# **Table of Contents**

A. OVERVIEW	2
B. CASE MANAGER RESPONSIBILITIES	3
1. ICP Participation Agreement	3
2. Cash Benefit	3
3. Service Plan & Service Budget	4
4. Taxes	4
5. Budget Reviews	4
6. Participants as Employers	4
7. Natural Supports	5
8. Monitoring for Health & Safety	5
9. Disenrollments & Denials	5
C. ELIGIBILITY & ENROLLMENT	6
1. Eligibility Requirements	6
2. Participant Responsibilities	6
3. Enrollment Process	7
4. Case Manager Checklist	8
D. SUPPORTS	8
1. Representatives	8
2. Fiscal Intermediaries: Bookkeepers & Payroll Services	8
3. Employee Providers	9
E. ICP CASH BENEFIT	12
1. Overview	12
2. Calculation	12
3. Exclusions from the Cash Benefit Calculations	13
4. Establishment of Bank Account	13
5. Taxes (FICA, FUTA, SUTA) & Workers' Benefit Fund (WBF)	14
6. Direct Deposit	14

7. Issuing Benefits & Overdrafts	15
F. INTERRUPTION OF SERVICES	16
G. ICP & OTHER PROGRAMS	16
1. Overview	16
2. SNAP (Food Stamps)	17
3. Employed Persons with Disabilities (EPD)	18
H. SERVICE BUDGET	18
1. Overview	18
2. Contingency Funds	19
3. Discretionary Funds	20
I. DISENROLLMENT	21
1. Voluntary Disenrollment	21
2. Involuntary Disenrollment	21
J. HEARING REQUESTS	23

#### A. OVERVIEW

- The Independent Choices Program (ICP) is a Medicaid in-home services program that allows participants to live in their own home and empowers them to self-direct their own service plans and purchase goods and services, enhancing independence, dignity, choice, and well-being.
- Self-direction provides the opportunity to select, direct, and manage needed services and supports. This opportunity offers the participant a wider range of personal choice and financial control over Medicaid paid services supporting a more independent life.
- Advantages of the ICP include but is not limited to:
  - More flexibility in purchasing preferred goods and services.
  - o More control and flexibility over their budget and how their service

needs are met.

- More flexibility in who may provide their services.
- If an individual is currently receiving other Medicaid waivered services but qualifies and would like to participate in the ICP, the change to ICP may require a change of employee provider(s).
- If a participant enrolls in ICP and decides they do not like the program or feels it does not work for them, they may choose to voluntarily disenroll from the program at any time.

#### **B. CASE MANAGER RESPONSIBILITIES**

ICP case manager (CM) responsibilities are much the same as the responsibilities for other in-home service programs. But there are some additional tasks that are required for CMs when working with a participant of ICP. There are several tools available to CMs on the <u>Independent Choices Program</u> page on the CM Tools website to assist staff through the enrollment, budget review, and disenrollment process.

## 1. ICP Participation Agreement

CMs are required to review the ICP Participation Agreement with the participants in detail, so the participants understand the risks and responsibilities of ICP and how it differs from other programs. This discussion should occur during the initial decision-making process about the type of in-home services the individual may receive. It is critical that individuals understand their responsibilities before deciding to enroll. The CM must narrate in Oregon ACCESS (OA) that he/she has discussed with the potential participant how ICP differs and the participant's responsibilities.

### 2. Cash Benefit

CMs need to explain to the participant how the authorized cash benefit is determined. More information about the cash benefit is available in <u>Section</u> (E) of this Worker Guide.

### 3. Service Plan & Service Budget

CMs should assist in the development of the service plan and budget. Once developed, the CM is responsible to review and authorize only service plans and service budgets that meet ICP criteria.

#### 4. Taxes

The CM must explain that the participant may not be required (per their bookkeeper/accountant, IRS, or Employment Department) to pay employer taxes (which is part of the cash benefit). Also, CMs must inform participants that they need to check with the IRS and Employment Department to see if their employees will need to pay taxes.

Additional information about taxes and WBF can be found in section E of this Worker Guide.

## 5. Budget Reviews

CMs must perform budget reviews to assure financial accountability and review service budget amendments at least every six months. At six-month reviews, the CM should review the participant's ICP checkbook register, bank statements, and bookkeeping services information. The CM does not need to view the participant's tax returns. W2's can be reviewed as well if a year has gone by since the last review. After the review, the CM must then narrate in detail the financial information reviewed. Case Managements Tools Independent Choices page where you will find the following tools: Six Month Budget Review Checklist.

## 6. Participants as Employers

If a participant has previously received services from a homecare worker, the CM must speak with the participant to clarify the differences between homecare workers and employee providers. Employee providers are now covered under collective bargaining agreements between the Service Employees International Union, Local 503 OPEU and the Home Care Commission but do not pay union dues. This means that employee providers do not currently receive union benefits such as paid leave, health insurance or set minimum wage.

If, however, the participant is enrolled with contractor Acumen using their payroll services, the provider may now be eligible for benefits under the Benefit Trust that is administered by Carewell-SEIU503. Please note that these benefits are only potentially available to those providers who work for ICP participants that are using Acumen's payroll and EVV services and not for those who only use the EVV service option without payroll services. Staff should direct the employee providers to review the information on <a href="https://www.carewellseiu503.org">www.carewellseiu503.org</a> or call 1-844-503-7348 for further information about these benefits.

Otherwise, the participant must set and negotiate with his/her provider of choice all the terms of employment including wage rates and hours. It is advisable that the participant document the terms of employment in a job description or other employment agreement.

### 7. Natural Supports

CMs must determine if there are natural supports for each participant at the initial review and ongoing reviews. Natural supports would be assessed in ICP just as they are assessed for regular in-home services.

## 8. Monitoring for Health & Safety

CMs must monitor the ongoing health of the participant through ongoing service reviews. As with other Medicaid service programs, re-assessments are due every twelve-months at a minimum, sooner if there are changes in the participant's condition. Monitoring in between the annual reviews is required. The six-month service budget reviews are a good time to monitor health in between annual assessments for individuals who are very stable. More frequent monitoring is expected when the participant's health is fragile or other issues need closer monitoring for safety and health.

### 9. Disenrollments & Denials

Before closing or denying ICP services, the CM must have documented non-compliance with the ICP or reasons for ineligibility. Questions about ICP compliance, eligibility, or notices should be addressed to the APD Central

Office ICP Coordinator at <a href="ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us">ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us</a>.

If a decision is made by an APD/AAA office to disenroll a participant, the CM must review eligibility for other Medicaid long term care and community-based service options. The CM must send an email to <a href="ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us">ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us</a> to let the coordinator know of the disenrollment and include the name of the consumer, date of disenrollment and the reason for disenrollment. If the participant is eligible for other service options, those options must be offered to the individual.

### C. ELIGIBILITY & ENROLLMENT

### 1. Eligibility Requirements

- Meet all requirements of the in-home services program.
- Develop a service plan and budget to meet the needs identified in the CA/PS2 assessment.
- Sign the <u>Participation Agreement</u>.
- Be able to establish a checking account specifically just for ICP.
- Provide evidence of a stable living situation for the past three months.
- Demonstrate the ability to manage money as evidenced by timely and current utility and housing payments.

Natural supports, the service plan, and the service budget must be considered when determining initial eligibility. Natural supports mean the resources available to the ICP participant including but not limited to relatives, friends, significant others, neighbors, roommates, and the community. Services provided by natural supports are resources that are not paid for by APD. Just as in all other programs, if all a person's needs are met by natural supports, the person is not eligible for Medicaid paid services including ICP.

# 2. Participant Responsibilities

To enroll and remain in ICP, participants must handle the following responsibilities:

Recruit an employee provider(s).

- Locate, screen, interview, hire, train, pay, and terminate the employee provider(s) as needed.
- Specify the qualifications of the employee provider(s).
- Determine the duties of the employee provider(s).
- Schedule the employee provider(s).
- Supervise the employee provider(s).
- Evaluate the performance of the employee provider(s).
- Negotiate with the employee provider(s) prices for services, supports, or other items.
- Review and approve invoices from the employee provider(s) or other service providers.
- Manage the ICP cash benefit, accounting, tax, and payroll responsibilities.
- Have a detailed back up plan in case of an emergency such as a provider not showing up.
- Ensure that they and their provider(s) are EVV compliant as is federally required.

#### 3. Enrollment Process

Eligibility requirements must be met by the individual to become a participant in the ICP. When enrolling, the participant must complete the ICP Employee Provider(s) Information Form (SDS 0548).

For participants that are new to ICP, the CM should refer to the ICP Forms

Processing Chart on the ICP page or the APD Long Term Services Form

Requirements chart on the Client Details, Treatment, Forms, and Misc. LTC Information page for a complete list of required forms ICP.

When a participant is enrolled in the ICP, the CM must send copies of the following documents to the APD Central Office ICP Coordinator at <a href="ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us">ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us</a>:

- SDS 0353 Workers' Compensation Agreement and Consent
- <u>SDS 0548</u> ICP Employee Provider(s) Information
- SDS 0546IC2Wk Independent Choices Benefit Calculation

Acumen Referral form

Within 10 days of enrollment into ICP, the following must also be sent to start the direct deposit of the cash benefit:

- Original <u>DHS 7262i</u>; and
- A voided check.

## 4. Case Manager Checklist

For further information about opening ICP cases see the ICP Checklist.

### D. SUPPORTS

### 1. Representatives

If a participant is unable to direct and purchase his/her own in-home services, the participant must have a representative to act on their behalf. The "representative" is the person assigned by the participant to act as the participant's decision maker in matters pertaining to the ICP service plan and service budget.

A representative <u>cannot</u> be an employee provider regardless of the relationship to the participant. The representative must:

- Complete a criminal record check and receive a final fitness determination of approval (pass the records check).
- Sign and adhere to the <u>ICP Representative Agreement</u> on behalf of the participant.

## 2. Fiscal Intermediaries: Bookkeepers & Payroll Services

If a participant does not want or cannot manage some or all of the ICP fiscal responsibilities and doesn't know anyone that could be a representative, the participant must arrange and purchase the ongoing services of a fiscal intermediary (FI), such as an accountant, bookkeeper, or equivalent financial services to handle the fiscal responsibilities. Discretionary funds can be used to pay for these services. Case Managements Tools <a href="Independent Choices">Independent Choices</a> page where you will find the following tool: <a href="Statewide-ICP Bookkeeping List">Statewide ICP Bookkeeping List</a>.

Professional bookkeeper, payroll, or accounting service providers do not need to complete a criminal record check because they will only be involved with the fiscal responsibilities of the participant and will not be a part of any aspects of managing the employee.

The Department has contracted with FI, Acumen. Acumen offers payroll services at no cost to the participant. Acumen's services are utilized for the participants EVV services, but the participant may also choose to utilize their payroll services for free. While payroll services through Acumen are not required (unless it becomes required as a condition of participation in ICP due to a history of mis-use of funds) CMs can refer participants who are requesting Acumen services by submitting an Acumen Referral form which is found on the ICP page. The same form is used for EVV only services and for payroll and EVV services.

## 3. Employee Providers

### Age of ICP Providers

While technically there is no age limit to be an employee provider, the provider must be able to meet the participant's needs and submit to a criminal records check. Criminal record checks may only be done for individuals age 18 or over.

### Criminal Records Checks and Providers

DHS provides a criminal record check at no cost to participants for all potential providers and representatives. However, the ICP participant maintains the ability to decide whether to employ the provider(s) unless the potential provider receives a fitness determination of <u>ineligible</u>. If they receive the determination of ineligible, they <u>cannot</u> be an ICP provider. The potential provider must complete an authorization form to run a criminal record check but can start working before the results are obtained. The applicant or the local office <u>must</u> indicate on the form that this criminal records check is for the ICP. The results are sent to an authorized staff person at the local office.

The criminal records check is a part of the hiring process for participants as an employee provider. As the employer, it is the responsibility of the participant to assure the employees have had a criminal records check. Once the initial criminal records check has been completed for an employee provider or representative, another criminal records check is not needed unless an employee provider or representative changes or if the participant has an indication of criminal behavior that could pose an immediate risk to the participant. If a homecare worker is also an employee provider for an ICP participant and the homecare worker is up to date on his/her criminal records check then a new one is not necessary.

By law, the authorized staff person at the local office cannot share the results of a criminal records check with participants. The local office can only tell participants whether the provider was approved verses passed or failed the criminal records check. Once the CM is told that the potential provider either passed or failed, the CM should narrate the result of the criminal records check in the case.

Participants may directly ask the applicant if he or she has a criminal record and may ask for specific details. It is up to the applicant to decide whether to share information and up to the participant to decide if he/she wishes to hire the applicant despite any criminal past or if the applicant chooses not to explain why he/she was not approved in the criminal records check. If the participant gets information from the applicant, the CM may help the participant evaluate the applicant if there is no disclosure of confidential criminal records check information.

### • Immigration and ICP Providers

Participants are responsible to determine if prospective employee providers are eligible to work in the United States.

### Provider Pay

The dollar amount a participant pays the employee provider is determined as part of the hiring process. The participant sets an hourly rate to pay the provider and sets any benefits offered with the job. Participants must have

enough funds from the cash benefit to pay the agreed upon wages and cover any benefits offered.

### • Provider Benefits

Employee providers are now covered under collective bargaining agreements between the Service Employees International Union, Local 503 OPEU and the Home Care Commission but do not pay union dues. This means that employee providers do not currently receive union benefits such as paid leave, health insurance or set minimum wage.

If, however, the participant is enrolled with contractor Acumen using their payroll services, the provider may now be eligible for benefits under the Benefit Trust that is administered by Carewell-SEIU503. Please note that these benefits are only potentially available to those providers who work for ICP participants that are using Acumen's payroll and EVV services and not for those who only use the EVV service option without payroll services. Staff should direct the employee providers to review the information on <a href="https://www.carewellseiu503.org">www.carewellseiu503.org</a> or call 1-844-503-7348 for further information about these benefits.

Otherwise, the participant must set and negotiate with his/her provider of choice all the terms of employment including wage rates and hours. It is advisable that the participant document the terms of employment in a job description or other employment agreement.

Employee providers are covered by Workers Compensation Insurance. CM must ensure we have a signed Workers Compensation Consent and Agreement form on file (SDS 0353).

When an employee provider changes or the provider's pay changes, the participant must complete a new ICP-Employee Provider(s) Information Form (SDS 0548), and must also be submitted to the Central Office ICP Coordinator via email at ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us.

### Relatives as ICP Providers

A participant's relative may be employed as an employee provider if it has already been determined that the relative is not a natural support. If the spouse is the employee provider, the spouse may work outside the home if the participant's needs are still being met. Spouses who wish to be paid providers must also complete a criminal records check.

The spousal pay rule, <u>OAR 411-030-0080</u>, does not apply because after natural support is assessed during the initial eligibility determination, the choice of provider is up to the participant and no reduction of self-management is made. CMs should select in-home ICP in the CA/PS2 service plan screen rather than in-home spousal pay.

If a community spouse is the participant's paid employee provider, the income will need to be diverted. CMs will need to consider the community spouse's income from ICP when calculating how much to divert.

If spouses are on ICP, the maximum hours for self-management tasks ( $\frac{OAR}{411-030-0070(3)(c)}$ ) applies.

### Representatives Working as Providers

An employee provider <u>cannot</u> be a participant's representative and the representative cannot be the employee provider.

### E. ICP CASH BENEFIT

#### 1. Overview

The cash benefit is determined based on the service assessment which considers the assessed needs, maximum hours of in-home service for that need level, and natural supports. The primary use of the cash benefit must be to pay the wages of the employee provider(s) and set aside the employer's taxes for the participant's employee provider(s).

#### 2. Calculation

The cash benefit is calculated by multiplying the authorized activities of daily living task hours and self-management task hours the participant is

eligible for as determined in the CA/PS2 assessment (after considering natural supports), by:

- The ADL rate for ADL hours; and
- The hourly IADL rate for IADL hours, according to the APD rate schedule.

### 3. Exclusions from the Cash Benefit Calculations

Community health supports (Long Term Care Community Nurse LTCCN), non-medical transportation, home delivered meals (HDM), and emergency response systems (ERS) are excluded from the ICP cash benefit. These services must NOT be cashed out, but ICP consumers are still eligible for these services but are paid through the standard process.

ICP participants are <u>not</u> eligible to receive Department paid Adult Day Services (ADS). If they choose to attend an ADS, they must pay for those services out of the ICP benefit. The ICP funds used to pay the ADS provider, should be included on the participant's monthly ICP Budget Worksheet.

### 4. Establishment of Bank Account

Participants must set up a separate checking account solely for their ICP cash benefit and service costs. This account can ONLY be used for ICP. The monthly cash benefit must be directly deposited into the ICP checking account and payments for the provider's wages should be made via a check out of the account, so it is easier for the CM to verify what each payment is for. No other money can be deposited to this account. This is the account that the participant must use to pay for the items listed on the ICP Budget Worksheet.

If the ICP participant has enrolled with Acumen using their payroll services, Acumen will withdrawal the entire monthly budget from the ICP checking account on the seventh of each month. The participant should not remove any of the ICP funds from the ICP checking account. Removal of funds from the ICP checking account which result in a non-sufficient fund incident may result in disenrollment from the ICP (see OAR 411-030-0100(4)(b)(F)).

## 5. Taxes (FICA, FUTA, SUTA) & Workers' Benefit Fund (WBF)

The cash benefit includes the employer's portion of the required Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA), the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA), the State Unemployment Tax Act (SUTA) taxes and the Workers Benefit Fund (WBF) and is included in the participant's cash benefit.

If the ICP participant is told due to the relationship to their provider, that they do not have to pay their employer's portion of the taxes, that money can be used to purchase additional in-home hours, to pay the provider(s) more per hour or may be set aside to be used as contingency or discretionary funds.

Some tax exemptions may be permissible. Participants should contact the <u>Internal Revenue Service</u> (IRS), Employment Department or a tax professional for information. APD/AAA staff should <u>not</u> provide tax advice to participants and should suggest that the participant or their representative contact a payroll or tax professional.

If or when a participant passes away or their ICP benefit ends, the participant or their representative should return any unused ICP monies to the local office. These monies should be receipted in using the "Reduction of expense" code 172. The participant's check or money order must include the participant's prime number. If a participant is repaying back money issued in error, this is done the same way.

## 6. Direct Deposit

All participants must have their ICP cash benefit deposited directly into their ICP checking account. This account must be separate from other bank accounts and should be used for ICP transactions <u>only</u>.

The information that needs to be completed on the request for direct deposit, <u>DHS 7262i</u>, pertains to the participant and the participant must sign the form. The boxes at the top right corner of the direct deposit form must be completed by the CM. The participant's name and the representative's name, if applicable, must appear on the checks.

The CM must send the original direct deposit form (<u>DHS 7262i</u>) and an original voided check to the address on the form for direct deposit to be established. The CM or local office staff may <u>not</u> keep a copy including EDMS of the direct deposit form and voided check.

If any bank information changes, such as the participant wishes to switch banks, or a representative is added or removed from the ICP account, the participant must inform the CM of these changes. The participant must complete the same direct deposit process again (submit a new original <a href="DHS">DHS</a>
<a href="T262">7262</a>
i and original voided check). The CM needs to narrate the change in the OA narration.

If a participant is disenrolled from ICP or passes away, the CM must inform the ICP Coordinator as soon as possible at <a href="ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us">ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us</a>. The CM should include the reason for disenrollment, the date of disenrollment, and the consumer's name and prime number.

In addition, if a participant is disenrolled from ICP or passes away, any monies that remain in the ICP checking account must be returned to the local office and receipted in within 30 days using Reduction of Expense code 172. If there is someone who is able to access the account, the check should be made payable to ADP. However, if there is no one who has access to the account, the money should be left in the account and should not be touched. The CM should narrate the existence of the account, including the fact that it is for ICP so the EAU may recover the funds.

## 7. Issuing Benefits & Overdrafts

A cash benefit is considered issued and received by the participant when the direct deposit is made to the participant's ICP checking account or a benefit check is received by the participant. Money is usually deposited into the ICP checking account as follows:

- If the first falls on a weekend or a holiday, the direct deposits are deposited on the previous business day.
- If the 1st falls on a weekday (non-holiday), then the funds are

available that day.

The month in which the direct deposit or benefit check is received is the month in which the services are to occur. The participant must confirm enough money is in the ICP bank account before the money is used to pay a provider(s). APD/AAA will not pay for overdraft charges. The first month's benefit will always be a check not direct deposit.

#### F. INTERRUPTION OF SERVICES

When a participant is absent from the home longer than 30 days due to illness or medical treatment, the CM must contact the APD Central Office ICP Coordinator at <a href="ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us">ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us</a> for information about completing a Notice of Interruption of Services. This situation is not considered a disenrollment. ICP and cash benefits may resume upon return to the home with no disqualification period, providing ICP eligibility criteria is met. The CM must again contact the ICP Coordinator at <a href="ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us">ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us</a> to report that the participant has returned home and whether or not they will resume ICP or switch to a different care setting or service program.

Upon the participant's return to the home, the CM must complete a home visit and explore the need for a re-assessment if service needs have changed based on the recent illness or medical condition. If a new assessment is completed, the cash benefit total may change if the participant qualifies for a different amount of service than previously. The CM must send notice to the participant any time the cash benefit changes.

#### G. ICP & OTHER PROGRAMS

#### 1. Overview

The cash benefit is exempt from resource calculations for other DHS programs only when the ICP bank account is not commingled with other personal funds. However, CMs and participants should be made aware that the Social Security Administration (SSA) is not aware that the account is used for ICP and may consider the account as a resource. Therefore, it is

recommended that the funds be spent each month or as soon as possible if funds are being saved for a contingency fund.

The cash benefit is not subject to assignment, transfer, garnishment, or levy if it can be identified as a program benefit and is separate from other money in the participant's possession.

### 2. SNAP (Food Stamps)

The cash benefit issued to participants is unearned income for SNAP, except for any cash allocated to a contingency fund which is counted as resources per OAR 461-145-0410. The participant can use the amount paid for the employee provider as a medical deduction, i.e. wages and taxes. Participants who employ their spouse or other member of their filing group are not entitled to deduct this cost as a medical deduction. Money exchanged between filing group members is not counted as income or as a deduction. Case Managements Tools Independent Choices page where you will find the following tool: ICP and the Food Stamp Program.

Examples of how ICP benefits/income affect SNAP:

- Joe and provider Barbara (live in the same household): Joe receives \$2,500 ICP benefit each month. He pays \$2,300 to Barbara for his care needs each month and is saving the remaining \$200 for a contingency fund item. For SNAP you would count \$200 unearned income for Joe and \$2,300 earned income for Barbara. Joe may not use the money paid to Barbara as a medical deduction for SNAP. Once Joe spends the accumulated contingency funds, you may allow that money as a one-time medical deduction on the SNAP case.
- Jane and provider Gary (do not live in the same household): Jane receives \$3,000 ICP benefit each month. She pays \$3,000 to Gary for her care needs each month. For SNAP you would count \$3,000 unearned income for Jane but would offset that income by allowing the \$3,000 payment to her provider as a monthly medical deduction on her SNAP case.

### 3. Employed Persons with Disabilities (EPD)

Participants of the EPD, may also participate in the ICP as long as they meet all eligibility criteria for both programs.

#### H. SERVICE BUDGET

#### 1. Overview

The service budget is a required component of the ICP service plan. A service plan and budget need to be developed by the participant with the assistance of the CM to meet the participant's needs identified in the assessment. The CM must review and prior approve the service plan and budget before the first ICP cash benefit is issued.

The service budget must:

- Identify the cash benefit.
- Describe the discretionary and contingency funds, if applicable.
- State the total wages to an employee provider(s).
- Include all other expenditures.
- Show that the total monthly expenditures equal the monthly cash benefit plus any service liability, minus any contingency fund money being held over to future months.

Documenting these items is best accomplished using the <u>ICP Budget</u> <u>Worksheet</u>. It is recommended that CMs use the digital version of the Budget Worksheet as the form does the calculation for you as the dollar amounts are entered on the form.

Participants may amend the service budget if the amendments relate to their service needs and are within ICP guidelines. The participant must keep track of the changes so that the participant can show the changes are allowable. The participant does not need to notify the CM of all budget changes at the time of the change but must report and show records at the next six-month budget review. The participant's service budget responsibilities are described in the <a href="Participation Agreement">Participation Agreement</a>.

The participant must complete an ICP Budget Worksheet to ensure they are spending all their ICP cash benefit. CM Independent Choices page where you will find the following tool: <a href="Completed Budget Worksheet - Sample">Completed Budget Worksheet - Sample</a>.

The CM must review the budget <u>at least every six months</u> to assure the participant's financial accountability and to review any budget amendments. The items to be reviewed include:

- Checkbook register
- Budget worksheet
- Bank statements
- Payroll records

W2s should be reviewed yearly. The CM must narrate the financial information reviewed in detail. Case Managements Tools Independent Choices page where you will find the Six Month Budget Review Checklist. This form is not required, and is only intended to be used as a tool for CMs who are still learning and/or are unsure of the budget review steps and requirements.

## 2. Contingency Funds

A contingency fund may be established in the service budget to purchase identified items that substitute for personal assistance and allow for greater independence that are not otherwise covered by Medicaid or food stamps. Prior to establishing a contingency fund from the cash benefit, participants must assure all the assessed service needs are being met. The participant must also assure service budget items have been fiscally managed. Contingency funds are excluded from income for OSIPM consumer in nonstandard living arrangements, <u>OAR 461-145-0410</u>.

The contingency fund must be related to service plan needs, approved by the CM, and identified in the service budget. Contingency funds may be carried over into the next month's budget until the item is purchased. Once the item is purchased, the budgeted item will be removed from the <a href="Budget Worksheet">Budget</a> Worksheet.

Examples of items that could be purchased with contingency funds are: Microwave oven, accessible washer and dryer, accessibility ramp for the home, wheelchair lift for a van, or talking clock.

### 3. Discretionary Funds

The participant may establish a monthly discretionary fund in the service budget to purchase items that directly relate to the health, safety, and independence of the participant and are not otherwise covered under waivered services or delineated elsewhere in the monthly service budget. Discretionary funds may be established out of any remaining funds in the service budget after funds have been allocated to meet all assessed needs. Participants must also assure service budget items are fiscally managed.

The maximum amount of discretionary funds in the budget may be up to 10% of the amount authorized on the ICP benefit calculation, <u>SDS</u> <u>0546IC2Wk</u>, (not including the employee taxes). The discretionary fund must be approved by the CM, identified in the service budget, and related to service plan needs. Discretionary funds must be used by the end of each month.

Examples of items that may be purchased with discretionary funds are: Prescriptions, medical co-pays, veterinary care for assistance animals, food for assistance animals, yard care, household insurance (see below), or ICP checking account checks.

Discretionary funds may be used to pay home or rental insurance and property taxes after ruling out other resources such as tax deferrals for seniors, community resources, and natural supports.

Discretionary funds are not an income supplement and may not be used for usual expenses such as housing, vehicles, or food. Other programs and services should be explored to meet needs in these areas. Examples of items that may not be purchased with discretionary funds are:

- Food/groceries-including organic food
- Vitamins

- Rent or house payments
- Vehicle payments

#### I. DISENROLLMENT

Participants may be disenrolled from ICP voluntarily or involuntarily. Participants who are disenrolled from the ICP may not reapply for six-months. After the six-month disqualification period, the participant may re-enroll but must first meet all ICP eligibility requirements. CMs must narrate in OA the date of disenrollment to document when the disenrollment period begins and ends.

As a reminder, participants whose benefits are interrupted due to illness or medical treatment, are not subject to the six-month disqualification period and the CM may resume their ICP payment upon returning home, providing ICP eligibility criteria is met.

### 1. Voluntary Disenrollment

Participants or representatives must provide notice to APD/AAA of intent to discontinue participation in the ICP. The participant or the representative must meet with APD/AAA to reconcile remaining ICP cash benefits either within 30 days of the date of disenrollment or before the termination date, whichever is sooner.

If the participant does not sign a 457D Voluntary Agree to Take Action to end their ICP payment/enrollment, the CM must send a 540ICP Notice of ICP Payment Ending indicating the voluntary disenrollment. In either situation, the CM should send a copy of the notice (457D or the 540ICP) via email to the ICP Coordinator to ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us.

## 2. Involuntary Disenrollment

The participant may be involuntarily disenrolled from ICP when the participant, representative, or employee provider does not adequately meet the participant's service needs or carry out the following ICP responsibilities (OAR 411-030-0100(4)):

Non-payment of employee's wages, as stated in the service

budget.

- Failure to maintain health and well-being by obtaining personal care as evidenced by:
  - Decline in functional status due to the failure to meet the participant's needs; or
  - Substantiated complaints of self-neglect or neglect or other abuse by the employee provider(s) or representative.
- Failure to purchase goods and services according to the service plan.
- Failure to comply with the legal or financial obligations as an employer.
- Failure to maintain a separate ICP checking account or commingling ICP cash benefit with other assets.
- Inability to manage the cash benefit as evidenced by two or more incidents of overdrafts of the participant's ICP checking account during the last cash benefit review period.
- Failure to maintain an individualized back-up plan (as part of the service plan) resulting in a negative consequence.
- Failure to sign or follow the <a href="ICP Participant Agreement">ICP Participant Agreement</a>.
- Failure to select a representative within 30 days if a participant needs a representative and does not have one.
- Non-EVV compliance on behalf of the participant or the provider.

Before disenrollment, CMs must work with the participant to resolve the issues that jeopardize continuation in the ICP and document these efforts in OA.

At disenrollment, CMs must work with participants on a transition plan to other Medicaid services programs, if the participant remains Medicaid service eligible. The CM must send the participant appropriate notices for all adverse actions.

The CM must send a 540ICP Notice of ICP Payment Ending indicating the voluntary disenrollment via email to the ICP Coordinator to ICP.SPD@dhsoha.state.or.us. CMs may refer to APD Worker Guide G.6.

<u>Decision Notice Preparation Tips</u> for additional language that may be needed to support the decision.

When a participant is disenrolled from the ICP, the CM must send an email to the APD Central Office ICP Coordinator explaining that the participant will be disenrolled from the ICP, the effective date of disenrollment, and the reason for disenrollment. Also, the CM must let the consumer, or their representative know that any unused ICP monies must be returned to local office and receipted in using the "Reduction of expense" code 172.

### J. HEARING REQUESTS

Based on OAR 461-025-0310, ICP participants may request a hearing if they are terminated from the ICP or if he/she disagrees with the calculation of the cash benefit or with the results of re-assessments. Individuals wishing to participate in ICP who are denied may also request a hearing on the service denial.

Resource: Administrative Hearing Request (DHS 0443).