OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL

DFI No.: D00379

Facility Type: Water Quality Biofiltration

Swale



MARCH, 2011

INDEX

1.	IDENTIFICATION		1
2.	FACILITY CONTACT IN	IFORMATION	1
3.	CONSTRUCTION		1
4.	STORM DRAIN SYSTE	M AND FACILITY OVERVIEW	1
5.	FACILITY HAZ MAT SP	PILL FEATURE(S)	4
6.	AUXILIARY OUTLET (F	IIGH FLOW BYPASS)	4
7.	MAINTENANCE REQUI	REMENTS	5
8.	WASTE MATERIAL HA	NDLING	6
ΑP	PENDIX A:	Operational Plan and Profile Drawing(s	3)
ΑP	PENDIX B:	ODOT Project Plan Sheet	S

1. Identification

Drainage Facility ID (DFI): **D00379**

Facility Type: Water Quality Biofiltration Swale

Construction Drawings: (V-File Number) 43V-063

Location: District: 7

Highway No.: 035

Mile Post: 69.75 / 69.77 (beg./end)

Description: This facility is located on the northern side of OR42 (Hwy 035, Coos Bay-

Roseburg Highway). Access can be obtained from the westbound shoulder of

the highway.

2. Facility Contact Information

Contact the Engineer of Record, Region Technical Center, or Geo-Environmental's Senior Hydraulics Engineer for:

- Operational clarification
- Maintenance clarification
- Repair or restoration assistance

Engineering Contacts:

Region Technical Center Hydraulics Engineer (541) 957-3693

Or

Geo-Environmental Senior Hydraulics Engineer (503) 986-3365.

3. Construction

Engineer of Record: ODOT Designer – Region 3 Tech. Center, Brian

Banta, 541-957-3573

Facility construction: 2006

Contractor: LTM Inc. Construction Company.]

4. Storm Drain System and Facility Overview

A water quality swale is a flat-bottomed open channel designed to treat stormwater runoff from highway pavement areas. This type of facility is lined with grass. Treatment by trapping sedimentation occurs when stormwater runoff flows through the grass.

Stormwater is conveyed to the facility from sheet flow generated by OR42. Refer to the Operational Plan in Appendix A for further information. Water conveyed into the swale undergoes treatment as it flows through the length of the channel. The treated water flows out of the swale through an 24-inch culvert. This culvert discharges into a roadside ditch on the south side of OR42.

Α.	Maintenance	equipment	access
/ ۱۰	Manne	cquipincin	access.

Maintenance crews can access the facility from the westbound shoulder of OR42.

В.	Heavy equipment access into facility:
	☑ Allowed (no limitations)☐ Allowed (with limitations)☐ Not allowed
C.	Special Features:
	☑ Amended Soils☐ Porous Pavers☐ Liners☑ Underdrains



Photo 1: Looking west near the western-end of the facility. Sheet flow from OR42 on the left side of the picture contributes stormwater into the swale.



Photo 2: Looking west near the eastern-end of the facility. Sheet flow from OR42 on the left side of the picture contributes stormwater into the swale.



Photo 3: Looking east, flow into the swale is generated from OR42 on the right side of the picture.

5. Facility Haz Mat Spill Feature(s)

The water quality biofiltration swale can be used to store a volume of liquid by blocking the 24-inch outlet pipe located at the outlet of the swale facility. Refer to Photo 2 for a picture of this culvert. The use of sandbags and using them to block the flow of stormwater from flowing past the last erosion control check dam may also be considered as another option.

6. Auxiliary Outlet (High Flow Bypass)

Auxiliary Outlets are provided if the primary outlet control structure can not safely pass the projected high flows. Broad-crested spillway weirs and

over flow risers are the two most common auxiliary outlets used in stormwater treatment facility design. The auxiliary outlet feature is either a part of the facility or an additional storm drain feature/structure.

The auxiliary outlet feature for this facility is:
☐ Designed into facility

7. Maintenance Requirements

Routine maintenance table for non-proprietary stormwater treatment and storage/detention facilities have been incorporated into ODOT's Maintenance Guide. These tables summarize the maintenance requirements for ponds, swales, filter strips, bioslopes, and detention tanks and vaults. Special maintenance requirements in addition to the routine requirements are noted below when applicable.

The ODOT Maintenance Guide can be viewed at the following website:

http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/HWY/OOM/MGuide.shtml

Maintenance requirements for proprietary structures, such as underground water quality manholes and/or vaults with filter media are noted in Appendix C when applicable.

The following stormwater facility maintenance table (See ODOT Maintenance Guide) should be used to maintain the facility outlined in this Operation and Maintenance Manual or follow the Maintenance requirements outlined in Appendix C when proprietary structure is selected below:

	□ Table 1 (general maintenance)
	☐ Table 2 (stormwater ponds)
	□ Table 3 (water quality biofiltration swales)
	☐ Table 4 (water quality filter strips)
	☐ Table 5 (water quality bioslopes)
	☐ Table 6 (detention tank)
	☐ Table 7 (detention vault)
	☐ Appendix C (proprietary structure)
	☐ Special Maintenance requirements:
Note:	Special maintenance Requirements Require Concurrence from

ODOT SR Hydraulics Engineer.

8. Waste Material Handling

Material removed from the facility is defined as waste by DEQ. Refer to the roadwaste section of the ODOT Maintenance Yard Environmental Management System (EMS) Policy and Procedures Manual for disposal options: http://egov.oregon.gov/ODOT/HWY/OOM/EMS.shtml

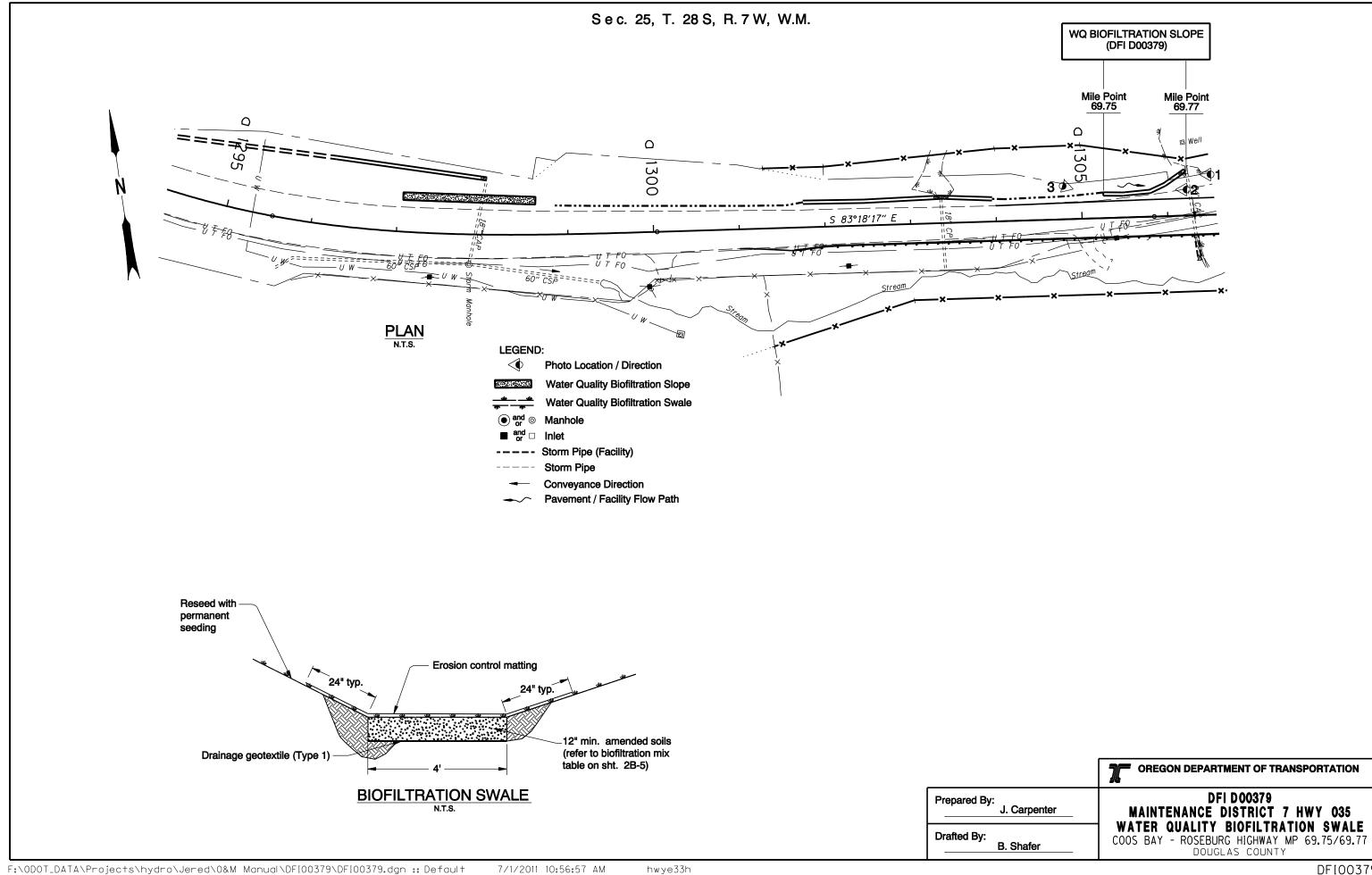
Contact any of the following for more detailed information about management of waste materials found on site:

ODOT Clean Water Unit	(503) 986-3008
ODOT Statewide Hazmat Coordinator	(503) 229-5129
ODOT Region Hazmat Coordinator	(541) 957-3594
ODEQ Northwest Region Office	(503) 229-5263

Appendix A

Content:

• Operational Plan and Profile Drawing(s)



Appendix B

Content:

- ODOT Project Plan Sheets
 - o Cover/Title Sheet
 - o Water Quality/Detention Plan Sheets
 - o Other Details

INDEX OF SHEETS		
SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION		
1	Title Sheet	
1A	Index Of Sheets Cont'd. & Std. Drg. Nos.	

STATE OF OREGON DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

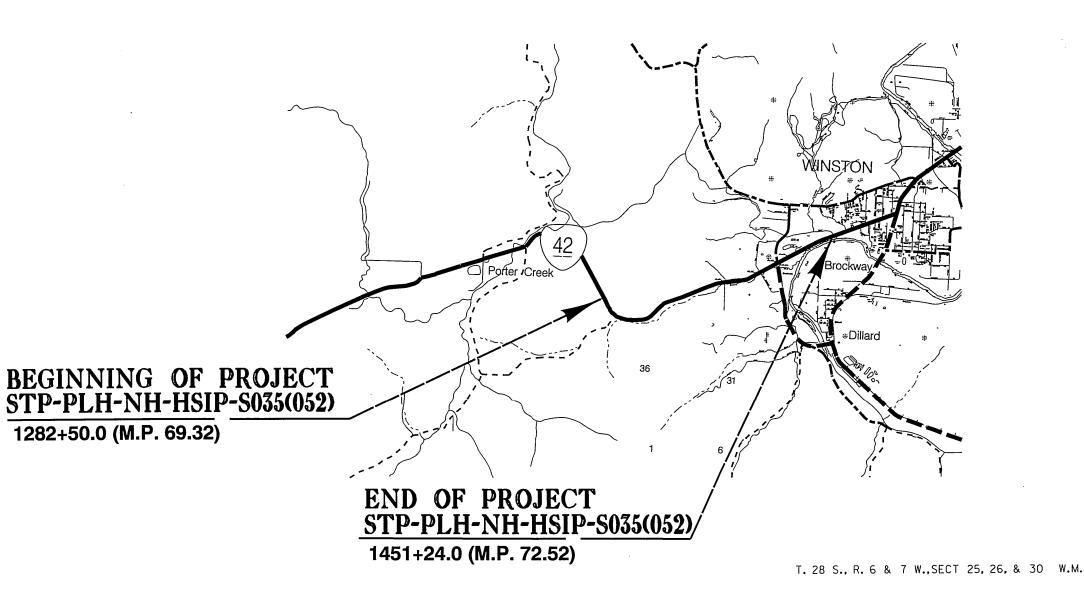
PLANS FOR PROPOSED PROJECT

GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, & SIGNING

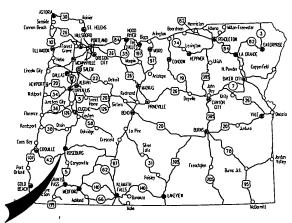
OR42: HOOVER HILL TO LOOKINGGLASS CREEK

COOS BAY - ROSEBURG HIGHWAY

DOUGLAS COUNTY FEBRUARY 2010



43V-063



Overall Length Of Project - 3.2 Miles

ATTENTION:

Oregon Law Requires You To Follow Rules
Adopted By The Oregon Utility Notification
Center. Those Rules Are Set Forth In
OAR 952-001-0010 Through OAR 952-001-0090.
You May Obtain Copies Of The Rules By Calling
The Center. (Note: The Telephone Number For
The Oregon Utility Center Is (503) 232-1987.)



OREGON TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Cail Achterman CHAIR
Michael Nelson VICE-CHAIR
Janice Wilson COMMISSIONER
Alan Brown COMMISSIONER
David Lohman COMMISSIONER
Matthew L. Garrett DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION

These plans were developed using ODOT design standards. Exceptions to these standards, if any, have been submitted and approved by the ODOT Chief Engineer or their delegated authority.

Approving Authority: M. hon
Signature & date 11/25/09

Mark Thompson Rg.3 Tech Ctr. Mgr. Print name and title

Ya loo AM

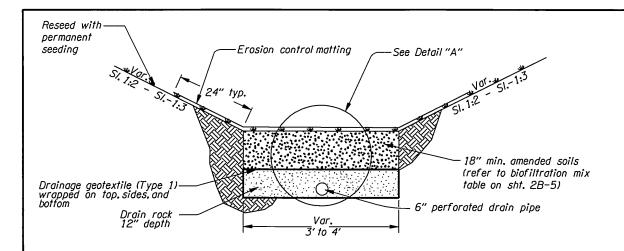
Concurrence by ODOT Chief Engineer

OR42: HOOVER HILL TO LOOKINGGLASS CREEK

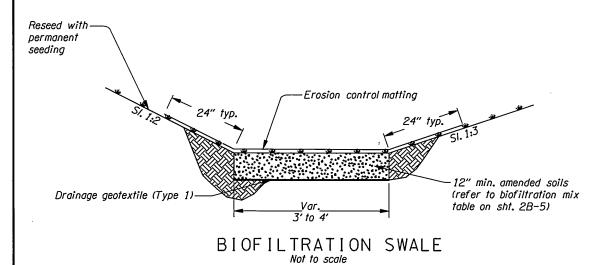
COOS BAY - ROSEBURG HWY
DOUGLAS COUNTY

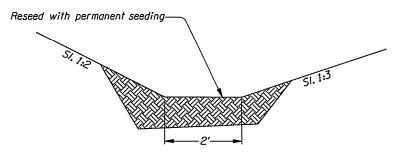
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION	PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NO.
OREGON DIVISION	STP-PLH-NH-HSIP-S035(052)	1



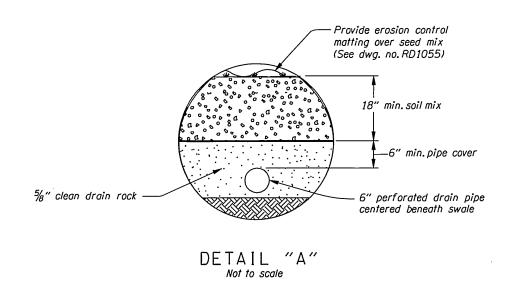


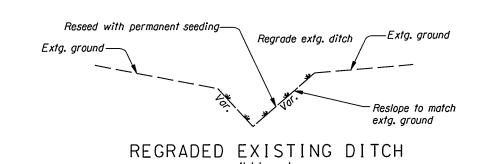
BIOFILTRATION SWALE W/ UNDER DRAIN
Not to scale

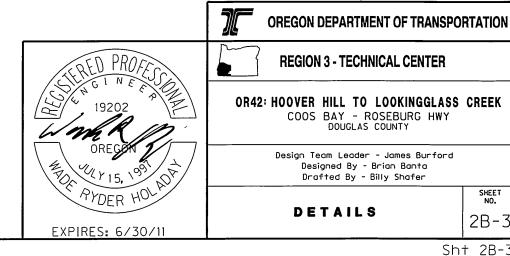




2' FLAT BOTTOM CONVEYANCE DITCH

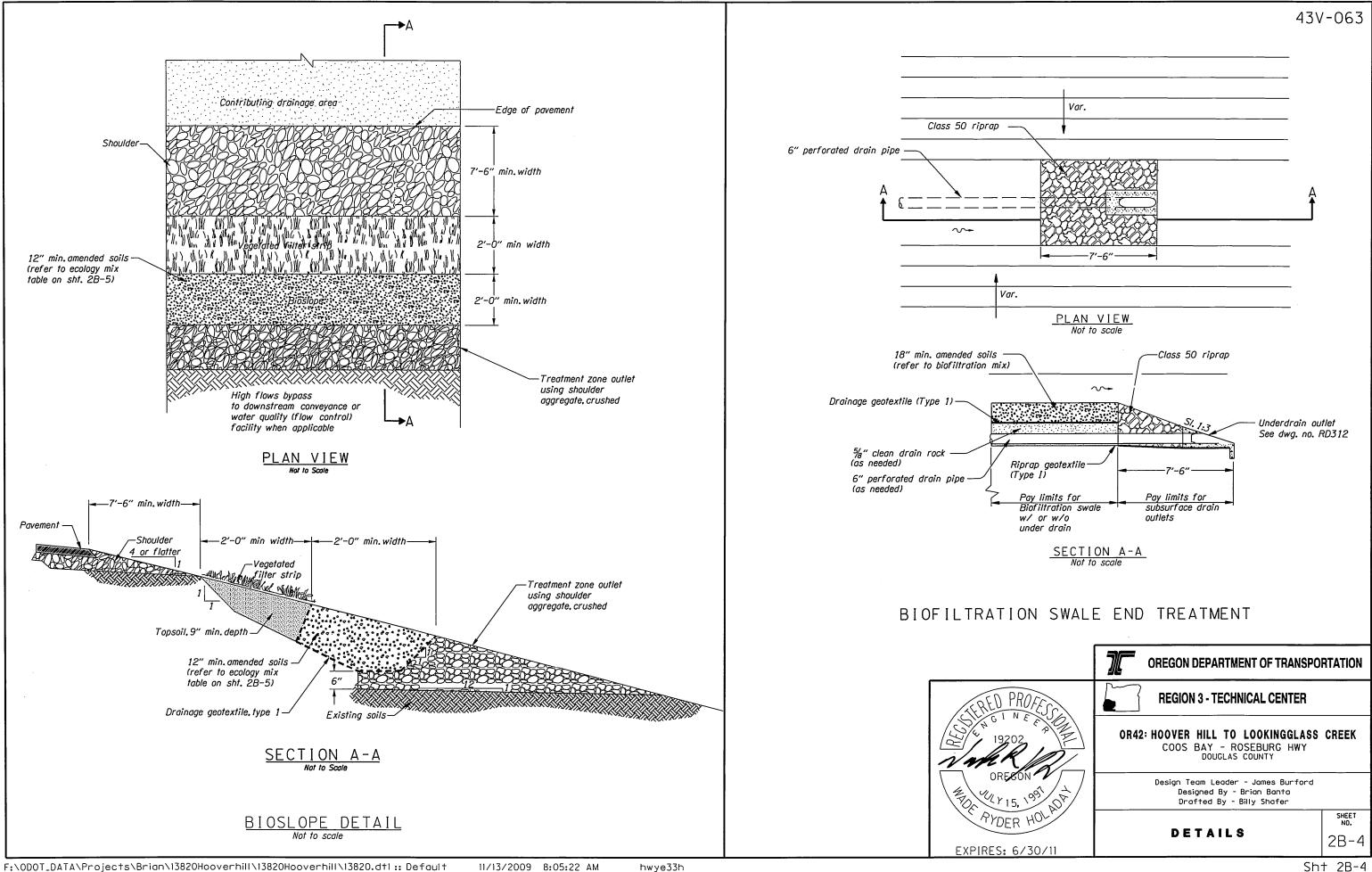






SHEET NO.

2B-3



ECOLOGY MIX TABLE

Use this mix for bioslopes

AMENDMENT	DESCRIPTION	ON		MIX RATIO	
Aggregates	Aggregates % inch to #10 sieve shall meet the following requirements:		3 cubic yards (c.y.)		
	● Tests:				
	● Abrasion (Test Method 7	T96)	35% max.		
	Oregon Air Aggregate D	egradation	30% max.		
	Grading and quality:	Damaant	Danelin ii		
	Sieve Size	Percent ((by weigh			
	5%4" square	100			
	%" square	90-100			
	U.S. No. 4	35-56			
	U.S. No. 10	0-10			
	U.S. No. 200 % fracture, by weight	0-1.5 t. min. 75			
	Static stripping test	Pass			
	Fracture: At least one fra material retained on a N retains more than 5 percentage.	lo. 20 sieve if th	at sieve		
	Finished product: Clean free from wood, bark, rodeleterious materials.	n, uniform in qua ots, and other	ality, and		
	 Aggregates: Substantia coatings. The presence film of weathered rock n unless it exists on more area of any size between sieves. 	of a thin, firmly ot be considere than 50% of the	adhering d as coating surface		
	Horticulture grade, free of any toxic materials		1 cubic yard		
Perlite	Size gradation:		per 3 cubic yards of aggregate		
	Min 70% retained by a No. 18 sieve				
	 Max. 10% smaller that a No. 30 sieve. 	n that which pa	sses through		
D 1	Calcium mangnesium carbonate - CaMg			10 pounds	
Dolomite	Agriculture grade, free o	of any toxic mate	erials	per 1 c.y. of Perlite	
	 Size gradation: 100% passes through a No. 8 sieve and 100% retained by a No. 16 sieve. 		or remite		
Gypsum	Non-calcined, agricultura (hydrated calcium sulfated)	al gypsum - Cas e)	So ₄ •2H ₂ O	1.5 pounds per 1 c.y.	
	 Agriculture grade, free o Size gradation: 100% pa and 100% retained by a 	asses through a		of Perlite	

BIOFILTRATION MIX TABLE

Biofiltration mix is used for the treatment zone along the entire biofiltration swale bottom to remove pollutants as stormwater runoff drains through this media mix. General design criteria includes:

- The minimum depth is 12 inches
- The biofiltration mix consists of the following materials:

MEDIUM	DESCRIPTION	PERCENTAGE OF MEDIUM IN FILTER LAYER	
 Coarse grade with an effective particle size (D10) of 0.012" - 0.20" (0.3 - 0.5 mm) Sand Uniformity coefficient of less than 4 Washed 		40% - 50%	
Loam or loamy sand texture per USDA Soil Textural Classification Clay content of less than 5%		30% if loam or 40% if loamy sand	
Compost	Coarse compost conforming to special provision 01040.15(b)	20% - 30%	
Total Composition		100%	
Total Organic Measured per ASTM Designation D2974 (Standard test method for Moisture, Ash and Organic Matter of Peat and other organic soils)		Approx. 10% by dry weight	

