1	BEFORE THE LAND USE BOARD OF APPEALS		
2	OF THE STATE OF OREGON		
3 4 5 6 7	PATRICIA J. ROBERTS, MARY ANN DICKEY, WILLIAM J. FURNISH, DEANNA MANCILL and PHIL MANCILL, Petitioners,		
8 9	VS.		
10 11 12 13	CLATSOP COUNTY, Respondent,		
14 15	and		
16 17 18	M.K. DEVELOPMENT, INC.,  Intervenor-Respondent.		
19	LUBA No. 2002-123		
20	ORDER		
21	Before the Board are intervenor's motion to dismiss and petitioners' record		
22	objection. <sup>1</sup>		
23	INTRODUCTION		
24	In a letter dated October 2, 2002, LUBA notified the parties that LUBA had received		
25	the record on October 1, 2002. Pursuant to OAR 661-010-0026(2), parties have 14 days to		
26	file any record objections. If no record objections are filed, the petition for review is due 21		
27	days after the record is received. If record objections are filed, the deadlines for further		
28	procedures, including the deadline for filing the petition for review, are suspended. OAR		
29	661-010-0026(6). On October 11, 2002, petitioners filed an objection to the record.		
30	Intervenor responds that the record objection is frivolous and that the appeal should be		
31	dismissed		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Intervenor requested oral argument, but we do not feel oral argument is necessary to decide the matter.

## MOTION TO DISMISS

Initially, interve	nor argues that counsel for petitione	rs did not	t adequately	attempt to
resolve the matter with	the local government before filing	he record	objection.	OAR 661
010-0026(1) provides:				

"Before filing an objection to the record, a party shall attempt to resolve the matter with the governing body's legal counsel. The objecting party shall include a statement of compliance with this section at the same time the objection is filed. The Board may deny an objection to the record that does not comply with this rule."

Petitioners' counsel called county counsel on October 11, 2002, 10 days after LUBA received the record. County counsel was out of the office and not expected back until the next week, and petitioners' counsel left a message concerning the objection to the record. Petitioners' counsel filed her record objection with LUBA that day. The next week, on October 14, 2002, county counsel returned petitioners' counsel's call, and they discussed the record objection.

In *Casey Jones v. City of Lowell*, 33 Or LUBA 812 (1997), we stated that a good faith attempt to resolve record objections should consist of more than a single letter without follow-up. In the present case, however, in addition to the initial call, petitioners' counsel later discussed the record objection in detail with county counsel. According to petitioners' counsel, county counsel was to look into the matter and get back to her, but he never did. We find petitioners' counsel made a good faith effort to resolve the matter with the local government. Furthermore, even if we were to find that petitioners' counsel did not make a good faith effort, the rule itself states that failure to attempt to resolve the matter is a ground for denying the record objection, not for dismissing the appeal.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> We also note that a violation of OAR 661-010-0026(1) is a technical violation of our rules, and intervenor has not demonstrated how its substantial rights have been prejudiced. *Dorgan v. City of Albany*, 26 Or LUBA 621 (1994).

Intervenor also argues that the record objection itself is frivolous and should result in dismissal of the appeal. In *Cole v. Columbia County*, 27 Or LUBA 701 (1994), the petitioner filed record objections on the date the petition for review was due. We suspended the deadline for filing the petition for review to resolve the record objections, and the intervenor sought to have the appeal dismissed. We denied the motion to dismiss, stating:

"We leave open the possibility that dismissal of an appeal might be appropriate where it is shown that a record objection is without merit and was filed solely for the purpose of obtaining additional time to prepare the petition for review. Neither of those circumstances exist here." *Id.* at 702.

Intervenor asserts that the possibility mentioned in *Cole* exists in the present case.

Petitioners' record objection concerns minutes from a City of Gearhart city council meeting.<sup>3</sup> The record before the county is missing one of 11 pages from the city council's January 29, 2002 hearing. Petitioners' record objection seeks to include the missing page in the record. Intervenor argues that it took less than an hour for intervenor's counsel to establish with county counsel that the missing page was never placed before the county and that for petitioners to have pursued the record objection was frivolous. Intervenor also argues that the record objection is without merit because the minutes are not from the final decision maker and are therefore not subject to a record objection under OAR 661-010-0026(2)(c). Petitioners' counsel responds that county counsel never told her that the record from the city that was placed before the county was also missing the disputed page. Petitioner also points out that the record objection is filed pursuant to OAR 661-010-0026(2)(a), not 661-010-0026(2)(c).<sup>4</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The challenged decision is a final decision of Clatsop County regarding property within the City of Gearhart's urban growth boundary, but outside city limits. Pursuant to a joint management agreement regarding such unincorporated urban lands, the city council sends a recommendation to the county, and the county makes the final decision.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> OAR 661-010-0026(2) provides in part:

<sup>&</sup>quot;\* \* \* Objections may be made on the following grounds:

We do not believe petitioners' record objection is completely without merit. When a page of the minutes of a proceeding is clearly missing, it is entirely reasonable to raise the omission as a record objection pursuant to OAR 661-010-0026(2)(a). According to petitioners' counsel, she was unaware that the missing page was not submitted to the county.

Intervenor also argues that petitioners' sole purpose for filing the record objection was for the purpose of obtaining additional time to file the petition for review. This argument is based on an allegation that when petitioners' counsel was informed of the reason for the missing page, she responded it was not a problem because "it buys [her] a little time to file the petition [for review]." Motion in Opposition of Petitioners' Objection to the Record, Affidavit of Frank M. Flynn 2.

It is certainly one of the worst kept secrets at LUBA that filing record objections extends the deadline for briefing. It is also certainly true that because of this many practitioners have additional motivation other than the integrity of the record to file record objections. That a party appreciates the additional time for briefing, however, does not mean that the record objection is without merit or that delay was the *sole purpose* of the record objection. In the present case, we do not believe petitioners' counsel's sole purpose in filing the record objection was to obtain additional time for filing the petition for review.

The motion to dismiss is denied.

<sup>&</sup>quot;(a) The record does not include all materials included as part of the record during the proceedings before the final decision maker. The omitted item(s) shall be specified, as well as the basis for the claim that the item(s) are part of the record.

**<sup>\*\*\*</sup>**\*\*\*

<sup>&</sup>quot;(c) The minutes or transcripts of meetings or hearings are incomplete or do not accurately reflect the proceedings."

## RECORD OBJECTION

Petitioners argue that the missing page from the minutes should be included in the						
record pursuant to OAR 661-010-0026(2)(a). See n 4. Intervenor initially responds that the						
minutes cannot be included in the record because they are not minutes from a meeting or						
hearing of the final decision maker pursuant to OAR 661-010-0026(2)(c). See n 4.						
Intervenor is correct that the minutes of the city council are not required to be included in the						
record under OAR 661-010-0026(2)(c), because the county rather than the city was the final						
decision maker. The minutes could be included in the record, however, if they were						
"specifically incorporated into the record or placed before, and not rejected by, the final						
decision maker." OAR 661-010-0025(1)(b). Petitioners, however, do not argue that the						
minutes were specifically incorporated into the record before the county, and we will not						
assume that they were.						

Petitioners apparently believed that the missing page from the minutes was placed before the county and that when the county record was copied to send to LUBA, the page was inadvertently omitted. Intervenor responds that the missing page was never submitted to the county and consequently never placed before the final decision maker. It is petitioners' burden to establish why the omitted document should be included in the record. Petitioners have not met that burden.

Petitioners' record objection is denied.

## **BRIEFING SCHEDULE**

- The record is settled as of the date of this order. The petition for review is due 21 days from the date of this order. Response briefs are due 42 days from the date of this order.
- Dated this 7th day of November, 2002.

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3	Tod A. Bassham	
4	Board Member	