OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL

Water Quality Biofiltration Swale

Manual prepared: July 2017

DFI No. D00299



Figure 1: DFI No. D00299, looking South

1. Identification

Drainage Facility ID (DFI): D00299

Facility Type: Water Quality Biofiltration Swale Construction Drawings: (V-File Numbers) 40V-022

Location: District: 2C

Highway No.: 100

Mile Post: 51.26 to 51.27, Right

2. Manual Purpose

The purpose of this manual is to outline inspection needs and summarize maintenance actions.

3. Facility Location

The location map below details the facility location. The highway, mile posts, side streets, access location, and stormwater flow directions are noted on the map.

Flow direction: North and west

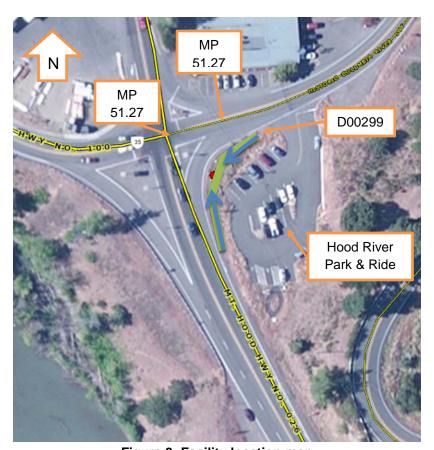


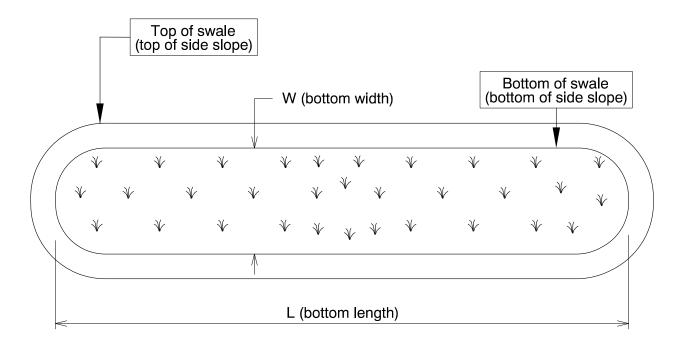
Figure 2: Facility location map

4. Facility Summary

The length and width of a swale is based on the bottom dimensions.

The bottom length and bottom width of the swale is:

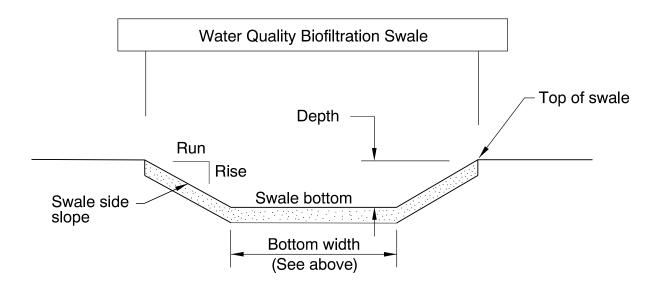
Bottom Length (feet)	Bottom Width (feet)
140	1



The depth of the swale is the vertical distance measured from the bottom of the swale to the top. The slope of the swale sides is presented by a vertical distance (rise) followed by the horizontal distance (run).

Depth and side slopes:

Depth (feet)	Rise (feet)	Run (feet)
Varies	1	Varies



<u>Site Specific Information:</u> This swale uses a combination of water quality mix and granular drain rock. It can be identified by the exposed granular drain rock.

5. Facility Access

Maintenance access to the facility:

☐Roadside pad	⊠Roadside shoulder
☐Access road with Gate	☐Access road without Gate



Figure 3: Facility access via roadside shoulder, looking South

6. Operational Components / Maintenance Items

Classification

This facility is classified as an:

☑ On-line Swale	☐ Off-line Swale
A swale that does not include a high flow bypass component; flow drains into and through the facility	A swale that treats low/small flows and diverts high flows using a bypass component

Bypass Component

This facility includes a high flow bypass component:

⊠ No	☐ Yes	
There is no bypass component. High flows drains into and through the facility	There is a bypass component. Only low/small flows drain into the swale. High flows are diverted around the swale using a bypass component	

Operational Components

A swale has many components that assist with treatment, conveyance, and reducing flow velocity to minimize erosion. The components in use can vary depending if the facility was designed to operate on-line or off-line. The facility components table (**Table 1**) has been provided to highlight the applicable components for this facility. The component is in use when the box contains an "x" (e.g. \boxtimes).

The Standard Operation Manual for Water Quality Biofiltration Swales (implemented March 2017) outlines facility operation, typical footprint configuration, and component definitions and details. A link to the manual is attached to the feature marker in TransGIS.

https://gis.odot.state.or.us/TransGIS/

Operational Plan

The applicable standard operational plan for this facility is:

	☐ Operational Plan B	☐ Operational Plan C		
A standard operational plan illustrates the general facility footprint configuration and explains the purpose of each facility component. Operational plans (A, B, C) are provided in the Standard Operation Manual.				

See Appendix A for the site specific operational plan.

Maintenance Items

Operational components marked in **Table 1** should be inspected and maintained according to Section 7. Each facility component is defined and detailed in the Standard Operation Manual using the associated ID number indicated below.

Table 1: Swale Components		ID#	
Manholes/Structures			
Pre-treatment manhole		S1	
Weir type flow splitter/flow splitter manhole		S2	
Orifice type flow splitter/flow splitter manhole		S3	
Standard manhole		S4	
Swale Inlet			
Pavement sheet flow	\boxtimes	S5	
Inlet Pipe (s)		S6	
Open channel inlet		S7	
Riprap pad		S8	
Ground Cover			
Grass bottom		S9	
Grass side slopes	\boxtimes	S10	
Granular drain rock	\boxtimes	S11	
Plantings		S12	
Underground Components			
Geotextile fabric		S13	
Water quality mix	\boxtimes	S14	
Perforated pipe		S15	
Porous pavers (access grid)		S 16	
Flow Spreader			
Rock basin (used at inlet)		S17	
Anchored board (midpoint of swale or every 50 feet along swale bottom)		S18	
Other:		S19	
Swale Outlet			
Catch basin with grate	\boxtimes	S20	
Outlet Pipe (s)		S21	
Open channel outlet		S22	
Auxiliary Outlet:		S23	
Outfall Type			
	⊠ C		
Waterbody (Creek/Lake/Ocean)		S24	
	□o		
Ditch		S25	
Storm drain system		S26	
Outfall Components			
Riprap pad		S27	
Riprap bank protection		S28	

7. Maintenance

Maintenance Frequency/Maintain Records

- a. Inspect annually. Preferably prior to the rainy season.
- b. Clean and maintain as necessary. Refer to Activity 125 for conditions when maintenance is needed.
- c. Keep a record of inspections, maintenance, and repairs.

Maintenance Guide/Maintenance Actions

The ODOT Routine Road Maintenance Water Quality and Habitat Guide (the *Blue Book*) outlines the standard maintenance actions for water quality facilities under Activity 125.

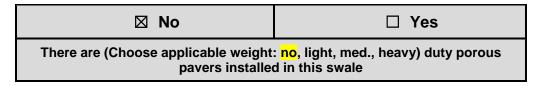
There are standard maintenance tables for standard ODOT designs. The maintenance tables describe the maintenance component, the defect or problem, the condition when maintenance is needed, and the recommended maintenance to correct the problem. Use the following tables to maintain ODOT swales:

- Table 1 (General Maintenance): Contains general maintenance and inspection guidelines that are applicable to all ODOT water quality facilities
- Table 3 (Maintenance of Water Quality or Biofiltration Swales): Contains maintenance information for swales

The *Blue Book* can be viewed at the following website: http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/Maintenance/Documents/blue_book.pdf

8. Limitations

Access grid installed:



Swales are designed to allow equipment access along the bottom. If an access grid is **NOT** installed, vehicles entering the swale can create depressions (tire ruts), damage vegetation, and damage structural components (e.g. flow spreaders). These conditions may result in poor treatment and drainage performance.

Equipment wheels should be kept on the tops and side slopes. Mower arms may be run along the swale bottom.

9. Waste Material Handling

Material removed from the facility is defined as waste by the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ). Refer to the roadwaste section of the ODOT Maintenance Yard Environmental Management System (EMS) Policy and Procedures Manual for disposal options:

http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/Maintenance/Documents/ems_manual.pdf

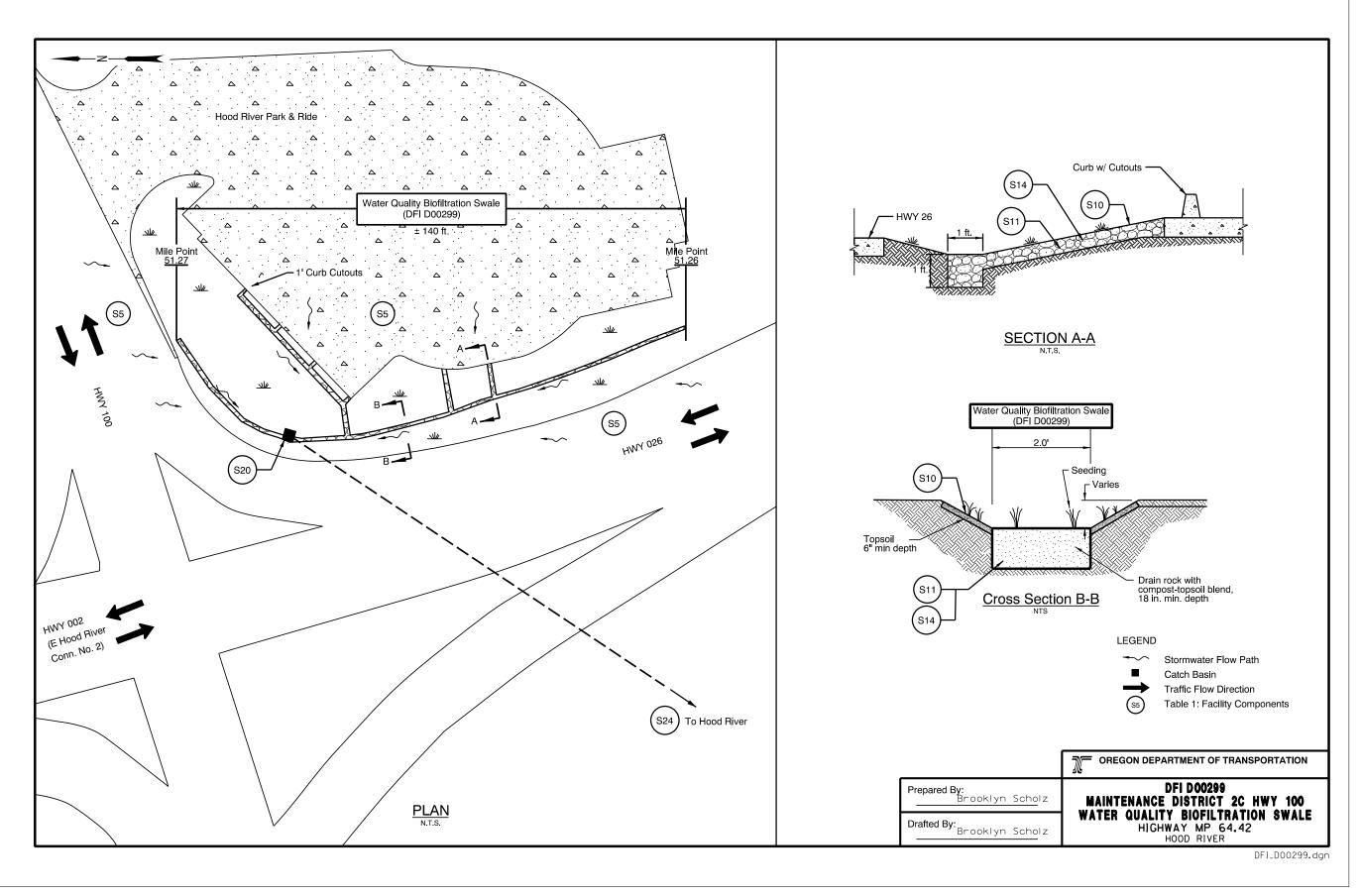
Contact any of the following for more detailed information about management of waste materials found on site:

ODOT Clean Water Unit	(503) 986-3008
ODOT Statewide Hazmat Coordinator	(503) 667-7442
ODOT Region 1 Hazmat Coordinator	(503) 731-8290
ODOT Region 2 Hazmat Coordinator	(503) 986-2647
ODOT Region 3 Hazmat Coordinator	(541) 957-3594
ODOT Region 4 Hazmat Coordinator	(541) 388-6186
ODOT Region 5 Hazmat Coordinator	(541) 963-1590
ODEQ Northwest Region Office	(503) 229-5263

A Appendix A – Site Specific Operational Plan

Contents:

Operational Plan: DFI D00299



A-2

В Ар	pendix B – Proje	ct Contract P	lans		
Content	S :				
Site Spec	ific Subset of Projec	t Contract Plan	40V-022		
001414	ual – Swales	B-1		Effective date:	

O&M Manual – Swales

INDEX OF SHEETS DESCR!PTION SHEET NO. Title Sheet 28 Thru Details 2B-6 Incl. 2B-7 Thru Interpretive Sign Panel Details 2B-24 Incl. Color Palette Exhibit For Signs 2B-25 Cascade Locks General Construction 3A Cascade Locks General Construction Plan And Profile Cascade Locks Grading, Drainage, & Utilities Plan Cascade Locks Roadside Development Plan Hood River General Construction 6 Hood River Grading, Drainage, & Utilities Plan Hood River Roadside Development Plan 8 Mosier General Construction g Non-Urban Interpretive Panel Locations 10 Non-Urban Interpretive Panel Locations 11

RD900, RD905, RD910, RD911 - Traffic Control

Cascade Locks

Sign Panels #2,3

Gravity Retaining Wall Disabled Person Parking

- Curbs, Islands, Sidewalks, And Dwys.

X-FH-S100(043)

- Drainage

- Fence Gates

- Erosion Control

- Temporary Signing

- Permanent Signing

- Pavement Markina

Standard Drg. Nos.

BR720

^ *RD105*

RD820

TM239

RD300, RD350, RD370

RD1010, RD1040

TM100.TM105

TM500.TM501

Bridge Of The Gods

Sheridan St. Park

HCRH Trail At Tanner Creek Sign Panels *8,9

John B. Yeon State Park Sign Panel *11

Sign Panel #10

Sign Panel *1

RD700, RD715, RD720, RD725

STATE OF OREGON

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PLANS FOR PROPOSED PROJECT

GRADING, DRAINAGE, PAVING, SIGNING, AND ROADSIDE DEVELOPMENT

HCRH INTERPRETIVE SITES AND SIGNS

HISTORIC COLUMBIA RIVER HIGHWAY

MULTNOMAH, HOOD RIVER AND WASCO COUNTIES

FEBRUARY 2007 Historic Columbia Gorge Hotel Sign Panel *12 Hood River Sign Panels #4,5 Mosier Sign Panel *6 Columbia Gorge iscovery Centěr Sian Panel #7 Hood River County Wasco County

END OF PROJECT

M.P. 82.0

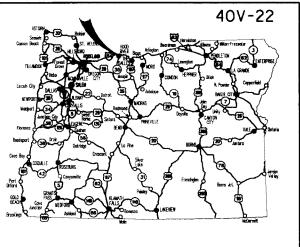
ATTENTION :

Oregon Law Requires You To Follow Rules
Adopted By The Oregon Littlity Notification Center.
Those Rules Are Set Forth in OAR 952-001-0010 Through
OAR 952-001-0090, You May Obtain Copies Of The Rules From The Center,
Or Answers To Questions About The Rules By Calling (503) 232-1987.

BEGINNING OF PROJECT

LET'S ALL WORK TOGETHER TO MAKE THIS JOB SAFE

X-FH-S100(043)



Overall Length Of Project - 93.0 Km (57.8 mi)

PLANS PREPARED FOR OREGON DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION BY:



9755 SW BARNES RD.
SUITE 308
PORTLAND, DREGON 97225
*503-626-0455
*503-526-8775 FAX

WHPACIFIC.COM

WHERS ENGINEERS SURVEYORS LANDSCAPE ARCHITE

OREGON TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Stuart Foster Gail L. Achterman Michael Nelson Randall Papé John Russell

COMMISSIONER
COMMISSIONER
COMMISSIONER
COMMISSIONER
COMMISSIONER

DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTA



EXPIRES: 12/31/08

OREGON DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONCURRENCE

TECHNICAL SERVICES MANAGING ENGINEER

ODOT/HCRH

INTERPRETIVE SITES AND SIGNS

HISTORIC COLUMBIA RIVER HIGHWAY MULTNOMAH, HOOD RIVER & WASCO COUNTIES

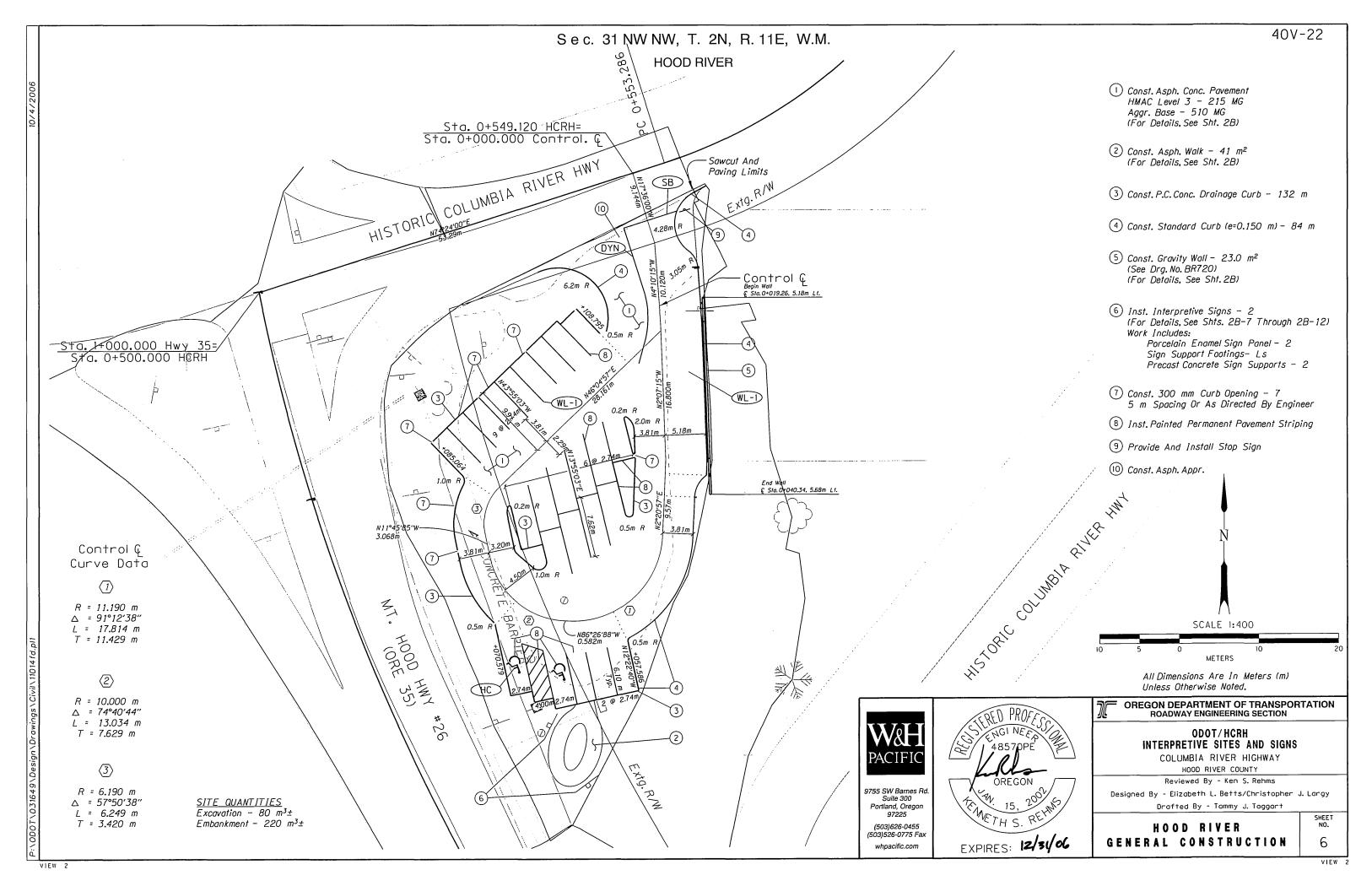
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REGION 10	OREGON DIVISION		1

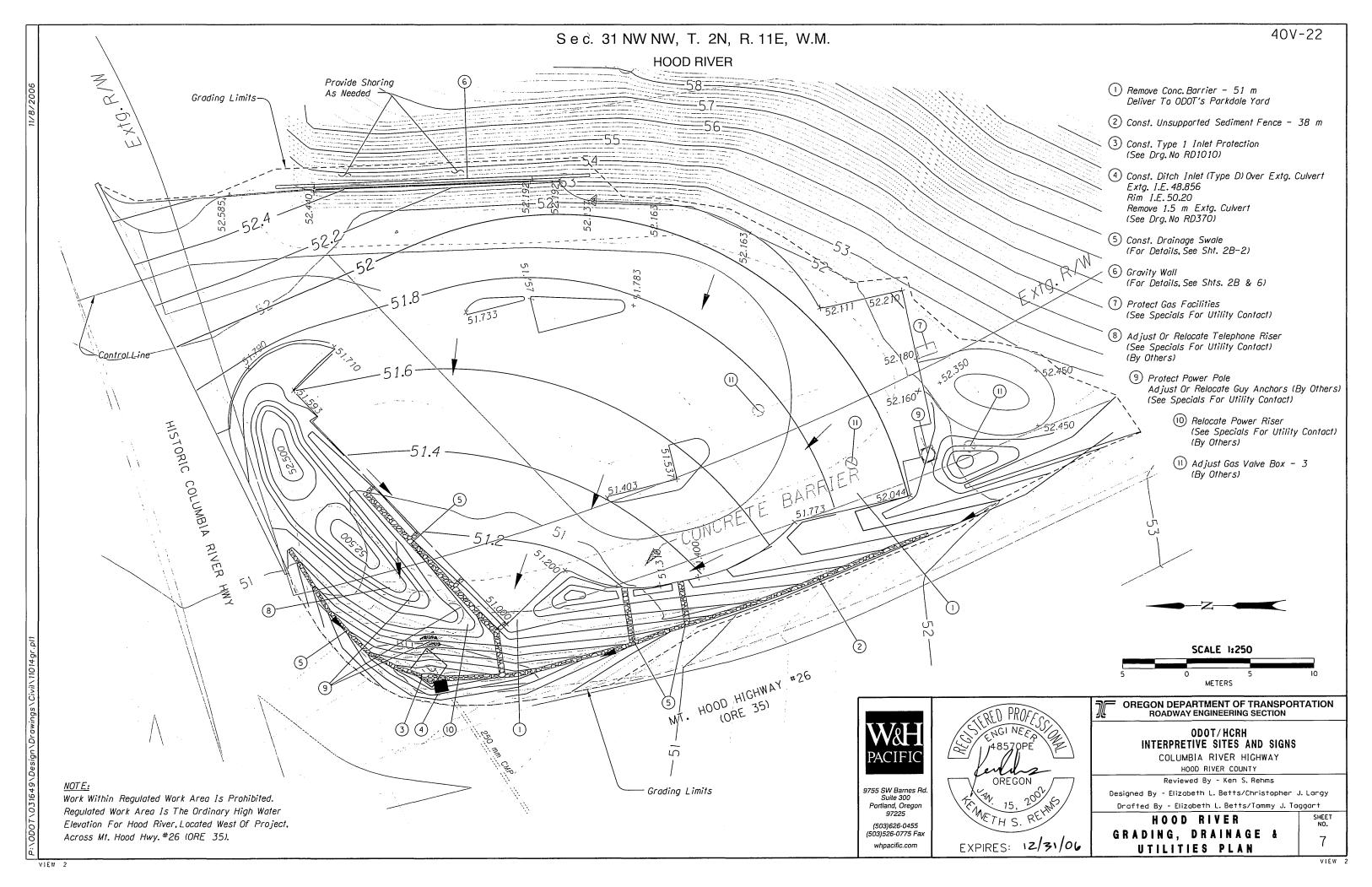
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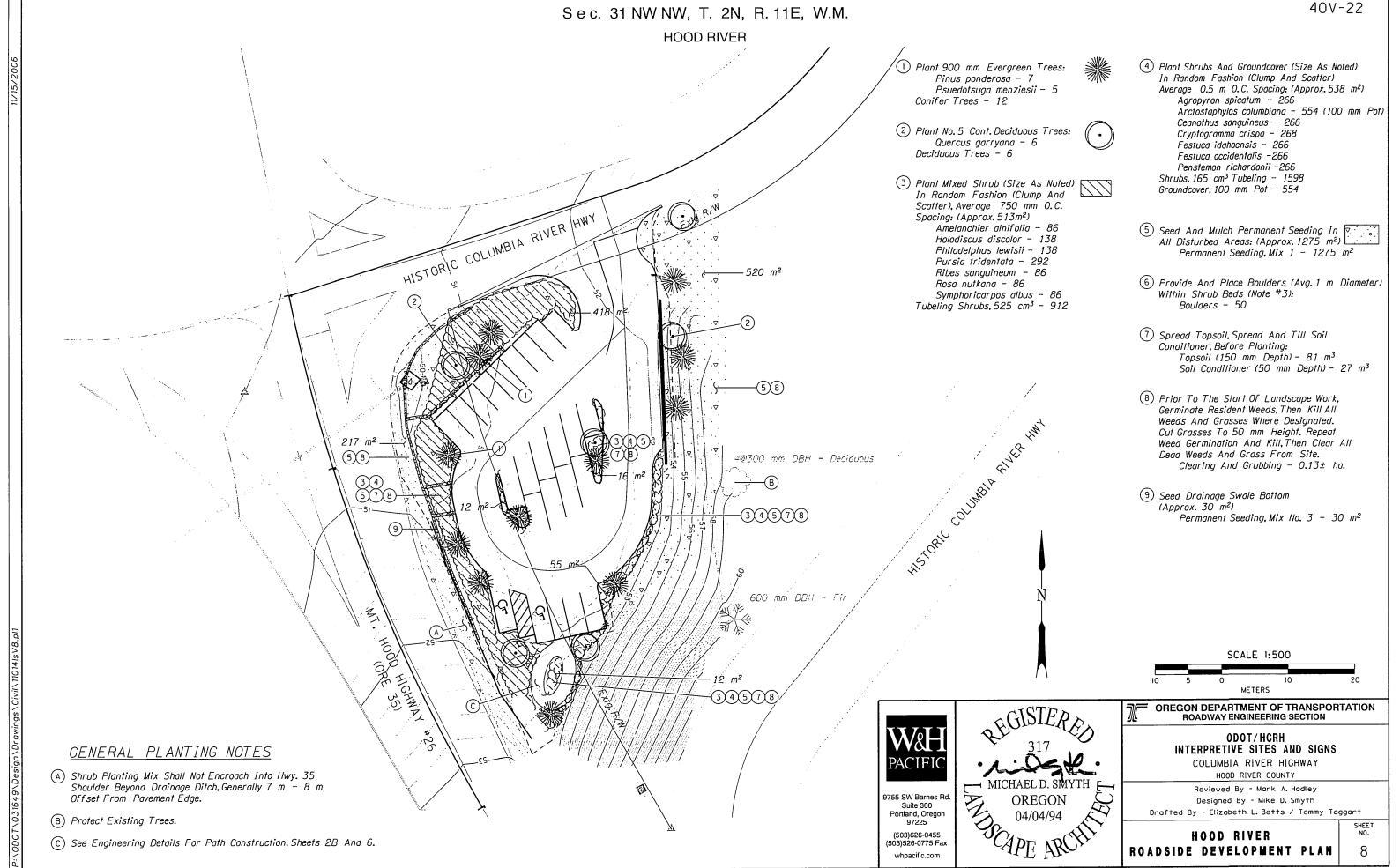
County

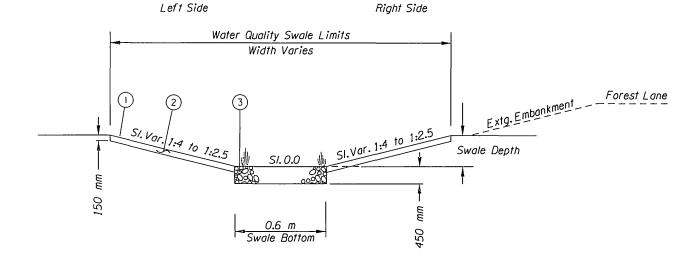
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DATE





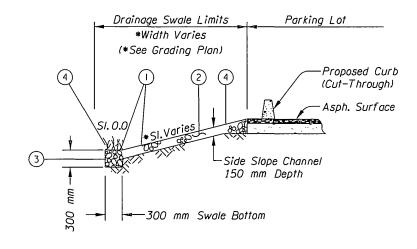




Swale Length - 43 m Min. (Max.) Longitudinal Swale Slope - .005 (0.5%) Min. Swale Depth - 0.45 m

VEGETATED STORM WATER QUALITY SWALE (CASCADE LOCKS SITE)

- 1) Provide And Install Biodegradable Matting, Type B, Throughout Swale.
- 2 Provide And Place 150 mm Deep Topsoil Throughout Swale.
- 3 Swale Bottom Medium Provide And Place 450 mm Deep Medium In Bottom Of Swale, Continuous Full Length Of Swale. Medium Composed Of Drain Rock With Compost-Topsoil Blend.
- (4) Seed Swale Using Mix No. 3. See Specifications, Section 01030.



DRAINAGE SWALE (HOOD RIVER SITE)

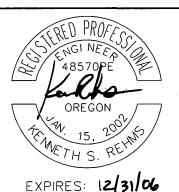
- (1) Provide And Install Biodegradable Matting, Type B, Along All Swale Bottoms And Side Slope Channels.
- 2 Side Slope Channel Provide And Place 150 mm Deep Medium Along Side Slope Channel To Bottom Of Swale. Medium Composed Of Drain Rock With Compost-Topsoil Blend.
- 3 Swale Bottom Medium Provide And Place 300 mm Deep Medium In Bottom Of Swale, Continuous Full Length Of Swale. Medium Composed Of Drain Rock With Compost-Topsoil Blend.
- (4) Seed Swale Using Mix No. 3, See Specifications, Section 01030.

All Dimensions Are In Millimeters (mm) Unless Otherwise Noted.



9755 SW Barnes Rd. Suite 300 Portland, Oregon 97225

(503)626-0455 (503)526-0775 Fax whpacific.com



OREGON DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ROADWAY ENGINEERING SECTION ODOT/HCRH

INTERPRETIVE SITES AND SIGNS
COLUMBIA RIVER HIGHWAY

MULTNOMAH, HOOD RIVER & WASCO COUNTIES

Reviewed By - Ken S. Rehms Designed By - Elizabeth L. Betts Drafted By - Elizabeth L. Betts

DETAILS

SHEET NO.