



OREGON CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMISSION

AGENDA

**WEDNESDAY
JUNE 26TH, 2024
1:00 – 3:00 PM**



Microsoft Teams meeting

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Meeting ID: 226 747 424 925

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MEETING PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVES

Convene the Commission for the purposes listed below:

Time	Item	Lead(s)	Action Item
1:00 pm	Welcome / Public Comment	Chair Solomon	
20	23-25 Justice Reinvestment Grant: Supplemental Award Decisions	Ian Davidson	Y
20	23-25 Restorative Justice Grant: Funding Decisions	Kaysea Beck	Y
20	Permanent Rules Filing for Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant Program	Rachel McArthur	Y
20	Person Crime Designation: Sexual Assault of an Animal	Rachel McArthur	Y
15	Reported Homicide Trends	Kelly Officer	N
10	Organized Retail Theft Grant Program Update	Shelby Grauer	N
5	Agency / Grant Updates	Executive Staff	N
	Meeting Adjourns	Chair Solomon	

NOTE: The Commission may choose to take agenda items out of order, pull, defer, or shorten presentation time of agenda item(s) to accommodate unscheduled business needs. Anyone wishing to be present for a particular item should arrive when the meeting begins to avoid missing an item of interest.

The meeting location is accessible to persons with disabilities. A request for an interpreter for the hearing impaired or for other accommodations for persons with disabilities should be made at least 48 hours before the meeting to: Carole Allred at (503) 378-4830 or carole.allred@cjc.oregon.gov

Public comment will be accepted in writing or by attending the public comment portion of the meeting. Public comment is open for a specific time period at the beginning of each commission meeting. The length of testimony will be determined by the Commission Chair; typically, commenters have two to three minutes. Live testimony is available for all items listed on and off the agenda.

To provide live testimony, sign up is required. Please email contact@cjc.oregon.gov with your contact information and a statement about what you will be making comment about.

If you are interested in providing public comment and would like to request interpretation support, please **email** us your contact information and requested language.

To ensure the commission will have an opportunity to review and consider your testimony before the meeting, please send comments no later than 72 hours before the meeting date. If submitted after this window of time the testimony will be entered into the public record but may not be viewed by the commission until after the meeting.

Thank you for your input!

MEETING NAME: June Commission Meeting

DATE: June 26th, 2024

Present Commission Members: Chair Solomon, Vice Chair Bovett, Commissioner Freeman, Commissioner Beach, Commissioner Auxier, Commissioner Norton, Representative Lewis

Present CJC Staff: Ken Sanchagrin, Ryan Keck, Gerardo Aviles-Leon, Carole Allred, Rima Ah-Toong, Lindsey Andress, William Ash-Houchen, Kaysea Beck, Monica Benton, Ian Davidson, Emma Dunn, Shelby Grauer, Rachel McArthur, Adaline Padlina, Angel Pairan, Avery Sorenson, Hannah Tallan, Kelli Burton,

Item	Notes	Lead
Meeting Called to order at 1:00pm /Public Comment (4:07)	No Public Comment	Chair Solomon
23-25 Justice Reinvestment Grant: Supplemental Award Decisions (6:15)	<p>The commission requested that supplemental funding be focused on restoration or expanding components that promote existing operation of JRP programs. Interested counties are eligible to receive up to \$100,000 in program funding, with the requirement that counties must also provide contingent funding requests in the amount of \$75,000 and \$50,000.</p> <p>A total of 12 supplemental funding requests from 12 different counties were received. All applications were deemed as meeting the requirements outlined in the supplemental funding solicitation. However, the total request exceeded available funding.</p> <p>For this particular supplemental round, there was little more than \$780,000 available for program funding with an additional \$90,000 available for victim service providers based in those counties that ultimately receive this funding.</p> <p>The GRC had some feedback for the commission about grantee fatigue and criteria prioritization for awarding funds. The GRC, when faced with a funding deficit, did not feel comfortable making decisions on who would win or not win funding.</p> <p>The GRC looked at the \$75,000 requests and then awarded as much as they could for each county.</p> <p>Chair Solomon asks for a motion. Auxier motions to award supplemental JRP funds to Linn County. Vice Chair Bovett seconds the motion. Vote: 5 Y, 0 N, 1 Abstain</p>	Ian Davidson

	<p>Vice Chair Bovett moves to approve the GRC recommendation to award supplemental JRP funds to Multnomah County. Beach seconds the motion. Vote: 5 Y, 0 N, 1 Abstain</p> <p>Commissioner Beach motions to approve Justice Reinvestment program supplemental funds for Washington County. Norton seconds the motion. Vote: 5 Y, 0 N, 1 Abstain</p> <p>Vice Chair Bovett moves to approve the GRC recommendation to award supplemental JRP funds to Clackamas, Clatsop, Columbia, Deschutes, Jackson, Josephine, Tillamook, Umatilla, and Wasco Counties. Beach seconds the motion. Vote: 6 Y, 0 N</p>	
<p>23-25 Restorative Justice Grant: Funding Decisions (19:26)</p>	<p>An overview of funding recommendations coming from the Restorative Justice Grant Advisory Committee was provided to the commission for them to review and authorize.</p> <p>House Bill 5204 appropriated an additional \$4 million to the restorative justice grant program to use in the current biennium. The GAC met and decided to allocate up to \$3 million to prioritize efforts for existing programs to maintain their current operations, including whatever was necessary to bring programs into full pilot or operation mode, if they had been in a planning phase prior. They chose to allocate at least \$1 million to open a six- or nine-month planning grant opportunity for new applicants.</p> <p>A short form application was opened to existing grantees between May 8th and May 22nd. All seven existing grantees opted to extend their project periods and request additional funds.</p> <p>The commission has a discussion about abstentions and whether member should abstain from this vote based on county where these awarded programs operate.</p>	<p>Kaysea Beck</p>

	<p>Vice Chair Bovett motions to approve staff recommendation for all seven funding requests under the Restorative Grant program. Beach seconds. Vote: 6 Y, 0 N</p> <p>After the vote, the discussion focuses on remaining funds. The GAC recommended combining all remaining funds and open a competitive application for both new and existing grantees.</p> <p>Chair Solomon asks for a motion to approve the GAC recommendation to combine the remaining funds for an open competitive application. Auxier makes the motion. Norton seconds. Vote: 6 Y, 0 N</p>	
<p>Permanent Rules Filing for Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant Program (40:20)</p>	<p>The commission was presented with the opportunity for permanent rule making for the jail-based medications for opioid use disorder grant program. Internally, this is called the JMOUD grant program.</p> <p>The commission is asked to approve the language provided. Following the approval, notice will be filed for the rules, which kicks off a seven-week period where it would be public notice, starting the public comment and feedback period. They would become permanent in August, which would then open the solicitation for the grant.</p> <p>CJC Staff asked the Rules Advisory Committee for feedback regarding the definition of rural. The provided definition is meant to be tangible and descriptive, while also accounting for jail facilities serving as the anchor for specific “rural” definition. When looking at population density, the Rules Advisory Committee felt it was important that it be anchored to facilities.</p> <p>The commission also reviewed language about establishing a formula approach as well as the proportion of the grant funds made available to tribal correction facilities, outside of the 10% requirement.</p> <p>Chair Solomon asks for a motion to approve the rules for jail-based medications for opioid use disorder program. Beach makes the motion. Auxier seconds the motion.</p>	<p>Rachel McArthur</p>

	Vote: 6 Y, 0 N	
Person Crime Designation: Sexual Assault of an Animal (1:07:20)	<p>During the last commission meeting, a list was presented of sentencing grid guideline decisions. The commission asked for more information on sex crimes that could possibly be designated as a person crime. In the last meeting the discussion mostly centered around how this particular ORS compared to other sex crimes in terms of their designation.</p> <p>Vice Chair Bovett provides additional information regarding historic decisions like this from the commission and other relevant OARs. Commissioner discuss wanting to stay consistent on the sentencing grid. Adding the person crime designation provides the judicial system additional opportunities if a future person felony <i>does</i> occur.</p> <p>McArthur confirms that the commission is moving forward with a person crime designation for ORS 167.333. The commission confirms.</p> <p>The commission also asked that CJC provide any research about animal abuse being a future indicator for person crimes.</p>	Rachel McArthur
Reported Homicide Trends (1:21:26)	<p>In April the commission was given an overview of the most recent reported crime rate trends, focusing on violent and property crime trends. At the time, the commission asked for an update on homicide crime trends specifically.</p> <p>Using UCR data, data collected by the FBI on reported crime for law enforcement agencies across the country. There is a lag in this data, having the most recent data being from 2022.</p>	Kelly Officer
Organized Retail Theft Grant Program Update (1:39:52)	<p>An update on the Organized Retail Theft Grant program was provided. SB 900 established the program and allocated \$5 million in general funds.</p> <p>The solicitation was issued on May 24th, 2024, and applications are due July 1st, 2024. The commission shall prioritize applications that demonstrate any or all</p>	Shelby Grauer

	<p>of the priorities included in the solicitation. The commission will receive a recommendation from staff and then the commission will make the ultimate funding decision. Staff will present their recommendations at the July Commission meeting.</p> <p>There are 23 pending applications.</p>	
<p>Agency / Grant Updates (1:47:07)</p>	<p>An update was provided on the deflection program and applications. The GRC will meet to talk through IMPACTS related matters but also the review process for the deflection grant moving forward.</p> <p>OHSU and a partner organization are providing technical assistance to all of the applicants, post-application. The idea is to continue the conversation within counties as they stand up these new programs.</p>	<p>Executive Staff</p>
<p>Meeting Adjourns (1:49:46)</p>		<p>Chair Solomon</p>

JUSTICE REINVESTMENT PROGRAM: SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING

26 JUNE 2024



Ian Davidson
*Justice Reinvestment
Program Manager*



FOCUS OF SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING

“The Criminal Justice Commission has directed that JRP Supplemental Round Funding be focused on restoring programs or associated components currently not funded that were funded by or requested from the JRP in this biennium or past biennia. This could include restoring or expanding components that promote the existing operation of JRP programs.”

- 2024 Solicitation for Supplemental Funding



OVERVIEW OF SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING

- \$784,566 available for program funding
- \$90,185 available for victim services funding
- Interested counties were eligible to receive up to \$100,000 in program funding
- Counties had to also provide contingency funding requests in amounts up to:
 - \$100,000
 - \$75,000
 - \$50,000

OVERVIEW OF SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING REQUESTS

- 12 applications received
- All applications met supplemental funding requirements
- Total requested amount of program funding is \$1,181,209.03
- Total amount of available program funding is \$784,566

Supplemental Funding Asks



GRANT REVIEW COMMITTEE OBSERVATIONS

- In the future, GRC would like identified prioritization criteria for future non-formula grant opportunities
- Noted grantee fatigue in requiring counties to submit an additional application for Supplemental Funding
- Recommended supplemental awards to not require an application in the future



GRANT REVIEW COMMITTEE FUNDING RECOMMENDATIONS

County	Program Funding	Victim Services 10%	Total Supplemental Funding
Clackamas	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Clatsop	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Columbia	\$ 55,374.00	\$ 6,365.00	\$ 61,739.00
Deschutes	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Jackson	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Josephine	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Lane	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Multnomah	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Tillamook	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Umatilla	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Wasco	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Washington	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00

SUGGESTED MOTION LANGUAGE

- Approve GRC Recommendation to award supplemental JRP funds to Lane County in the amount detailed in the staff memo
- Approve GRC Recommendation to award supplemental JRP funds to Multnomah County in the amount detailed in the staff memo
- Approve GRC Recommendation to award supplemental JRP funds to Washington County in the amount detailed in the staff memo
- Approve GRC Recommendation to award supplemental JRP funds to Clackamas, Clatsop, Columbia, Deschutes, Jackson, Josephine, Tillamook, Umatilla, and Wasco Counties in the amounts detailed in the staff memo

Restorative Justice Grant

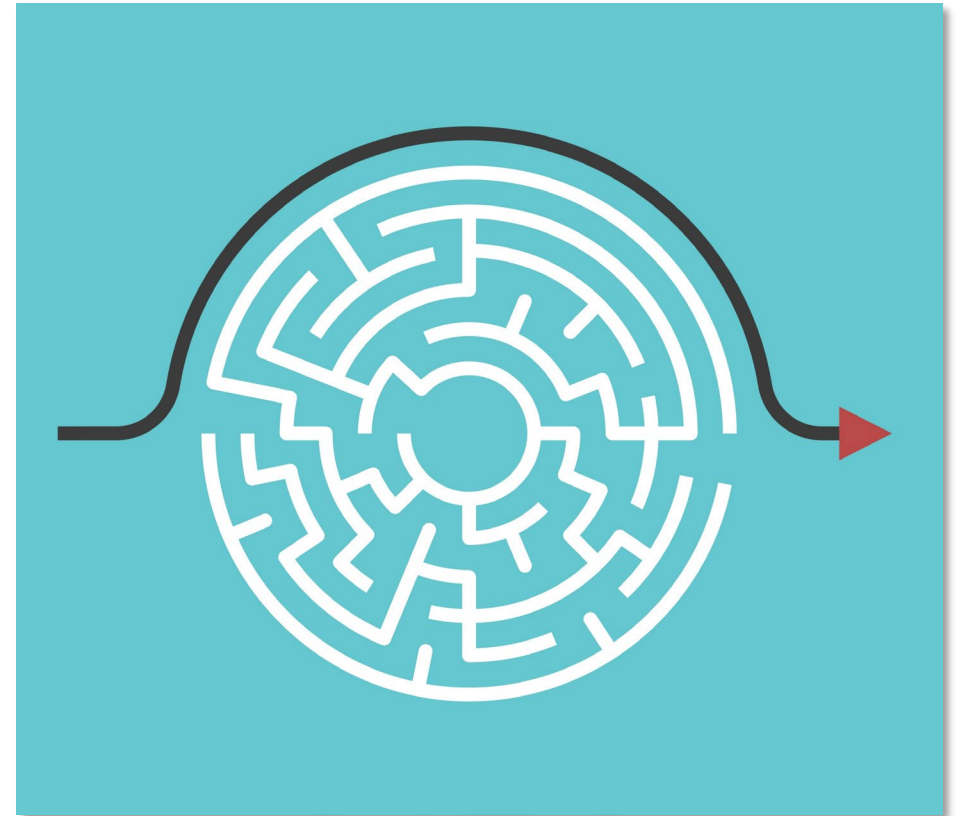
Authorization of Funding Allocations

June 26, 2024



Continuing the Restorative Justice Grant

- HB 5204 (2024) appropriated an additional \$4 million to the Restorative Justice Grant Program for use in the 2023-2025 biennium
- RJ GAC met at the end of April and recommended:
 - Allocate up to \$3 million to prioritize efforts for existing programs to maintain their current operations, including bringing programs into full pilot or operation
 - Allocate at least \$1 million to open a six- or nine-month planning grant opportunity for new applicants



Continuing the Restorative Justice Grant

- Short-form application was open to existing grantees May 8 – May 22
 - Extension of project period for 12 additional months
 - Estimated carryover funds & amount required to support capacity for current operations within the scope of their existing program
 - Any funding requests for expansion or changing scope were flagged and up to the GAC's discretion
- All seven existing grantees opted to extend their project periods and request additional funds



Roles in Application Review

CJC Staff

Review applications for completeness

Assess applications for adherence to program rules and priorities

Ensure GAC and Commission apply program rules consistently

GAC

Evaluate applications

Discuss applications collaboratively

Approve which applications are sent to the Commission for funding authorization

Commission

Make ultimate funding decisions on applications approved by GAC

Overview of Approved Funding Requests

Grantee	Request
Center for Dialogue Resolution, Inc.	\$ 405,908
Conflict Artistry LLC [†]	\$ 399,078
Deschutes County	\$ 252,872
The Insight Alliance [†]	\$ 786,670
Lutheran Community Services Northwest	\$ 540,128
Resolve Center for Dispute Resolution and Restorative Justice [*]	\$ 124,500
Six Rivers Dispute Resolution Center [*]	\$ 178,500
Total	\$ 2,687,656

Discussion & Action

Overview of Approved Funding Requests

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Remaining Funding

Remaining Funding Considerations



- \$1,312,344
- GAC recommendation is to combine all remaining funds and open competitive application for both existing and new applicants
 - Planning grant opportunity for new applicants with limited project period (six months)
 - Supplemental funding round for current grantees

Discussion & Action

Remaining Funding: \$1,312,344



Planning Grants
for New Applicants



Supplemental Funding
for Existing Programs



Questions?

Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant Program

Permanent Rulemaking Opportunity

June 26, 2024



Commission's role today

Decide whether to authorize staff to promulgate the proposed Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant program rules as permanent program rules

- If yes, promulgate rules as permanent:
 - Kicks off regular public notice and comment period, and Secretary of State filing process
 - Permanent in mid August
- If no, hold off:
 - Commission may revisit and revise rule language
 - *Will* delay opening grant solicitation this year, depending on how in-depth proposed revisions may be

Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant Program - HB 4002 (2024)

Establishes the Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant Program within the Oregon Criminal Justice Commission

Purpose is to support opioid use disorder treatment and transition planning services for persons in custody

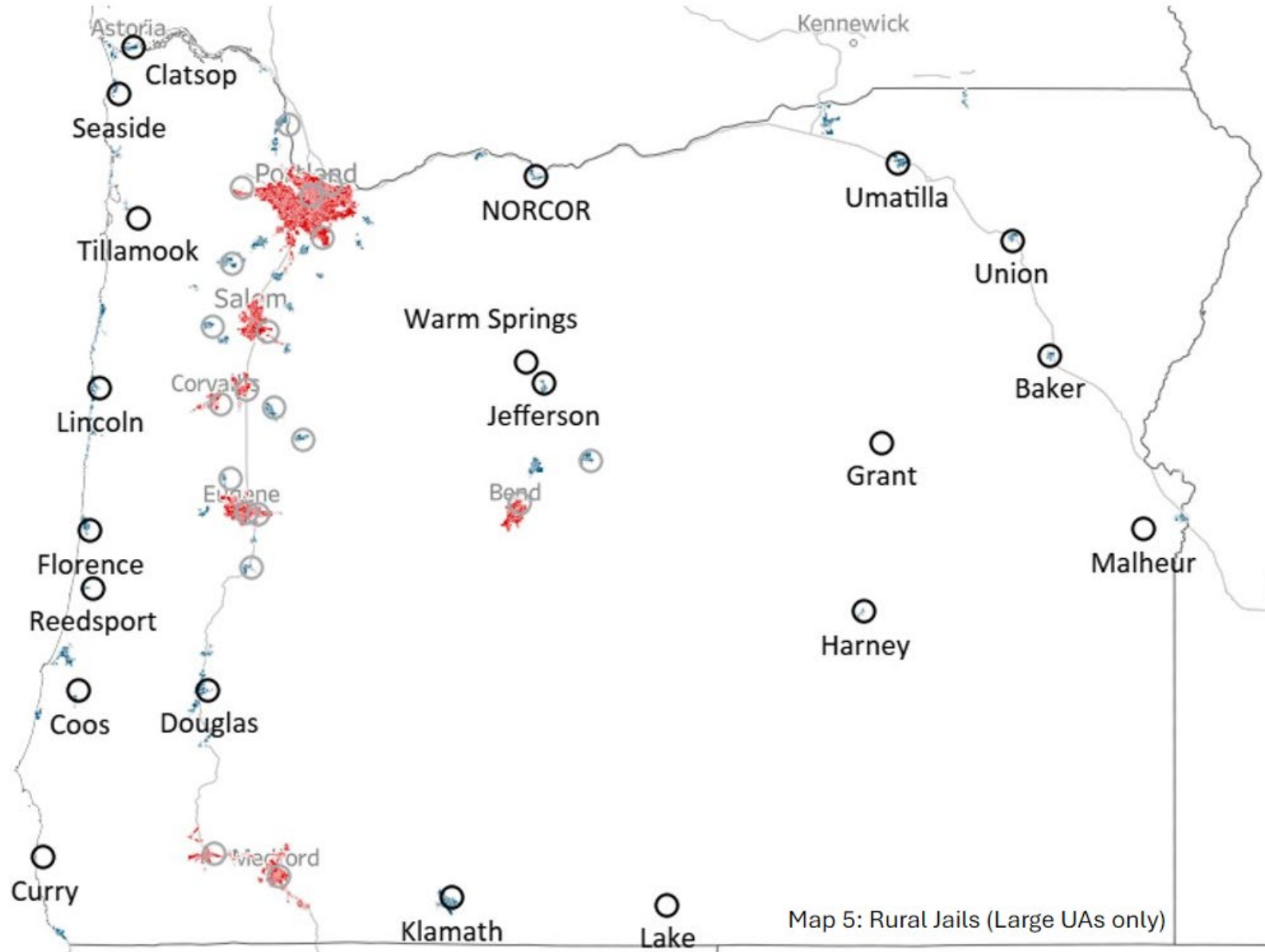
- \$10 million in Other Funds over two years
- Eligible recipients include:
 - Cities and counties that operate a local correctional facility
 - Federally recognized tribes in Oregon that operate a tribal correctional facility
- Applicants may submit an individual application or a joint application in partnership with other local correctional facilities or tribal correctional facilities.
- Funds may be used to provide opioid use disorder treatment and transition planning services to persons in custody in local correctional facilities and tribal correctional facilities.

Rules Advisory Committee Members

Member	Affiliation
Ryan Downing	Baker County Sheriff's Office
Lee Eby	Clackamas County Sheriff's Office
Josh Aldrich	Jackson County Sheriff's Office
Melanie Menear	Clackamas County Sheriff's Office
Dan Hoover	OHSU-Addiction Medicine
Kerri Hecox	Oasis Center of Rogue Valley
Moxie Loeffler	Oregon Society of Addiction Medicine
Orion McCotter	OHA-Public Health
Grant Hartley	Metropolitan Public Defenders
Annaliese Dolph	APDC
Sheila Clark	Washington County Community Corrections

Definition- “Rural”

(7) “Rural area” means a geographic area twenty-five or more miles from an urban area of 50,000 or more, according to the most recent statistics of the U.S Census Bureau.



Map 5: Rural Jails (Large UAs only)

Grant Application Requirements

- 2) The proportion of grant funds available to an applicant shall be determined as follows and included in the grant solicitation:
 - (a) The Commission shall determine the proportion of grant funds available to tribal correctional facilities.
 - (b) The Commission shall establish a formula that determines the proportion of grant funds available to each local correctional facility based on intake rates and average daily population of a facility, and overdose data and population density for the jurisdiction(s) served.

Grant Application Requirements

(3) Grant applications must:

- (a) Demonstrate the applicant operates a local correctional facility or tribal correctional facility in Oregon.
- (b) Describe the applicant's existing or planned coordination with a medication for opioid use disorder treatment provider.
- (c) Describe how the applicant's program aligns with, or intends to align with, best practices and standards of care related to medications for opioid use disorder treatment.
- (d) Describe how grant funds will be used for one or more of the following:
 - (A) Provide medication, telemedicine, or any other reasonable treatment to persons in custody with an opioid disorder.
 - (B) Develop or operate mobile or nonmobile opioid treatment units.
 - (C) Administer screenings for opioid use disorder or risk of an acute opioid withdrawal.
 - (D) Facilitate transition planning services for persons in custody who seek or receive opioid use disorder treatment.
 - (E) Undertake any other actions reasonably calculated to mitigate operational or structural barriers to providing opioid use disorder treatment in local correctional facilities or tribal correctional facilities, including but not limited to mitigating any lack of secure storage for medication.
- (e) Include a statement from the applicant acknowledging that any grant funds received must be expended in accordance with the allowable uses described in OAR 213-095-0040(3)(d).
- (f) Include a letter of commitment from each administrator of a local correctional facility or tribal correctional facility who is associated with the application, committing to participate in good faith in the grant program.

Next Steps

- If approved, rules will be submitted, which will kick off regular public notice and comment period, and Secretary of State filing process
 - Permanent in mid-August

Subsequent Commission Meeting:

- Approval of a formula that will determine the proportion of grant funds that will be allocated to applicants.
 - CJC staff will convene a work group to establish formula
- Determine a tribal set aside which will be informed through tribal consultation.
 - Over the next few weeks, CJC will initiate the tribal consultation process

Oregon Criminal Justice Commission

Sentencing Grid Modifications

June 26, 2024



ORS 167.333 Sexual Assault of an Animal

Modifications / ORS		Crime Category (CC) Rank(s)	Considerations
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ORS 167.333- Sexual Assault of an Animal 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Parole board identified this statute as registerable sex crime but not designated as a person crime. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Possible classification of a person crime
<p>Commission considerations: Possible designation of a person crime</p>			



Oregon Violent and Homicide Crime Rates

Current Data and Trends

Kelly Officer
Research Director
Oregon Criminal Justice Commission
26 June 2024

Crime Rate Data

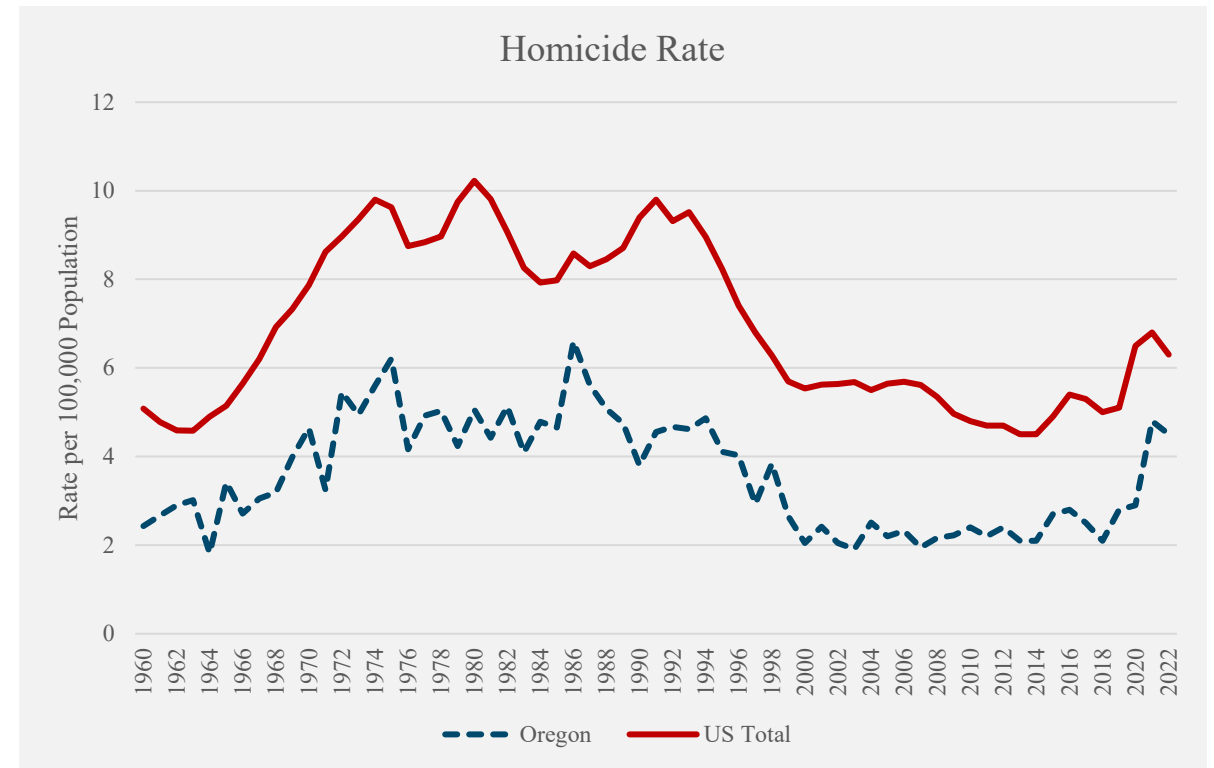
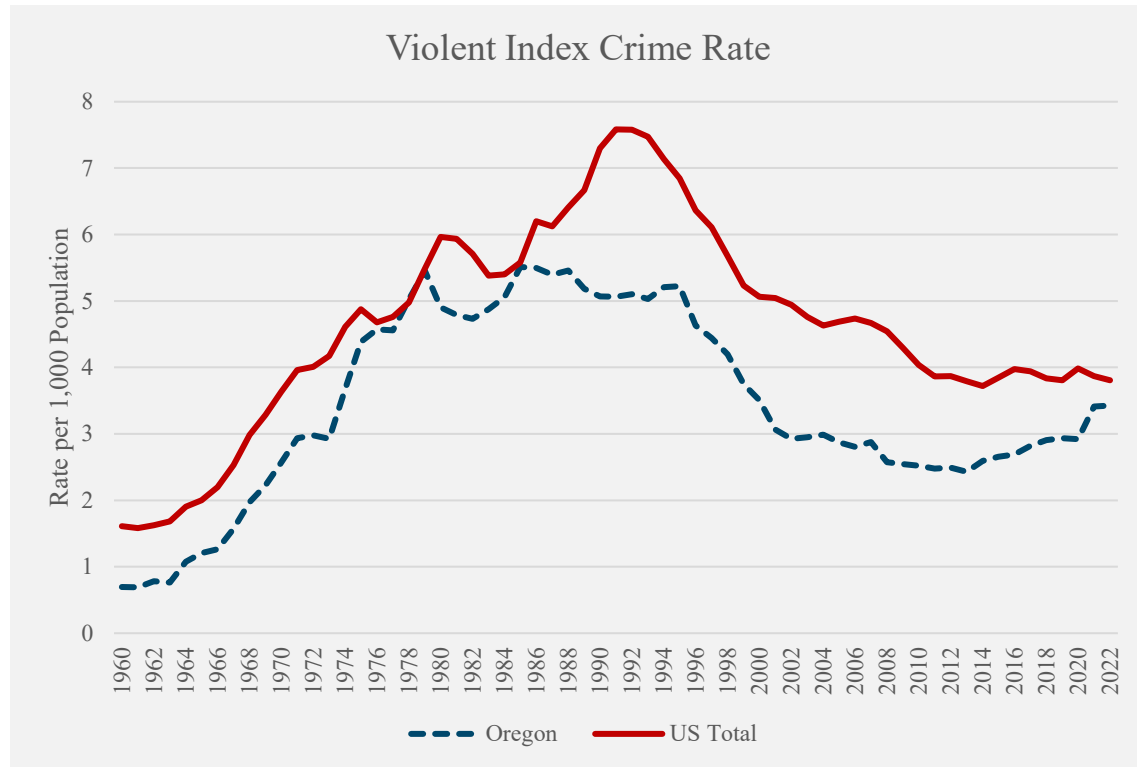
Uniform Crime Reporting

- The primary method of tracking and comparing crime rates is the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program.
 - The UCR Program collects crime *incident* data from law enforcement agencies across the United States. The data includes *all crimes known to law enforcement*.
 - Violent Index Crimes: murder and non-negligent manslaughter, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault
 - Property Index Crimes: burglary, larceny/theft, and motor vehicle theft
- The use of the UCR to measure crime rates and trends comes with both strengths and weaknesses.
 - The primary strength of the UCR program is its consistency as a measure of relatively serious crime (for most states)
 - The primary weakness is the lag in the data, as it takes the FBI and Bureau of Justice Statistics a long time to process the data at a national level

Crime Rate Data

Uniform Crime Reporting

Historic Trends 1960 - 2022



Crime Rate Data

Uniform Crime Reporting

Statewide Data

- Due to the lag in data processing, 2022 represents the most recent statewide data available.
- As states exited the initial waves of the COVID pandemic, violent and homicide crime displayed differing trends.
- More recent data is available for large cities.

2019 to 2022 Violent and Homicide UCR Data for Western US States

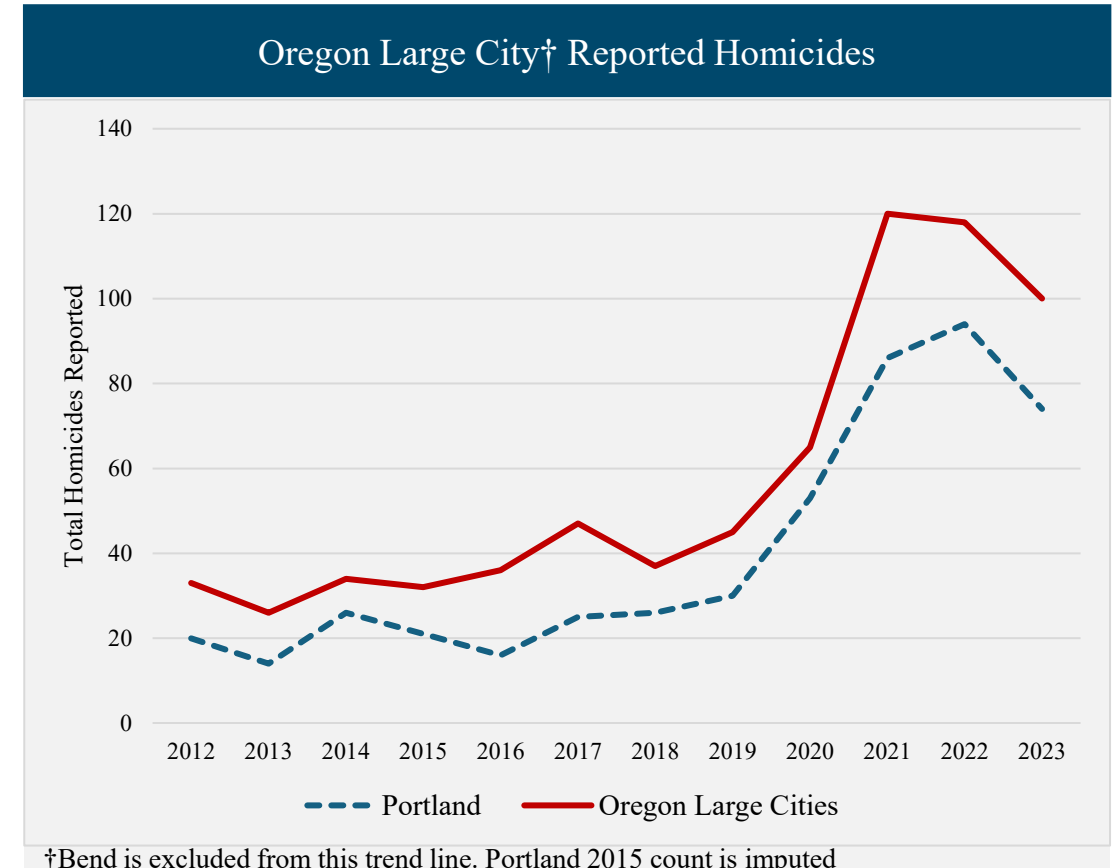
State	Violent Crime			Homicide		
	2019	2022	Pct Chg	2019	2022	Pct Chg
Oregon	293.7	342.4	16.6%	2.8	4.5	60.7%
Arizona	447.1	431.5	-3.5%	5.4	6.8	25.9%
California	442.1	499.5	13.0%	4.3	5.7	32.6%
Colorado	384.6	492.5	28.1%	4.0	6.4	60.0%
Idaho	232.2	241.4	3.8%	1.6	2.7	68.8%
Montana	417.9	417.9	0.0%	3.0	4.5	50.0%
Nevada	496.1	454.0	-8.5%	4.7	6.8	44.7%
New Mexico	824.0	780.5	-5.3%	8.8	12.0	36.4%
Utah	236.9	241.8	2.1%	2.4	2.0	-16.7%
Washington	303.3	375.6	23.8%	2.7	5.0	85.2%
US Total	380.8	308.7	0.0%	5.1	6.3	23.5%

Homicide Data

Uniform Crime Reporting

Large City Data

- In Oregon, Eugene, Gresham, Hillsboro, Portland, and Salem are included. Bend was added in 2019.
- Pre-pandemic, homicides increased in Oregon's largest cities by 25% between 2016 to 2019.
- 2019 to 2022 show substantial increases, with the reported count nearly doubling from 2020 to 2021.
- Following the peak in 2021 to 2022, reported homicides have declined 15% in large cities and 21% in Portland.



Homicide Data

Uniform Crime Reporting

Large City Data

- Preliminary data for 2023 generally shows declines in homicides compared to 2022 for large west coast cities.
- Seattle is an exception with a 22% increase in reported homicides.
- Similar to Portland, many cities show recent declines in reported homicides but remain above pre-pandemic levels.

2022 to 2023 Preliminary Homicide UCR Data

City	Homicide		
	2022	2023	Pct Chg
Portland, OR	94	74	-21.3%
Albuquerque, NM	126	98	-22.2%
Boise, ID	3	5	66.7%
Denver, CO	90	85	-5.6%
Las Vegas, NV	146	131	-10.3%
Phoenix, AZ	217	191	-12.0%
Salt Lake City, UT	14	16	14.3%
San Diego, CA	53	44	-17.0%
Seattle, WA	55	67	21.8%

Organized Retail Theft Grant Program

June 26, 2024



Organized Retail Theft Grant Program - [SB 900](#) (2023)

Establishes the Organized Retail Theft Grant Program within the Oregon Criminal Justice Commission

- \$5 million in General Fund over two years
- Eligible recipients include:
 - City and county-based law enforcement agencies (police, sheriffs, prosecutors)
 - Community-based organizations (CBOs)
 - Oregon State Police (OSP)
- Funds may be used on costs incurred through addressing organized retail theft
- Funds are *competitive* for local law enforcement and CBOs
- Funds are *available* to OSP

Timeline

May 24, 2024	Grant solicitation released
July 1, 2024	Grant applications due
July 31, 2024	Commission makes final award decisions
August 2024	Grant contracts will be distributed to award recipients for signature

Organized Retail Theft Grant Program Priorities

- **The Commission shall prioritize applications that demonstrate any or all of the following:**
 - Ability to address organized retail theft that places retail employees, the public, or both, at risk of physical injury.
 - Ability to identify and address fencing networks connected to organized retail theft.
 - Ability to identify and address the underlying causes of organized retail theft by focusing on individuals or groups who have committed or are at risk of committing organized retail theft.
 - Evidence of collaboration with retailers or law enforcement agencies to support the reduction of organized retail theft in the jurisdiction served by the grant.
 - Grant-funded operations designed to have a regional or statewide beneficial effect on the reduction of organized retail theft.

Organized Retail Theft Grant Program

- **Solicitation includes:**

- Project Period
 - April 1, 2024, to June 30, 2025
- Cover Sheet & Review of Eligibility Requirements
- Application Questions
 - Narrative questions that directly correspond to priorities listed within the rules
- Budget Projection Sheet Upload
 - Itemized funding requests
 - Includes a narrative component where applicants were asked to explain the connection to the priorities
- Optional Upload: Memorandum of Understanding

Grant Application Review Roles

Staff

- ✓ Review applications for eligibility requirements
- ✓ Analyze and score each application's adherence to the outlined priorities
- ✓ Provide funding recommendations to the Commission

Commission

- ✓ Consider funding recommendations made by Staff
- ✓ Make ultimate funding decisions on applications

Staff Analysis Example

- **Presented Analysis will include:**
 - Applicant Name
 - Eligibility Type
 - The Oregon State Police
 - City or county agency addressing organized retail theft
 - Community-based organization addressing organized retail theft
 - Proposal Overview
 - Program Type
 - Implementation or Existing
 - Service Area
 - Review of Priorities Met
 - Total Funding Request

Next Steps

- Applications are due July 1, 2024
- Staff will review each submitted application and complete an analysis
- Staff will present the analysis to the Commission on July 31, 2024

STATE OF OREGON
CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMISSION

Discussion Briefing

Date: June 10, 2024

To: Chair Solomon and Members of the Criminal Justice Commission

From: Ian Davidson, Justice Reinvestment Program Manager

Subject: Approval of Supplemental Funding Awards for the 2023-2025 Justice Reinvestment Program

On June 7, 2024, the Justice Reinvestment Grant Review Committee (GRC) met and reviewed 12 applications for Supplemental Funding under the Justice Reinvestment Program (JRP).

The Criminal Justice Commission directed that JRP Supplemental Funding be focused on restoring programs or associated components currently not funded that were funded by or requested from the JRP in this biennium or past biennia. This could include restoring or expanding components that promote the existing operation of JRP programs.

In the solicitation for Supplemental Funding, counties were directed to provide a budget request not to exceed \$100,000, with two contingency budget requests not-to-exceed amounts of \$75,000 and \$50,000.

There was \$784,566 in unallocated JRP formula grant funding. Requested supplemental funding exceeded these available funds by \$396,643.03.

Grant Review Committee Recommendation:

The GRC unanimously recommended the Commission approve 11 counties for a *portion* of their not-to-exceed \$75,000 contingency request, at \$66,292.00 each for program funding, and one county's contingency request *fully* at \$55,374.00. The specific award amounts recommended by the GRC are detailed on the attached Funding Table (figures rounded for even grant funding disbursements).

Attachments:

Supplemental Funding Applications ([linked here](#))
23-25 JRP Supplemental Funding Table
Supplemental Funding Solicitation

Action Item:

Review and determine whether to approve the Justice Reinvestment Grant Review Committee's recommendations for Supplemental Funding of the Justice Reinvestment Program.

STATE OF OREGON
CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMISSION

2023 – 2025 Justice Reinvestment Program Supplemental Funding Table

County	Program Funding	Victim Services 10%	Total Supplemental Funding
Clackamas	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Clatsop	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Columbia	\$ 55,374.00	\$ 6,365.00	\$ 61,739.00
Deschutes	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Jackson	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Josephine	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Lane	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Multnomah	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Tillamook	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Umatilla	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Wasco	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00
Washington	\$ 66,292.00	\$ 7,620.00	\$ 73,912.00

2023-25 Justice Reinvestment Program: 2024 Solicitation for Supplemental Funding

Background

The Criminal Justice Commission directed that \$784,566 of unallocated 2023-25 Justice Reinvestment Program (JRP) funding be available to Oregon counties through a supplemental round of grant funding.

Interested counties are eligible to receive up to \$100,000. However, counties must also provide contingency funding requests in amounts up to \$75,000 and \$50,000 respectively to give the Grant Review Committee more informed flexibility when prioritizing funding, should total funding requests exceed available funding.

All awarded funds must be spent by 31 December 2025.

The application is due May 24th at 1 PM and can be accessed at <https://cjc-grants.smapply.io/>.

Focus of Grant Funding

The Criminal Justice Commission has directed that JRP Supplemental Round Funding be focused on restoring programs or associated components currently not funded that were funded by or requested from the JRP in this biennium or past biennia. This could include restoring or expanding components that promote the existing operation of JRP programs.

Application Timeline

22 March 2024	Supplemental Round Funding Solicitation Released; Application opened
24 May 2024	Supplemental Round Funding Application due
June 2024	Grant Review Committee develops funding recommendations
June 2024	Commission makes final award decisions

Application Requirements

1. Applicants must review the [CJC Grant Administration Guide](#) for specific policies and procedures related to allowable uses of grant funds, review processes, and compliance regulations.
2. Applications must be submitted by the Local Public Safety Coordinating Council (LPSCC).

Application Contents

Narrative Questions

1. Briefly describe what you are requesting funding for and how it meets the focus of the funding opportunity to restore programs or associated components currently not funded.
2. Describe how the above request will help the county reduce prison usage and / or recidivism while maintaining public safety and holding individuals accountable.
3. In which biennia was your current request previously funded?
 - a. 2013-2015
 - b. 2015-2017
 - c. 2017-2019
 - d. 2019-2021
 - e. 2021-2023
 - f. Requested in the current biennium (2023-2025), and not awarded funding
 - g. This is a new request that will support or expand components of existing operation of JRP programs.
4. Please indicate which nonprofit community-based victim services providers are to receive the 10% of any award of JRP grant funding. Indicate the name of the provider(s) and a percentage of the Victims Services portion of the Supplemental Round Funding award that will be distributed to them.

Budget

Use the budget projection sheet ([attached here and in SM Apply](#)) to outline your funding requests. Requests may not exceed \$100,000 and counties must submit contingency funding requests in amounts of up to \$75,000 and \$50,000 respectively to assist the Grant Review Committee in prioritizing funding, should total funding requests exceed available funding. (Please note, after award, counties will receive budget projection sheets for the victim services portion of these requests.)

STATE OF OREGON
CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMISSION

Discussion Briefing

Date: June 11, 2024

To: Chair Solomon and Members of the Criminal Justice Commission

From: Kaysea Beck, Behavioral Health Program Manager

Subject: Approval of Funding Allocations under the Restorative Justice Grant Program

During the 2024 legislative session, the legislature appropriated \$4 million to the Restorative Justice (RJ) Grant Program for use in the 2023-25 biennium.

On April 22nd, 2024, the Restorative Justice Grant Advisory Committee (GAC) met and recommended allocating up to \$3 million to current grantee programs to maintain their current operations, including bringing planning programs into full pilot or operation, and to extend their project periods for an additional year through June 30, 2025. Additionally, the GAC recommended allocating at least \$1 million to new planning grants for a project period of six to nine months.

On May 8th, existing RJ grantees were notified of an opportunity to request gap funding and a project period extension. The short-form application, where grantees were instructed to take into consideration any carryover funds, closed on May 22nd. All seven grantees opted to extend their project periods through June 30, 2025, and the total gap funding request came in at \$2,687,656.

Grant Advisory Committee Recommendation:

On June 18th, the RJ GAC will meet to evaluate each gap funding request and approve awards. The attached Funding Tables display award amounts not to be exceeded, based on grantee requests. Final amounts will be shared at the June 26th Commission meeting.

Additionally, the GAC will provide a recommendation for use of any unallocated funds.

Attachments:

Gap Funding Applications ([linked here](#))
23-25 RJ Funding Tables

Action Items:

Review and determine whether to authorize awards to existing Restorative Justice grant recipients, as approved by the RJ Grant Advisory Committee. Final amounts will be shared live at the June 26th Commission meeting.

Review and determine whether to approve the RJ Grant Advisory Committee's recommendations for use of unallocated funds. Recommendations will be shared live at the June 26th Commission meeting.

STATE OF OREGON
CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMISSION

2023 – 2025 Restorative Justice Grant Program Funding Tables

Grantee Budget Requests	
Grantee	Additional Gap Funds Requested
Center for Dialogue Resolution, Inc.	\$ 405,908.00
Conflict Artistry LLC	\$ 399,078.00
Deschutes County	\$ 252,872.00
The Insight Alliance	\$ 786,670.00
Lutheran Community Services Northwest	\$ 540,128.00
Resolve Center for Dispute Resolution and Restorative Justice	\$ 124,500.00
Six Rivers Dispute Resolution Center	\$ 178,500.00
Total	\$ 2,687,656.00

GAC Funding Allocation Projections	
	GAC Recommended
Existing Grantee Gap Funding	\$ 3,000,000.00
Existing Grantee Budget Requests (7)	\$ 2,687,656.00
Remaining Funding	\$ 1,312,344.00
Unallocated	\$ 312,344.00
Planning Grants for New Applicants	\$ 1,000,000.00
Total Allocation	\$ 4,000,000.00

STATE OF OREGON
CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMISSION

Discussion Briefing

Date: June 12, 2024

To: Chair Solomon and Members of the Criminal Justice Commission

From: Rachel McArthur, Senior Policy Analyst

Subject: Permanent Rulemaking for the Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant Program

During the 2024 Regular Session, the Oregon Legislature enacted House Bill (HB) 4002, establishing the Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant Program (JMOUD). The program was established to provide opioid use disorder treatment and transitional planning services to persons in custody in local correctional facilities and tribal correctional facilities.

In May and June of 2024, CJC staff convened a Rules Advisory Committee comprised of professionals in corrections, addiction medicine and public health to provide input on the development of Oregon Administrative Rules to administer the grant program. The proposed rules attached describe the application requirements, review criteria and award process for the grant program. As drafted, the proportion of funds available to applicants will be determined by a formula established by the Commission. A Grant Advisory Committee will review grant applications and develop recommendations for funding, and the Commission will provide final approval.

Prior to opening a grant solicitation for funds appropriated to JMOUD in the 2024 Regular Legislative Session, permanent administrative rules, in accordance with HB 4002, Section 85, must be promulgated.

Attachments:

2024 Draft JMOUD Permanent Rules Filing

Action Item:

Review and determine whether to approve the filing of the attached *2024 Draft JMOUD Permanent Rules Filing* to promulgate permanent administrative rules related to the Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant Program.

Division 100

JAIL-BASED MEDICATIONS FOR OPIOID USE DISORDER GRANT PROGRAM

Need for the Rules:

This rule is necessary for a grant program to allow access to funds for qualifying cities, counties, and tribes operating a correctional facility to provide opioid use disorder treatment and transitions planning services to persons in custody in local correctional facilities and tribal correctional facilities. These rules address a methodology for reviewing and approving grant applications and awarding grants, and specific application requirements and definitions pertinent to the grant program.

213-100-0010

Authority and Application

- (1) These rules are promulgated pursuant to Section 85, Chapter 70, 2024 Oregon Laws. (Enrolled House Bill 4002).
- (2) These rules apply beginning April 1, 2024.

213-100-0020

Purpose

The purpose of these rules is to administer the Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant Program established by Sections 81 to 86, Chapter 70, 2024 Oregon Laws.

213-100-0030

Definitions

As used in OAR 213-100-0010 to 213-100-0080, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) “Advisory committee” means a public body appointed by the chairperson of the Commission to evaluate grant applications and make recommendations to the Commission for the awarding of grants under the Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant Program.
- (2) “Applicant” means cities and counties, and federally recognized tribal governments, that submit an application to the Commission for a grant under the Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant Program.
- (3) “Commission” means the Oregon Criminal Justice Commission.
- (4) “Grant acceptance period” means the period of time commencing when an applicant receives notice, in writing, from the Commission, that the Commission has decided to

award the applicant grant funds, and concluding when an applicant has returned an executed grant agreement to the Commission.

(5) “Grant application period” means the period of time commencing when a grant solicitation is publicly released, and concluding when applications are no longer accepted by the Commission.

(6) “Local correctional facility” has the meaning given the term in ORS 169.005.

(7) “Rural area” means a geographic area twenty-five or more miles from an urban area of 50,000 or more, according to the most recent statistics of the U.S Census Bureau.

(8) “Tribal correctional facility” means a jail or prison in Oregon that is operated by a federally recognized tribe and confines persons for more than 36 hours.

213-100-0040

Grant Application Requirements

(1) The grant application period will be determined by the Commission and identified in the grant solicitation.

(2) The proportion of grant funds available to an applicant shall be determined as follows and included in the grant solicitation:

(a) The Commission shall determine the proportion of grant funds available to tribal correctional facilities.

(b) The Commission shall establish a formula that determines the proportion of grant funds available to each local correctional facility based on intake rates and average daily population of a facility, and overdose data and population density for the jurisdiction(s) served.

(3) Grant applications must:

(a) Demonstrate the applicant operates a local correctional facility or tribal correctional facility in Oregon.

(b) Describe the applicant’s existing or planned coordination with a medication for opioid use disorder treatment provider.

(c) Describe how the applicant’s program aligns with, or intends to align with, best practices and standards of care related to medications for opioid use disorder treatment.

(d) Describe how grant funds will be used for one or more of the following:

(A) Provide medication, telemedicine, or any other reasonable treatment to persons in custody with an opioid disorder.

(B) Develop or operate mobile or nonmobile opioid treatment units.

(C) Administer screenings for opioid use disorder or risk of an acute opioid withdrawal.

(D) Facilitate transition planning services for persons in custody who seek or receive opioid use disorder treatment.

(E) Undertake any other actions reasonably calculated to mitigate operational or structural barriers to providing opioid use disorder treatment in local correctional facilities or tribal correctional facilities, including but not limited to mitigating any lack of secure storage for medication.

(e) Include a statement from the applicant acknowledging that any grant funds received must be expended in accordance with the allowable uses described in OAR 213-100-0040(3)(d).

(f) Include a letter of commitment from each administrator of a local correctional facility or tribal correctional facility who is associated with the application, committing to participate in good faith in the grant program.

(4) The Commission may, in its sole discretion, waive solicitation requirements or cancel any solicitation in whole or in part if it deems such action to be in the best interests of the Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant Program.

213-100-0050

Grant Application Review Criteria

The advisory committee and the Commission shall review and evaluate each grant application based on the following criteria:

(1) The grant application's responsiveness to the requirements set forth in OAR 213-100-0040(3).

(2) Other criteria that the Commission chooses to include in the grant solicitation.

213-100-0060

Grant Application Processing and Awards

(1) At least ten percent of the total moneys awarded to grant recipients must be awarded to local correctional facilities in rural areas or tribal correctional facilities. Any amount of the ten percent not awarded during an initial grant acceptance period may be awarded to any otherwise eligible applicant through the process described in OAR 213-100-0070.

(2) The advisory committee shall evaluate each application based on the criteria provided in OAR 213-100-0050 and make recommendations to the Commission.

(3) The Commission shall review each grant application and the recommendations of advisory committee and provide final approval in whole or in part. The Commission may reject portions of the application that fail to meet the criteria set forth in OAR 213-100-0050.

(4) The Commission may issue a provisional award with continued funding contingent upon improved performance and progress towards the criteria set forth in OAR 213-100-0050.

(5) The Commission may amend or adjust a grant awarded under this rule to address new circumstances, funding opportunities, or other developments in the implementation of a grant. After the grant is awarded, the Commission may amend the amount originally awarded.

213-100-0070 Unallocated Funds

If unallocated funds remain at the conclusion of the grant acceptance period or otherwise become available during the biennium, the Commission may:

(1) Use unallocated funds to supplement and expand the scope of one or more grants that were awarded, without the need for further grant solicitation, but using the criteria provided in OAR 213-100-0050.

(2) Open a grant application period, and allow for the submission of new applications, using the criteria and process provided in OAR 213-100-0040 through 213-100-0060.

213-100-0080 Evaluating Efficacy

The Commission will evaluate the progress and efficacy of programs and services funded by the Jail-based Medications for Opioid Use Disorder Grant Program through fiscal expenditure and program data collection. The Commission may develop other methods for evaluating program efficacy.

STATE OF OREGON
CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMISSION

Discussion Briefing

Date: June 11, 2024

To: Chair Solomon and Members of the Criminal Justice Commission

From: Rachel McArthur, Senior Policy Analyst

Subject: Review of Person Crime Designation for Crime of Sexual Assault of an Animal

On May 29, 2024, the Commission was asked to review the crime of Sexual Assault of an Animal (ORS 167.333) by the Oregon Board of Parole. The crime is identified as a sex crime in ORS 163.005 (5), registerable under ORS 163A.010, but it is not currently classified as person crime in OAR 213-003-0001. After discussion, the Commission agreed to postpone a decision for further review.

The attached table provides a breakdown of sex crimes as defined in ORS 163A.005 (5) and person crimes designated in OAR 213-003-0001.

Changes to person crime designations made by the Commission will necessitate agency rulemaking, as they are part of [Chapter 213 of the Oregon Administrative Rules](#), the chapter governing the Criminal Justice Commission.

Attachments:

Table: Sex Crimes with Person Crime Designation

Text from ORS 167.333, 163A.005, and 163A.010

Oregon Sentencing Guidelines Grid

Action Item:

Review and determine whether the crime of Sexual Assault of an Animal (ORS 167.333) should be designated as a person crime.

Any determination made will be included in proposed permanent rules and associated agency rulemaking.

STATE OF OREGON
CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMISSION

Sex Crimes with Person Crime Designation	
Sex Crime per ORS 163A.005(5)	Person Crime per OAR 213-003-001
Rape in any degree	Yes
Sodomy in any degree	Yes
Unlawful sexual penetration in any degree	Yes
Sexual abuse in any degree	Yes
Incest with a child victim	Yes
Using a child in a display of sexually explicit conduct	Yes
Encouraging child sexual abuse in any degree	Yes
Transporting child pornography into the state	
Paying for viewing a child's sexually explicit conduct	
Compelling prostitution	Yes
Promoting prostitution	Yes
Kidnapping in the first degree if the victim was under 18 years of age	Yes
Contributing to the sexual delinquency of a minor	Yes*
Sexual misconduct if the offender is at least 18 years of age	Yes*
Possession of materials depicting sexually explicit conduct of a child in the first degree	Yes
Kidnapping in the second degree if the victim was under 18 years of age, except by a parent or by a person found to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court	Yes
Online sexual corruption of a child in any degree if the offender reasonably believed the child to be more than five years younger than the offender	Yes
Luring a minor, if: (A) The offender reasonably believed the minor or, in the case of a police officer or agent of a police officer posing as a minor, the purported minor to be more than five years younger than the offender or under 16 years of age; and (B) The court designates in the judgement that the offense is a sex crime	Yes
Sexual assault of an animal	
Public indecency or private indecency, if the person has a prior conviction for a crime listed	Yes
Trafficking in persons as described in ORS 163.266 (1)(b) or (c)	Yes
Purchasing sex with a minor if the court designates the offense as a sex crime pursuant to ORS 163.413 (3)(d), or the offense is the defendant's second or subsequent conviction under ORS 163.413 (3)(b)(B)	Yes
Invasion of personal privacy in the first degree, if the court designates the offense as a sex crime pursuant to ORS 163.701 (3)	Yes
Sexual abuse by fraudulent representation	Yes
Any attempt to commit any of the crimes listed	Yes
Burglary, when committed with the intent to commit any of the offenses listed	
Criminal conspiracy if the offender agrees with one or more persons to engage in or cause the performance of an offense listed	

*Rule change pending; designated by Commission on 5/29/24

167.333 Sexual assault of an animal. (1) A person commits the crime of sexual assault of an animal if the person:

(a) Touches or contacts, or causes an object or another person to touch or contact, the mouth, anus or sex organs of an animal or animal carcass for the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of a person; or

(b) Causes an animal or animal carcass to touch or contact the mouth, anus or sex organs of a person for the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of a person.

(2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to the use of products derived from animals.

(3) Sexual assault of an animal is a Class C felony. [2001 c.926 §5b; 2003 c.428 §1; 2015 c.324 §3]

163A.005 Definitions for ORS 163A.005 to 163A.235. As used in ORS 163A.005 to 163A.235:

(1) “Another United States court” means a federal court, a military court, the tribal court of a federally recognized Indian tribe or a court of:

(a) A state other than Oregon;

(b) The District of Columbia;

(c) The Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;

(d) Guam;

(e) American Samoa;

(f) The Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands; or

(g) The United States Virgin Islands.

(2) “Attends” means is enrolled on a full-time or part-time basis.

(3)(a) “Correctional facility” means any place used for the confinement of persons:

(A) Charged with or convicted of a crime or otherwise confined under a court order.

(B) Found to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court for having committed an act that if committed by an adult would constitute a crime.

(b) “Correctional facility” applies to a state hospital or a secure intensive community inpatient facility only as to persons detained therein charged with or convicted of a crime, or detained therein after being found guilty except for insanity under ORS 161.290 to 161.373 or responsible except for insanity under ORS 419C.411.

(4) “Institution of higher education” means a public or private educational institution that provides a program of post-secondary education.

(5) “Sex crime” means:

(a) Rape in any degree;

(b) Sodomy in any degree;

(c) Unlawful sexual penetration in any degree;

- (d) Sexual abuse in any degree;
- (e) Incest with a child victim;
- (f) Using a child in a display of sexually explicit conduct;
- (g) Encouraging child sexual abuse in any degree;
- (h) Transporting child pornography into the state;
- (i) Paying for viewing a child's sexually explicit conduct;
- (j) Compelling prostitution;
- (k) Promoting prostitution;
- (L) Kidnapping in the first degree if the victim was under 18 years of age;
- (m) Contributing to the sexual delinquency of a minor;
- (n) Sexual misconduct if the offender is at least 18 years of age;
- (o) Possession of materials depicting sexually explicit conduct of a child in the first degree;
- (p) Kidnapping in the second degree if the victim was under 18 years of age, except by a parent or by a person found to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court;
- (q) Online sexual corruption of a child in any degree if the offender reasonably believed the child to be more than five years younger than the offender;
- (r) Luring a minor, if:
 - (A) The offender reasonably believed the minor or, in the case of a police officer or agent of a police officer posing as a minor, the purported minor to be more than five years younger than the offender or under 16 years of age; and
 - (B) The court designates in the judgment that the offense is a sex crime;
- (s) Sexual assault of an animal;
- (t) Public indecency or private indecency, if the person has a prior conviction for a crime listed in this subsection;
- (u) Trafficking in persons as described in ORS 163.266 (1)(b) or (c);
- (v) Purchasing sex with a minor if the court designates the offense as a sex crime pursuant to ORS 163.413 (3)(d), or the offense is the defendant's second or subsequent conviction under ORS 163.413 (3)(b)(B);
- (w) Invasion of personal privacy in the first degree, if the court designates the offense as a sex crime pursuant to ORS 163.701 (3);
- (x) Sexual abuse by fraudulent representation;
- (y) Any attempt to commit any of the crimes listed in paragraphs (a) to (x) of this subsection;
- (z) Burglary, when committed with intent to commit any of the offenses listed in paragraphs (a) to (x) of this subsection; or
- (aa) Criminal conspiracy if the offender agrees with one or more persons to engage in or cause the performance of an offense listed in paragraphs (a) to (x) of this subsection.

(6) “Sex offender” means a person who:

(a) Has been convicted of a sex crime;

(b) Has been found guilty except for insanity of a sex crime;

(c) Has been convicted in another United States court of a crime:

(A) That would constitute a sex crime if committed in this state; or

(B) For which the person would have to register as a sex offender in that court’s jurisdiction, or as required under federal law, regardless of whether the crime would constitute a sex crime in this state; or

(d) Is described in ORS 163A.025 (1).

(7) “Works” or “carries on a vocation” means full-time or part-time employment for more than 14 days within one calendar year whether financially compensated, volunteered or for the purpose of governmental or educational benefit. [Formerly 181.805; 2023 c.200 §4]

163A.010 Reporting by sex offender discharged, paroled or released from correctional facility or another United States jurisdiction. (1) The agency to which a person reports under subsection (3) of this section shall complete a sex offender registration form concerning the person when the person reports under subsection (3) of this section.

(2) Subsection (3) of this section applies to a person who:

(a) Is discharged, paroled or released on any form of supervised or conditional release from a jail, prison or other correctional facility or detention facility in this state at which the person was confined as a result of:

(A) Conviction of a sex crime or a crime for which the person would have to register as a sex offender under federal law; or

(B) Having been found guilty except for insanity of a sex crime;

(b) Is paroled to this state under ORS 144.610 after being convicted in another United States court of a crime:

(A) That would constitute a sex crime if committed in this state; or

(B) For which the person would have to register as a sex offender in that court’s jurisdiction, or as required under federal law, regardless of whether the crime would constitute a sex crime in this state; or

(c) Is discharged by the court under ORS 161.329 after having been found guilty except for insanity of a sex crime.

The Oregon Sentencing Guidelines Grid

Crime Seriousness	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	Prob Term	Max Depart	PPS
11	225-269	196-224	178-194	164-177	149-163	135-148	129-134	122-128	120-121	5 Years		3 Years
10	121-130	116-120	111-115	91-110	81-90	71-80	66-70	61-65	58-60			
9	66-72	61-65	56-60	51-55	46-50	41-45	39-40	37-38	34-36			
8	41-45	35-40	29-34	27-28	25-26	23-24	21-22	19-20	16-18	3 Years	18 Mos.	2 Years
7	31-36	25-30	21-24	19-20	16-18	180-90	180-90	180-90	180-90			
6	25-30	19-24	15-18	13-14	10-12	180-90	180-90	180-90	180-90			
5	15-16	13-14	11-12	9-10	6-8	180-90	120-60	120-60	120-60	2 Years	12 Mos.	1 Year
4	10-11	8-9	120-60	120-60	120-60	120-60	120-60	120-60	120-60			
3	120-60	120-60	120-60	120-60	120-60	120-60	90-30	90-30	90-30	1 ½ Years	6 Mos.	1 Year
2	90-30	90-30	90-30	90-30	90-30	90-30	90-30	90-30	90-30			
1	90-30	90-30	90-30	90-30	90-30	90-30	90-30	90-30	90-30			

The presumptive grid block for any felony conviction is the intersection where the crime seriousness ranking and the criminal history classification meet. Grid blocks in the shaded area represent the range of presumptive imprisonment and post-prison supervision (PPS). Non-shaded grid blocks are presumptive sentences of probation (Prob. Term) with local custodial sanctions in days (upper number) and maximum jail days without a departure (lower number).

In grid blocks 4-C and 4-D, for offenders sentenced under 2011 Oregon Laws ch 598 (SB 395), the upper number of sanction units shall be 180, and the lower number of sanction units shall be 90. Offenders sentenced under 2011 Oregon Laws ch 598 shall serve a mandatory minimum term of incarceration of 90 days without reduction for any reason.

The probation term of 5 years applies to levels 9-11, the term of 3 years applies to levels 6-8, 2 years applies to levels 3-5, and 1 ½ years applies to levels 1-2.

The upward dispositional departure maximum sentence (Max Dispositional Depart) for a presumptive probation sentence shall be:

- Up to six months for offenses classified in Crime Categories 1 and 2, or grid blocks 3-G, 3-H and 3-I;
- Up to twelve months for offenses classified in grid blocks 3-A through 3-F, 4-C through 4-I and 5-G through 5-I; and
- Up to eighteen months for offenses classified in grid blocks 5-F, 6-F through 6-I, and 7-F through 7-I.

Under certain conditions a probation sentence may be imposed in grid blocks 8-G, 8-H and 8-I without a departure.

Criminal History Categories

Oregon Administrative Rule 213-004-0007 defines criminal history categories.

A	The criminal history includes three or more person felonies in any combination of adult convictions or juvenile adjudications.
B	The criminal history includes two person felonies in any combination of adult convictions or juvenile adjudications.
C	The criminal history includes one adult conviction or juvenile adjudication for a person felony; and one or more adult conviction or juvenile adjudication for a non-person felony.
D	The criminal history includes one adult conviction or juvenile adjudication for a person felony but no adult conviction or juvenile adjudications for a non-person felony.
E	The criminal history includes four or more adult convictions for non-person felonies but no adult conviction or juvenile adjudication for a person felony.
F	The criminal history includes two or three adult convictions for non-person felonies but no adult conviction or juvenile adjudication for a person felony.
G	The criminal history includes four or more adult convictions for Class A misdemeanors; one adult conviction for a non-person felony; or three or more juvenile adjudications for non-person felonies, but no adult conviction or juvenile adjudication for a person felony.
H	The criminal history includes no adult felony conviction or juvenile adjudication for a person felony; no more than two juvenile adjudications for non-person felonies; and no more than three adult convictions for Class A misdemeanors.
I	The criminal history does not include any juvenile adjudication for a felony or any adult conviction for a felony or Class A misdemeanor.