

Overview

- Senate Bill 80 (2023) modifications
- Wildfire Programs outreach and coordination
- Irrigated Agriculture
- Key Rule Section review
- Impact summary
- Implementation Timeline
- Department's Recommendation to the Board
- Next Steps







Agency partners



Department of Consumer and Business Services



Department of Consumer and Business Services



Senate Bill 80 (2023)

- Largely composed trends and issues identified from public comments and the original appeals process.
- Statutory changes:
 - Identified purpose of the map
 - Inform Oregon residents and property owners about their wildfire exposure by providing transparent and science-based information.
 - Assist in prioritizing fire-adaption resources and funding for the most vulnerable locations.
 - To Identify where defensible space standards and home hardening codes will apply.
 - Change 5 "risk" classes to 3 "hazard classes"
 - Changed who receives notification letters
 - Requires a robust community engagement process
 - Changed the appeals process from Department designed to a contested case hearing

Fall County meetings

AOC District	Counties in district	Date	Location
5	Benton, Lane, Linn	September 8	Eugene
7	Clatsop, Columbia, Lincoln, Tillamook	September 15	Tillamook
4	Coos, Curry, Douglas, Josephine	September 18	Grants Pass
	Jackson	September 19	Medford
2	Crook, Deschutes, Harney, Jefferson, Lake, Klamath	September 21	Klamath Falls
3	Gilliam, Hood River, Morrow, Sherman, Wasco, Wheeler	September 28	Moro
1	Baker, Grant, Malheur, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa	September 29	Pendleton
6	Marion, Polk Yamhill	October 6	Dallas
8	Clackamas, Multnomah, Washington	October 11	Remote

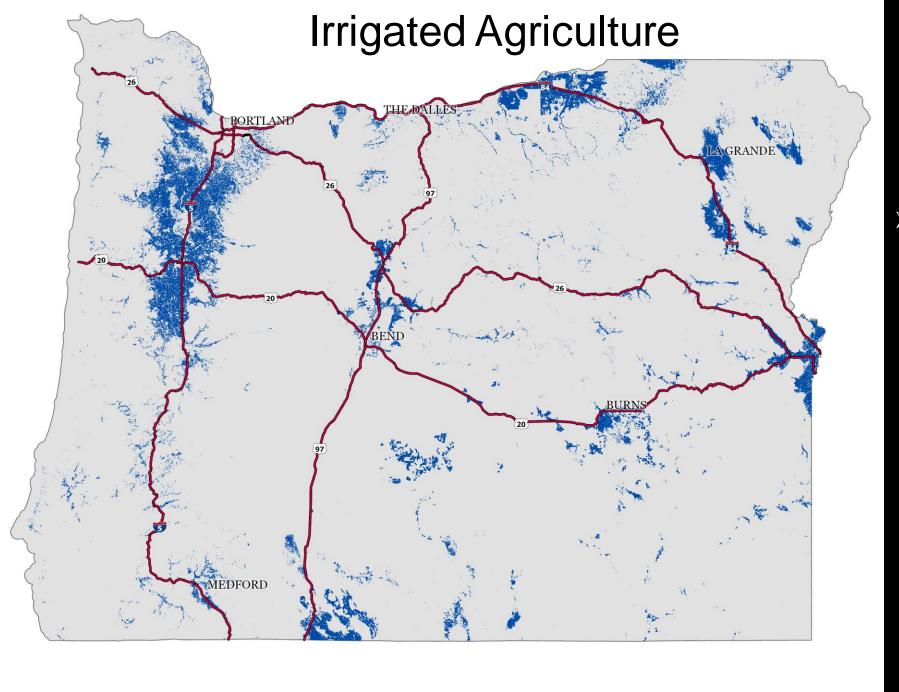


ange in Burn Probability sion 3 minus Version 2 olute Difference -0.069 - -0.04 (decrease) -0.04 - -0.03 -0.03 - -0.02 -0.02 - -0.01 -0.01 - -0.001]-0.001 - 0.001 (neutral) 0.001 - 0.01 0.01 - 0.02 0.02 - 0.03 0.03 - 0.042 (increase) 12.5 25

KNOWN MODIFICATIONS IN RESPONSE TO PUBLIC FEEDBACK

- ➤ Adjusted fire modeling in specific hay and pasturelands
- Adjusted fire modeling in north Cascades





EXTENT OF CROPLAND IRRIGATED AT LEAST ONE IN FIVE YEARS

- ➤ 2,727,540 acres of croplands were irrigated in at least one year (2017 – 2021).
 - > 370,203 acres (14%) of which are in the WUI



Irrigated Agriculture

SPATIAL EXTENT OF IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE

Number of years identified as irrigated (out of five years)	Acres	Percent of Total (from column A)	Cumulative acres	Cumulative Percent of Total
5	2,409,351	55.2	2,409,351	55.2
4	717,970	16.5	3,127,321	71.7
3	426,561	9.8	3,553,882	81.5
2	393,224	9.0	3,947,106	90.5
1	414,319	9.5	4,361,425	100



Irrigated Agriculture

Number of Tax Lots in High Hazard

Scenario	Statewide	Within WUI Only
BEFORE adjusting irrigated fields	164,369	104,521
AFTER adjusting irrigated fields	159,314	100,284
Difference	5,055	4,237

SPATIAL EXTENT OF IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE

➤ Recommended adjustments for irrigated agriculture will cause 4,240 additional to no longer be subject to defensible space and fire hardening code



Rule Section Review cont.

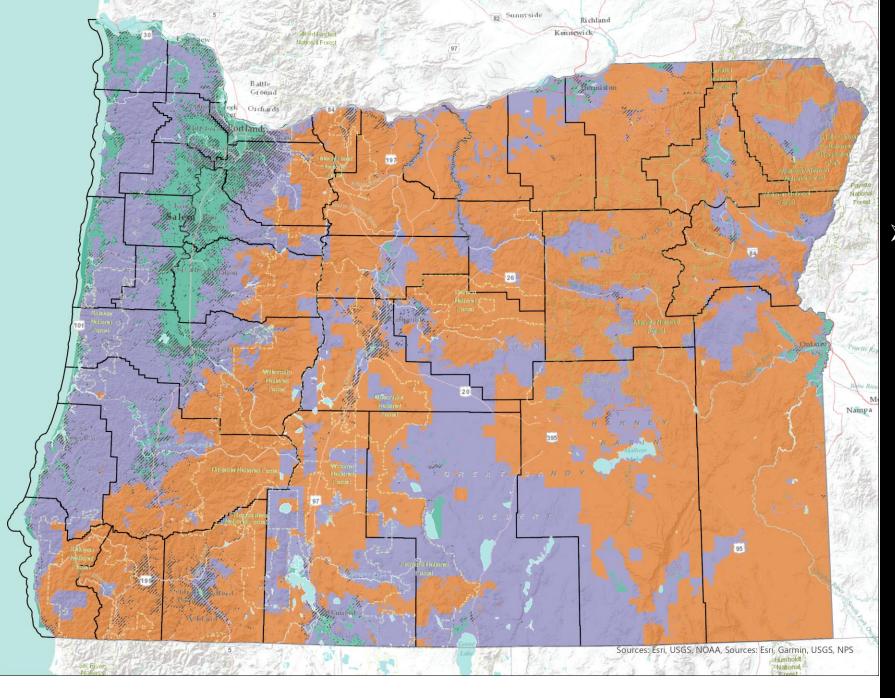
- Agency Procedural Rules
 - Modified to reflect inclusion of the hazard map as a contested case, and alignment with changes to the Administrative Procedures Act throughout.
- Wildfire Hazard Rating
 - Modified to reflect 3 classes.
- Notifications
 - Notifications required for tax lots in high hazard <u>and</u> the wildland-urban interface.
- Appeals
 - Modified to reflect the process change.

County	# Tax Lots in WUI Removed Percent of All Tax Lots in WU from High Hazard Removed from High Hazard	
Jackson	1224	28%
Hood River	1015	24%
Deschutes	956	22%
Josephine	363	8%
Wasco	155	4%
Umatilla	150	3%
Malheur	105	2%
Union	77	2%
Douglas	52	1%
Wallowa	44	1%
Baker	30	1%
Sherman	24	1%
Lane	19	0%
Crook	18	0%
Klamath	16	0%
Morrow	12	0%
Curry	11	0%
Gilliam	11	0%
Grant	9	0%
Harney	8	0%
Clackamas	3	0%
Jefferson	3	0%
Lake	1	0%
Wheeler	1	0%

SPATIAL EXTENT OF IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE

> 75% of tax lots in the WUI that dropped from high hazard are in three counties: Jackson, Hood River and Deschutes County





POTENTIAL DRAFT HAZARD MAP

➤ 164,369 tax lots in High Hazard

High Hazard

Moderate Hazard

Low Hazard

WUI



Walla Walla Caldwell Esri, HERE, NPS, Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS. EPA. NPS

NUMBER OF TAX LOTS MEETING DUAL CRITERIA

- ➤ 100,284 tax lots are in the WUI and High Hazard under the updated fire hazard data
- ➤ Approximately 6% of all tax lots in Oregon





2024 Wildfire Hazard Map Timeline

MARCH	March to April: Rulemaking Advisory Committee input	
APRIL	April to August: County review for anomalies	
MAY		
JUNE	June: Open House meetings in high hazard communities June 5 & 6: Board of Forestry may direct ODF to proceed with rule adoption process	
JULY	July 1 to August 15: Public comment period on draft rules may be sent to maprules@odf.oregon.gov. July 15 to August 15: Public input on draft map may be emailed to hazardmap@odf.oregon.gov.	
AUGUST		
SEPTEMBER	September 4&5: Board of Forestry considers adoption of rules package	
OCTOBER	October 1: Tax-lot level Hazard Assessments posted to Explorer. Notifications sent to property owners in high-hazard zones and within the wildland-urban interface (WUI). Appeals process initiated for those receiving notifications and those that haven't October 15 until complete: Process appeals and hold hearings	
NOVEMBER		
DECEMBER	December 1: Appeals process closes, map is final for those not appealing	

Board Decision

Recommendation

The Board directs the Department to proceed with the public hearing process and return in September 2024 with the final rule language for Chapter 629, Division 01 and 44.



