safety continues to be a pressing issue

- There were 1.5 times more people killed walking in 2022 than the previous five-year average: 126 vs 80. That dropped slightly to 109 in 2023.
- More than ¼ of fatal & serious injury crashes each year involve vulnerable users.
- ODOT research finds that Black people are four-times more likely to be killed walking than a White person and rates are also high for Indigenous populations.
- ODOT is updating how we identify and select projects to help close identified disparity gaps.
- ODOT is creating a new program focused on people who walk or bike (vulnerable road users)

2022 Comparison of Fatal and Serious Injury Crashes

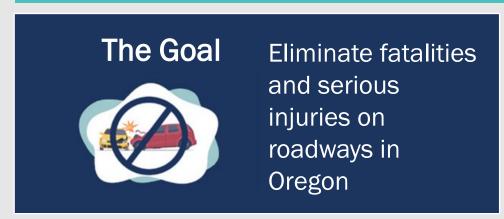


Overview: Data and Trends

All types of crashes have increased

- 47% of deaths and serious injuries occurred on ODOT roads
- Driver distraction, impairment, and speeding account for most of Oregon's traffic deaths or serious injuries.
- Most urban crashes occur at intersections, many involve people who walk or bike.
- Most rural crashes occur when a vehicle crosses the centerline or runs off the road
 - ODOT makes statewide investments in rumble strips to address this issue but roads in poor condition cannot get this important safety treatment.

Oregon Transportation Plan: Safety Elements





- Adopts Safe System approach
- Sets zero deaths target
- Establishes safety as one of the three lenses by which to make all transportation decisions
- Clarifies that safety takes precedence over other goals
- Recognizes disproportionate safety risks and bias in enforcement
- Leverages data and technology to identify and help address safety issues

Safe System Approach



Death/Serious Injury is unacceptable



Humans make mistakes



Humans are vulnerable



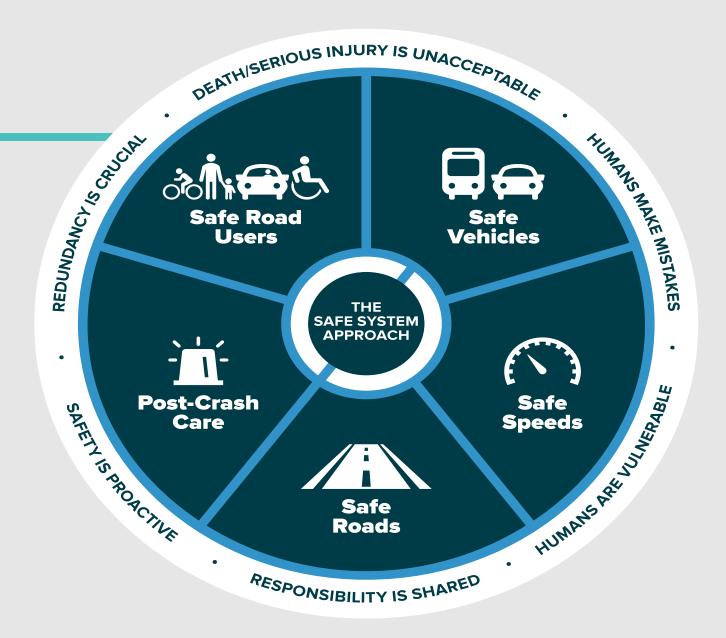
Responsibility is shared



Safety is proactive



Redundancy is crucial



Recent OTC Direction/Discussion

- Safety is a statewide collaborative issue
- Focus efforts based on what the data shows, that are within scope of authority, effectiveness, and cost to implement.
- Rapid response is critical to addressing safety issues in both rural and urban areas
- Support accountability via policy and statutory action (e.g. speeding, DUII, etc.)

Looking Forward to the 2026 TSAP Update

- Review and update vision, goals and policy framework in consultation with safety partners
- Integrate updated crash data
- Identify emerging safety trends and challenges
- Evaluate the success of recent safety programs and projects, and attainment of safety performance targets
- Identify solutions and actions to address safety needs
- Advance the OTP & Strategic Action Plan
- Meet federal requirements





ODOT MODAL AND TOPIC PLANS





TRANSPORTATION PLANS

MPROVEMENT PLANS



STATE, MPO, LOCAL TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PLANS

Question #1

 As we begin engaging partners to inform the 2026 TSAP, what information should the project team be sharing and with whom? Why?

Question #2

 How do you think we can help improve the understanding of what the TSAP is and how it works?

Question #3

 Fatalities and serious injuries on our roads have been on an upward trend in recent years. What emerging issues are you seeing/experiencing that we should be aware of as we begin the TSAP?

For More TSAP Information:

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To be added to our TSAP mailing list, please email Stacey Goldstein