

Research Stage 1 Problem Statement

Number 26-09 – "Revised Load Rating Practices and Best Management Practices to Support Truck Platooning Across Bridges"

1. Concisely describe the **transportation issue** (including problems, improvements, or untested solutions) that Oregon needs to research.

To support the documented fuel efficiency gained by truck platooning, Oregon HB 4059 Section 40 permits truck platooning without requiring permitting or notification to ODOT. Compared to the design vehicle and truck configurations used for load ratings, permitting heavy trucks to travel close together is known to potentially exceed permissible serviceability and strength criteria. Depending on the combination of axle spacing, truck spacing, number of trucks, and bridge configuration, there is the potential that unregulated truck platooning could be reducing the lifespan of Oregon's aging bridge inventory. At the national level, research has primarily focused on new bridge design and superstructure evaluation. Additional work is needed to understand impacts to the substructure, and to provide practical tools for quickly evaluating existing bridges on interstate and highways where truck platooning is feasible.

2. What **final product or information** needs to be produced to enable this research to be implemented?

The goal of the proposed research is to provide ODOT with the necessary information to set policy and regulatory recommendations for freight mobility that will guide management practices of Oregon's aging bridge infrastructure on interstates and highways where truck platooning is feasible. Research deliverables will include:

- Revised load rating practices for both bridge super- and substructures with consideration of vehicle configuration, spacing, number of platooning trucks, and bridge configuration and type.
- Best management practices for existing bridges shown to be deficient for truck platooning (either strengthening or increase of headspacings in advance of the deficient bridge).

The proposed research will use a previously funded ODOT research project (SPR-848) as a starting point for parametric structural analysis required to develop load rating recommendations. The SPR-848 study focused solely on superstructure analysis via an extensive parametric study using computer simulations of various truck and bridge configurations typically found in Oregon. This existing data set will be used to model typical substructure configurations found in Oregon. Once a method for quickly revising bridge load rating has been developed, all bridges within the range of parameters of the parametric study found on routes feasible for truck platooning can be evaluated for overload. This will require access to the loading ratings for those bridges. Bridges identified as locations of concern will be evaluated for remediation options including strengthening or increase of truck platoon headspacings.

3. (Optional) Are there any individuals in Oregon who will be instrumental to the success of implementing any solution that is identified by this research? If so, please list them below.

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4. Decision making lenses

Please complete the following three sections. Your answers to these questions will be applied on a programmatic basis to support agency decisions. Answering yes to the questions below is not required. Resolving a narrowly focused technical research problem may meet agency needs without answering yes to any of the following questions. The ODOT Research Section will seek a balanced portfolio some projects will answer yes to one of the three categories below (e.g. climate, equity, and/ or safety) and other projects in a different category.

We are looking for an overall program balance and no one project is expected to balance all categories. Generally, a research problem statement is expected to be able to answer yes with clear and verifiable information in only one of the three categories below, some projects may be able to answer yes in two or even three categories. Some projects (i.e. needs focused on specific elements of infrastructure design), may have no yes answers but may still be high value research need.

Climate

Oregon recognizes the climate crisis and makes systemic changes to reduce emissions caused by travel. Every mile driven in Oregon is powered by a clean source of fuel. We seek research that supports construction and maintenance operations are carbon neutral and investments in mobility that support travel by low and no emission modes. While every research project ıt ns <u>on</u>

nay not result in a reduction in emissions, transportation investments overall support emission reductions to achieve state goals. Oregon envisions a transportation system that is resilient in the face of seismic and climate events and impacts to the legradation of the natural environment are reduced. Our vision includes a transportation infrastructure is built in a way that evoids impacts on key habitat and results in better environmental conditions for wildlife and native vegetation. For definition and details please review the equity vision, goals, and objectives of the ODOT Strategic Action Plan and Oregon Transportation Plan.				
4f. Will addressing the transportat methods for the estimation, measu (GHG)?		uestion 1 develop, or validate rtation generated greenhouse gasses		
□Yes	⊠No	□Unsure		
4g. If climate or GHG is not the foc will the research apply a GHG anal maintenance, or materials?		entified in this problem statement, re, planning, operations,		
□Yes	⊠No	□Unsure		
4h. Will the addressing the transportation issue include development or testing of construction practices, methods, or materials to establish potential reductions in greenhouse gas emissions?				
□Yes	⊠No	□Unsure		

-	rtation issue in question 1 study or supwehicle travel or support transition to e carbon alternative fuels?	•
□Yes	⊠No	□Unsure
	rtation issue in question 1 lead to work resilience in response to expected clim	
□Yes	⊠No	□Unsure
4k. Will the solving the transpo renvironmental conditions for w	rtation issue in question 1 lead to work vildlife and native vegetation?	that may result in better
□Yes	⊠No	□Unsure
4l. If you answered yes to any or climate, please provide addition	f the climate questions above or can pronal information:	ovide alternative details related to
ODOT's climate focused initiative advantage of the fuel efficiencie aging bridge infrastructure. It is an otherwise functioning bridge proposed study, it may be more	ntory for potential overload due to unreves indirectly by providing thoughtful responded by truck platooning without is acknowledged there is embodied energy to accommodate truck platooning. We climate crisis sensitive to increase truckersa. The purpose of the proposed sture.	ecommendations that take full reducing the lifespan of Oregon's rgy associated with strengthening thile outside the scope of the ck platooning spacing rather than
Equity		
statement proposals clearly explain in statements. It is a goal of the OTP to mobility needs of people who have be engagement and communications deed of studying elements of this goal or apprecommendations is consistent with our communications.	d impacts relating to communities, and transpont what capacities are equity dimensions or impulsation what capacities are equity dimensions or impulsation with the following structure and underserved. Crecision-making structure that builds public trust pply analysis to specific transportation topics to our equity goals. For definitions and details pleson Plan and Oregon Transportation Plan.	acts being examined within problem ortation for all, recognizing the unmet eate an equitable and transparent ". Proposed research may have the intent o ensure the resulting research
4a Is the transportation issue is equity?	dentified as a need in Question 1 specif	fically focused on transportation
□Yes	⊠No	□Unsure
4b If the transportation issue is for equity benefits or impacts w	s not focused on transportation equity, vithin the research project?	will the primary topic be assessed
⊠Yes	□No	□Unsure

·	ential findings from this research likely ould benefit from an equitable proces	·
□Yes	⊠No	□Unsure
•	or information expected to support OI the equity related objectives of the <u>C</u>	, , , ,
□Yes	⊠No	□Unsure
4e If you answered yes to any of equity, please provide additional	the equity questions above or can pro information:	vide alternative details related to
ODOT's equity initiatives indirect ODOT will help the trucking indu	tory for potential overload due to unrally through fiscal responsibility. By workstry reduce fuel consumption and associated sold. Similarly, this study suppomaintain bridge infrastructure.	rking with freight mobility partners, sociated costs which are passed
Safety		
causes of transportation-related injury death) after a crash or other injurious e	rentions and countermeasures to prevent or or death; or may include measures to reductivent. For definitions and details please review n Transportation Safety Action Plan and Oregon	e severity of injury (including prevention of w the equity vision, goals, and objectives of
4m. Will solving the transportat transportation workers or the tra	ion issue in question 1 support impro veling public?	ving safety culture for either
□Yes	⊠No	□Unsure
4n. Will the solving the transpor communities ?	tation issue support improving safety	through healthy and livable
□Yes	⊠No	□Unsure
4o. Will solving the transportation technologies ?	on issue support improving safety thr	ough using best available
⊠Yes	□No	□Unsure
4p. Will solving the transportation ?	on issue support improving safety thr	ough communication and
□Yes	⊠No	□Unsure
4q. Will the solving the transpor	tation issue support improving safety	through investing strategically?
□Yes	⊠No	□Unsure

4r. If you answered yes to any of the safety questions above or can provide alternative details related to safety, please provide additional information:

To take full advantage of the fuel economy gained via truck platooning using the latest autonomous vehicle technologies, ODOT must also assess the safety implications for the traveling public as related to the potential overload of Oregon's bridge inventory due to unregulated truck platooning in two ways. First, thoughtfully considering safe operating headspacings of truck platoons involves how passenger vehicles interact with truck platoons. If trucks are spaced optimally from a load rating perspective, passenger vehicles may enter the truck platoon unsafely. While outside the scope of this study, other studies have considered safety in this way. Second, this study is looking directly at the structural safety of bridge transportation infrastructure which is of concern to the traveling public.

5. Other comments:

None.

6. Corresponding Submitter's Contact Information:

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This form is not a grant application or contract document.