OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL

Water Quality Biofiltration Swale

Manual prepared: March 2019

DFI No. D00958

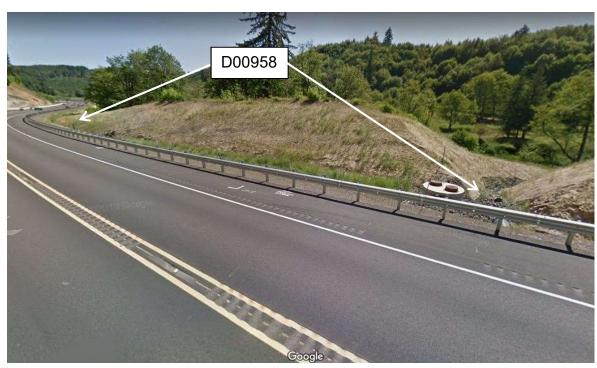


Figure 1: DFI No. D00958, looking South

Identification

Drainage Facility ID (DFI): D00958

Facility Type: Water Quality Biofiltration Swale

Construction Drawings: (V-File Numbers) 49V-028

Location: District: 4

Highway No.: 33

Mile Post: 16.07 to 16.09, right

1. Manual Purpose

The purpose of this manual is to outline inspection needs and summarize maintenance actions.

2. Facility Location

The location map below details the facility location. The highway, mile posts, side streets, access location, and stormwater flow directions are noted on the map.

Facility location type: Roadway shoulder

Flow direction: west

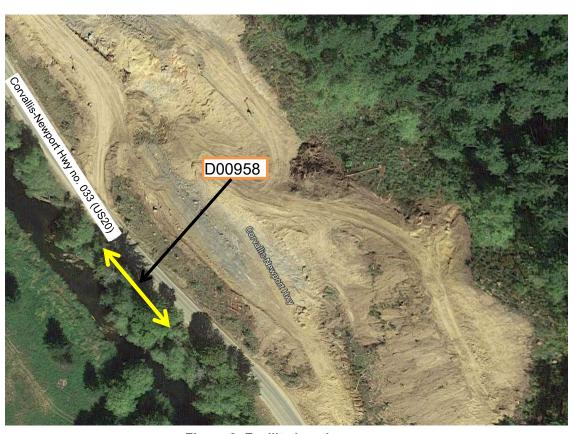


Figure 2: Facility location map

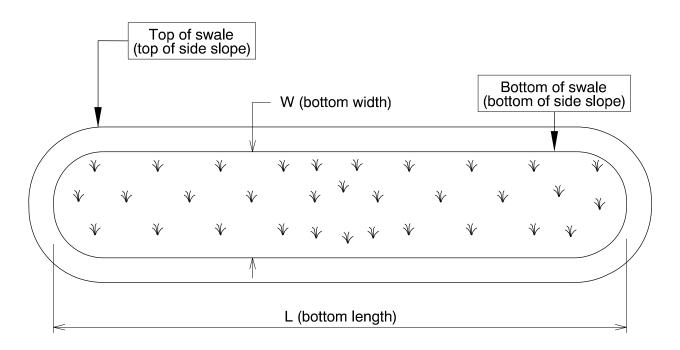
2

3. Facility Summary

The length and width of a swale is based on the bottom dimensions.

The bottom length and bottom width of the swale is:

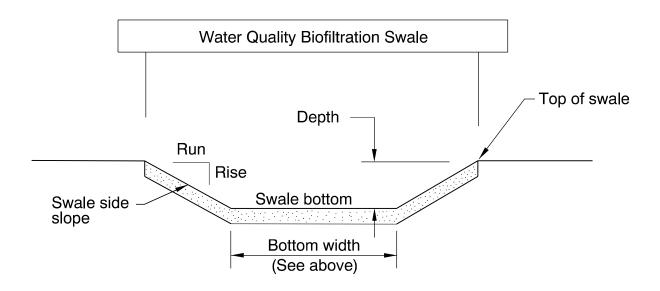
Bottom Length (feet)	Bottom Width (feet)
112	6



The depth of the swale is the vertical distance measured from the bottom of the swale to the top. The slope of the swale sides is presented by a vertical distance (rise) followed by the horizontal distance (run).

Depth and side slopes:

Depth (feet)	Rise (feet)	Run (feet)
1.5 minimum	1	2



<u>Site Specific Information:</u> Swale has manhole and pipe for swale discharges. Manhole contains a flow control device made up of two orifices. One orifice has a diameter of 0.5 inches. It is used to back low flows up into the swale. Other orifice has a diameter of 1.9 inches and it is used to back high flows up into the swale. The orifices should be routinely cleaned. To clean the 0.5 inches orifice, remove the stainless steel mesh. Inspect the 1.90 inches orifice and clean if necessary.

4. Facility Access

Maintenance access to the facility:

□Roadside pad	⊠Roadside shoulder
□Access road with Gate	□Access road without Gate



Figure 3: Looking South

5. Operational Components / Maintenance Items

Classification

This facility is classified as an:

☑ On-line Swale	☐ Off-line Swale
A swale that does not include a high flow bypass component; flow drains into and through the facility	A swale that treats low/small flows and diverts high flows using a bypass component

Bypass Component

This facility includes a high flow bypass component:

⊠ No	□ Yes
There is no bypass component. High flows drains into and through the facility	There is a bypass component. Only low/small flows drain into the swale. High flows are diverted around the swale using a bypass component

Operational Components

A swale has many components that assist with treatment, conveyance, and reducing flow velocity to minimize erosion. The components in use can vary depending if the facility was designed to operate on-line or off-line. The facility components table (**Table 1**) has been provided to highlight the applicable components for this facility. The component is in use when the box contains an "x" (e.g. \boxtimes).

The Standard Operation Manual for Water Quality Biofiltration Swales (implemented March 2017) outlines facility operation, typical footprint configuration, and component definitions and details. A link to the manual is attached to the feature marker in TransGIS.

https://gis.odot.state.or.us/TransGIS/

Operational Plan

The applicable standard operational plan for this facility is:

		☐ Operational Plan C	
An on-line swale with roadside ditches	An on-line swale with piped inlets and outlets	An off-line swale with a piped high flow bypass	
	lustrates the general facility footpri onent. Operational plans (A, B, C) a		

See Appendix A for the site specific operational plan.

Maintenance Items

Operational components marked in **Table 1** should be inspected and maintained according to Section 7. Each facility component is defined and detailed in the Standard Operation Manual using the associated ID number indicated below.

Table 1: Swale Components		ID#
Manholes/Structures		
Pre-treatment manhole		S1
Weir type flow splitter/flow splitter manhole		S2
Orifice type flow splitter/flow splitter manhole		S3
Standard manhole	\boxtimes	S4
Swale Inlet		

Pavement sheet flow
Open channel inlet
Riprap pad S8 Ground Cover Grass bottom S9 Grass side slopes S10 Granular drain rock S11 Plantings S12 Underground Components Geotextile fabric S13 Water quality mix S14 Perforated pipe S15 Porous pavers (access grid) S16 Flow Spreader Rock basin (used at swale midpoint) S17 Anchored board (midpoint of swale or every 50 feet along swale bottom) S38
Ground Cover Grass bottom □ S9 Grass side slopes □ S10 Granular drain rock □ S11 Plantings □ S12 Underground Components Geotextile fabric □ S13 Water quality mix □ S14 Perforated pipe □ S15 Porous pavers (access grid) □ S16 Flow Spreader Rock basin (used at swale midpoint) □ S17 Anchored board (midpoint of swale or every 50 feet along swale bottom) □ S18
Grass bottom ☑ S9 Grass side slopes ☑ S10 Granular drain rock ☐ S11 Plantings ☐ S12 Underground Components Geotextile fabric ☒ S13 Water quality mix ☒ S14 Perforated pipe ☐ S15 Porous pavers (access grid) ☐ S16 Flow Spreader ☐ S17 Anchored board (midpoint of swale or every 50 feet along swale bottom) ☒ S18
Grass side slopes
Granular drain rock ☐ S11 Plantings ☐ S12 Underground Components Geotextile fabric ☐ S13 Water quality mix ☐ S14 Perforated pipe ☐ S15 Porous pavers (access grid) ☐ S16 Flow Spreader Rock basin (used at swale midpoint) ☐ S17 Anchored board (midpoint of swale or every 50 feet along swale bottom) ☐ S18
Plantings ☐ S12 Underground Components Geotextile fabric ☐ S13 Water quality mix ☐ S14 Perforated pipe ☐ S15 Porous pavers (access grid) ☐ S16 Flow Spreader Rock basin (used at swale midpoint) ☐ S17 Anchored board (midpoint of swale or every 50 feet along swale bottom) ☐ S18
Underground Components Geotextile fabric
Geotextile fabric S13 Water quality mix S14 Perforated pipe S15 Porous pavers (access grid) S16 Flow Spreader Rock basin (used at swale midpoint) S17 Anchored board (midpoint of swale or every 50 feet along swale bottom) S18
Water quality mix Perforated pipe □ S15 Porous pavers (access grid) □ S16 Flow Spreader Rock basin (used at swale midpoint) Anchored board (midpoint of swale or every 50 feet along swale bottom) S14 S15 S16 S16 S17 S18
Perforated pipe
Porous pavers (access grid) Flow Spreader Rock basin (used at swale midpoint) Anchored board (midpoint of swale or every 50 feet along swale bottom) S16 S17 S18
Flow Spreader Rock basin (used at swale midpoint) Anchored board (midpoint of swale or every 50 feet along swale bottom) S17 S18
Rock basin (used at swale midpoint) Anchored board (midpoint of swale or every 50 feet along swale bottom) S17 S18
Anchored board (midpoint of swale or every 50 feet along swale bottom)
feet along swale bottom)
Other:
Swale Outlet
Catch basin with grate
Outlet Pipe (s)
Open channel outlet S22
Auxiliary Outlet: S23
Outfall Type
□ C
Waterbody (Creek/Lake/Ocean)
,
Ditch S25
Storm drain system S26
Outfall Components
Riprap pad S27
Riprap bank protection

6. Maintenance

Maintenance Frequency/Maintain Records

- a. Inspect annually. Preferably prior to the rainy season.
- b. Clean and maintain as necessary. Refer to Activity 125 for conditions when maintenance is needed.
- c. Keep a record of inspections, maintenance, and repairs.

Maintenance Guide/Maintenance Actions

The ODOT Routine Road Maintenance Water Quality and Habitat Guide (the *Blue Book*) outlines the standard maintenance actions for water quality facilities under Activity 125.

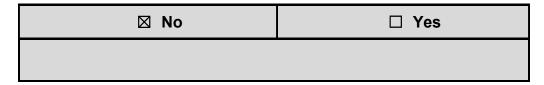
There are standard maintenance tables for standard ODOT designs. The maintenance tables describe the maintenance component, the defect or problem, the condition when maintenance is needed, and the recommended maintenance to correct the problem. Use the following tables to maintain ODOT swales:

- Table 1 (General Maintenance): Contains general maintenance and inspection guidelines that are applicable to all ODOT water quality facilities
- Table 3 (Maintenance of Water Quality or Biofiltration Swales): Contains maintenance information for swales

The *Blue Book* can be viewed at the following website: http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/Maintenance/Documents/blue_book.pdf

7. Limitations

Access grid installed:



Swales are designed to allow equipment access along the bottom. If an access grid is **NOT** installed, vehicles entering the swale can create depressions (tire ruts), damage vegetation, and damage structural components (e.g. flow spreaders). These conditions may result in poor treatment and drainage performance.

Equipment wheels should be kept on the tops and side slopes. Mower arms may be run along the swale bottom.

8. Waste Material Handling

Material removed from the facility is defined as waste by the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ). Refer to the roadwaste section of the ODOT Maintenance Yard Environmental Management System (EMS) Policy and Procedures Manual for disposal options:

http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/Maintenance/Documents/ems_manual.pdf

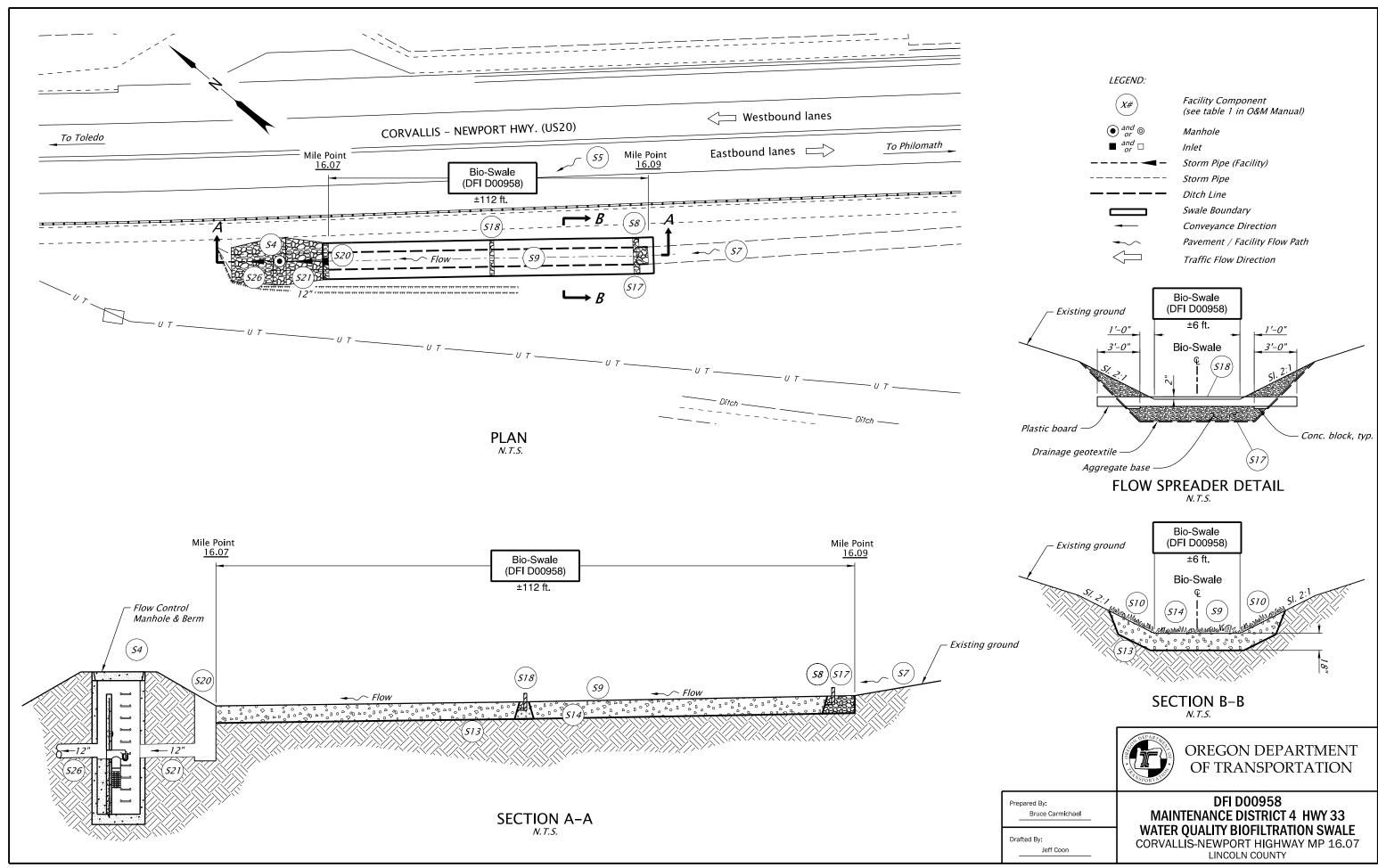
Contact any of the following for more detailed information about management of waste materials found on site:

ODOT Clean Water Unit	(503) 986-3008
ODOT Statewide Hazmat Coordinator	(503) 667-7442
ODOT Region 1 Hazmat Coordinator	(503) 731-8290
ODOT Region 2 Hazmat Coordinator	(503) 986-2647
ODOT Region 3 Hazmat Coordinator	(541) 957-3594
ODOT Region 4 Hazmat Coordinator	(541) 388-6186
ODOT Region 5 Hazmat Coordinator	(541) 963-1590
ODEQ Northwest Region Office	(503) 229-5263

A Appendix A – Site Specific Operational Plan

Contents:

Operational Plan: DFI D00958



E	B Appendix B – Project Contract Plans
(Contents:
8	Site Specific Subset of Project Contract Plan 49V-028
	R-1

