

Oregon E-Government Program Benchmark Survey

Presentation to Oregon E-Government Portal Advisory Board
October 2019



Research purpose

- Gauge residents' use of and attitude toward the online delivery of government services in Oregon.
- Track Oregonians' attitudes, uses, and experiences about how online services have changed over time.
- Assess Oregonians' expectations about data security.

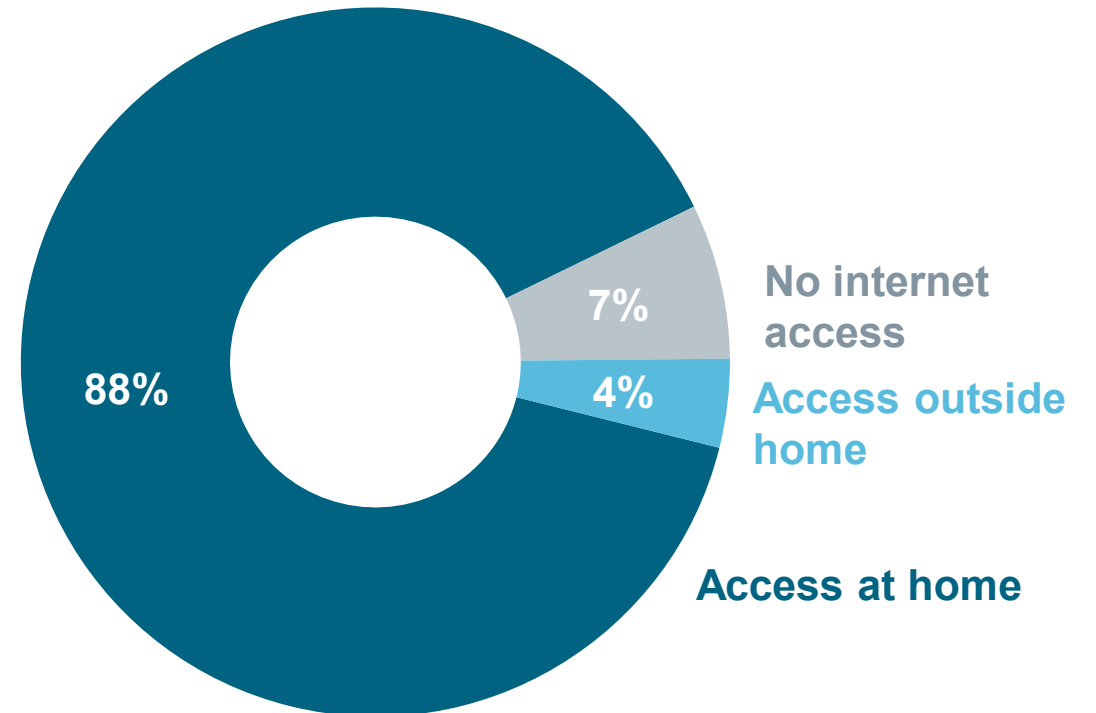
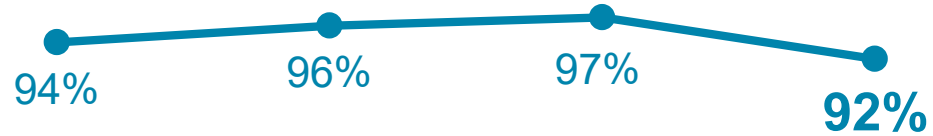
Methodology

- Hybrid phone and online survey conducted October 10–16, 2019
- N=1,202 Oregon residents
 - Stratified sample: Willamette Valley and Rest of state N=400, Tri-county N=402
 - Online: N=575, Telephone: N=627
- Quotas by age, gender, and geographic area; weighted by area of the state
- Margin of error: N=1,202 $\pm 2.8\%$; N=400 $\pm 4.9\%$
- Results benchmarked against 2017, 2015, and 2013 surveys
- Due to rounding, some totals may differ by ± 1 from the sum of separate responses.

Internet access and communications

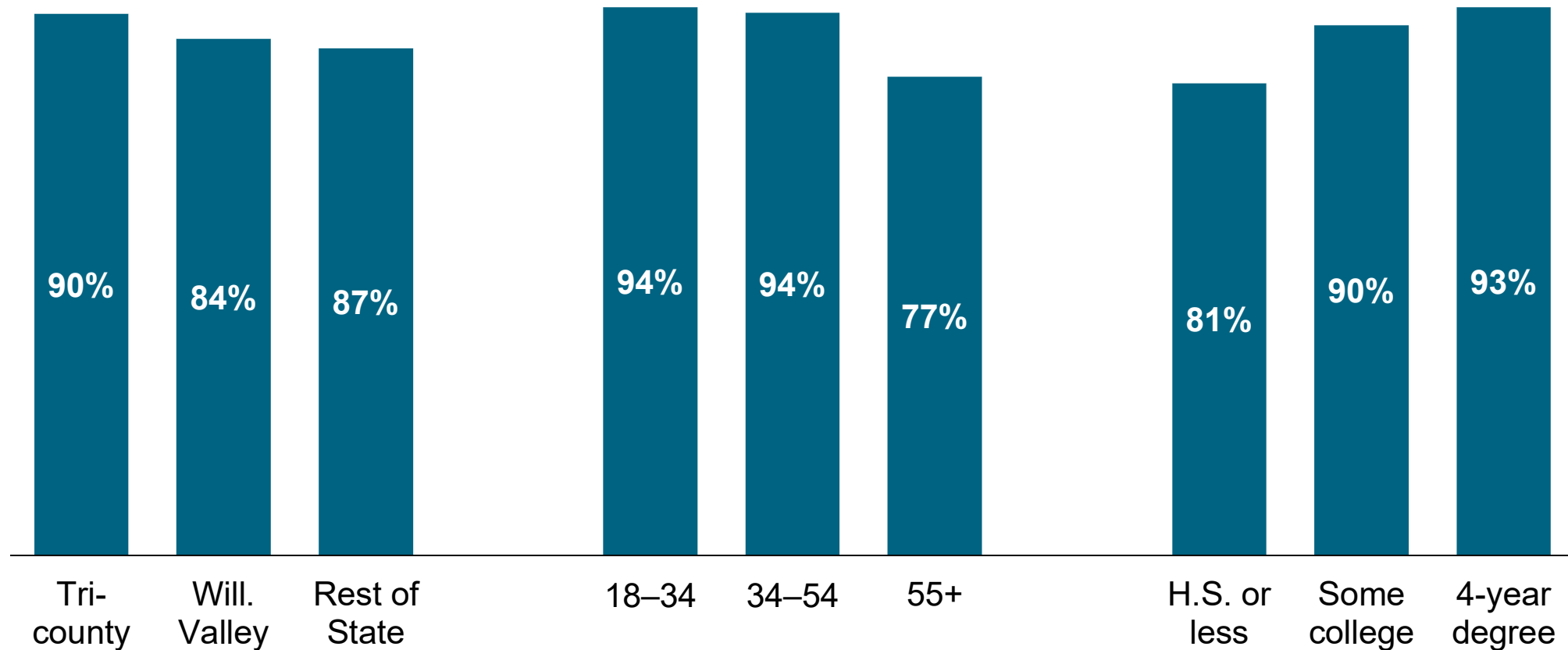
Most telephone respondents have internet access, though fewer than in previous years.

Total Internet Access

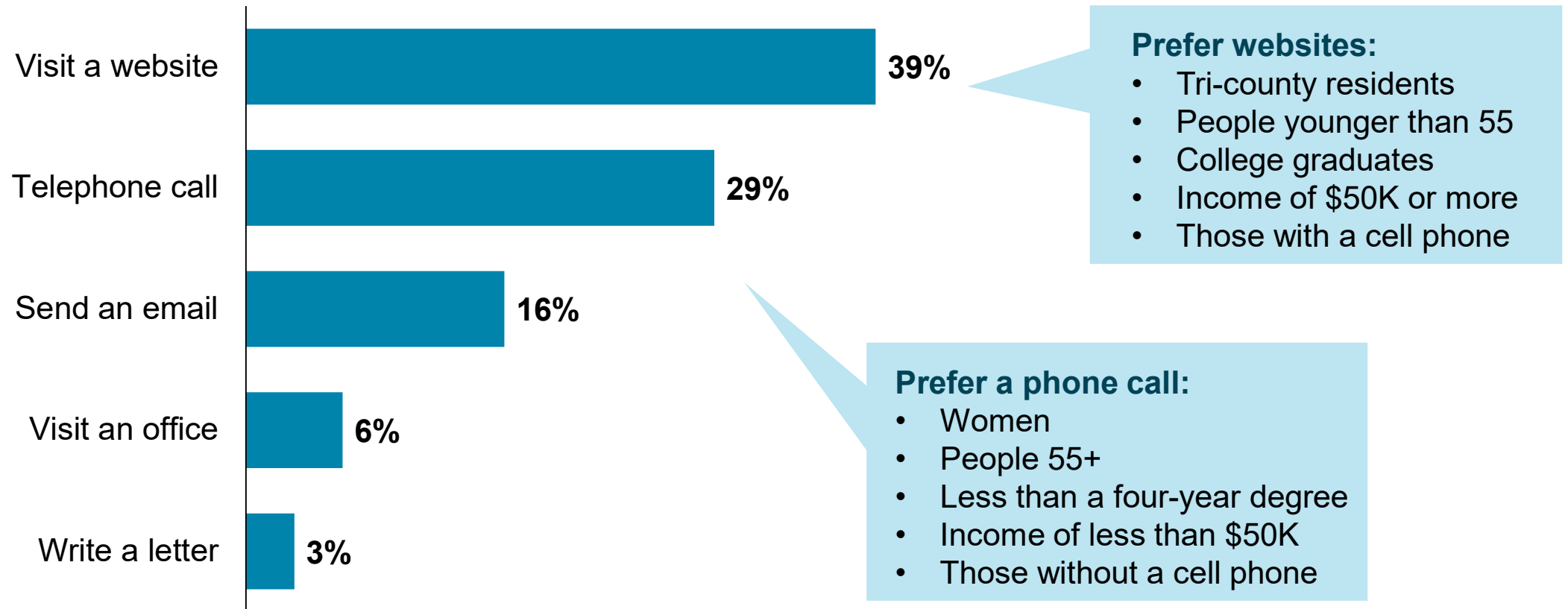


2019

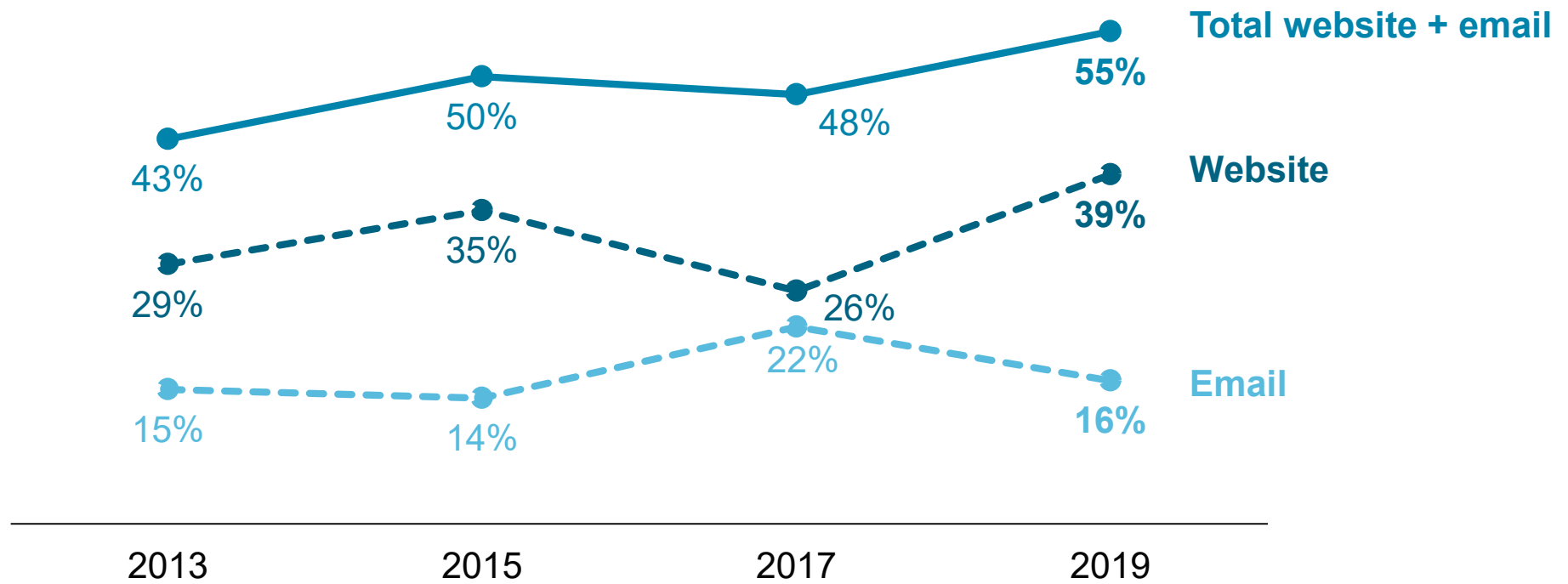
Access at home is lower among people in rural areas, older people, and those with lower education levels.



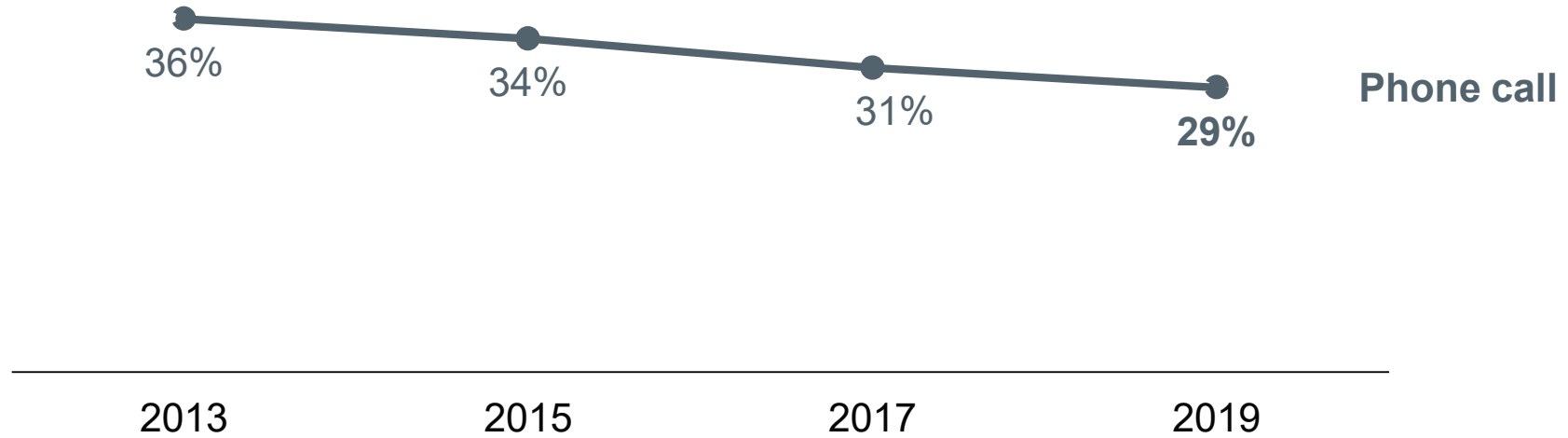
Oregonians prefer to contact their state government via a website, phone, or by email.



Preference for the website has spiked from 2017, while email has decreased.

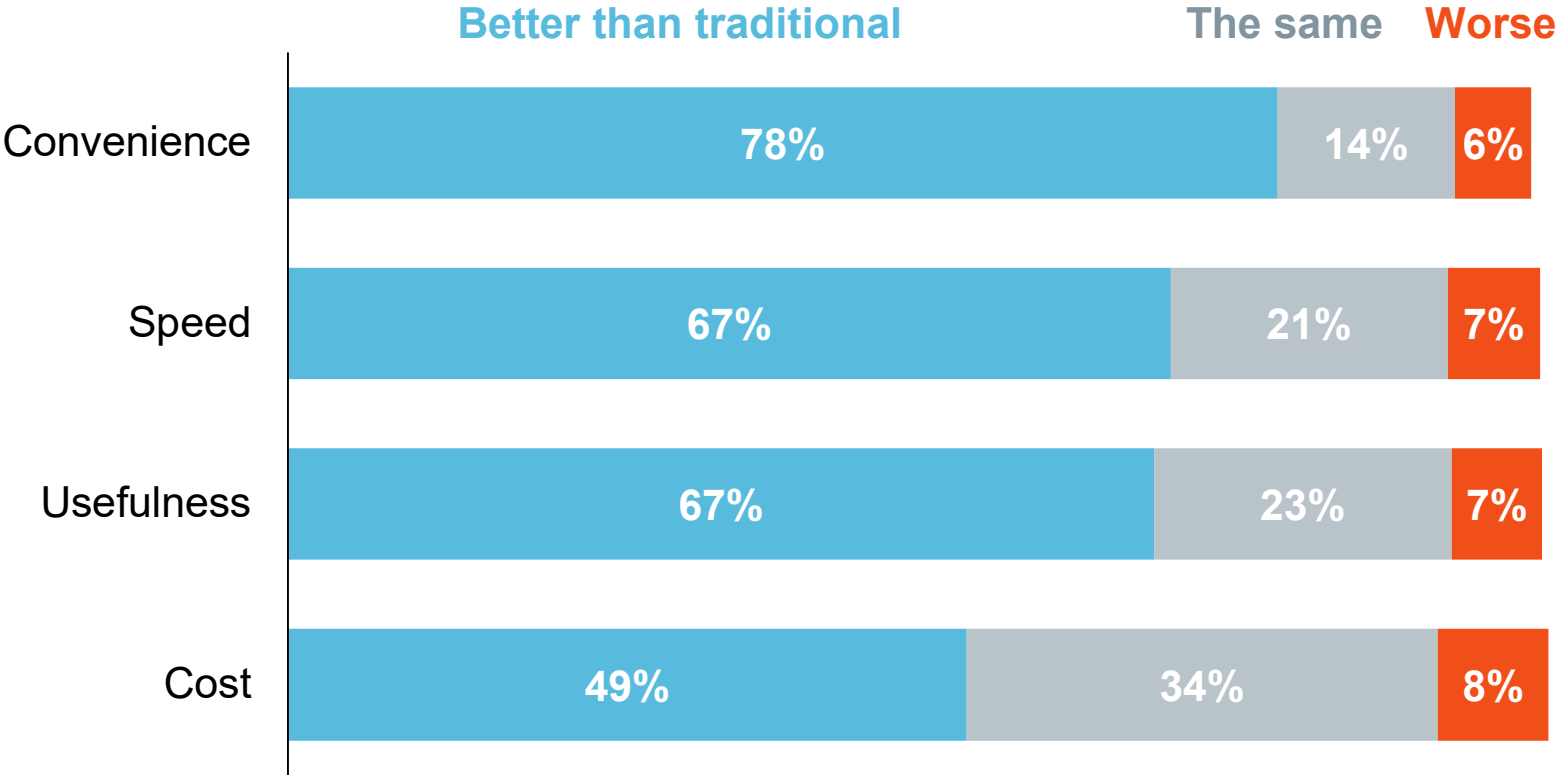


Preference for phone calls has decreased consistently since 2013.



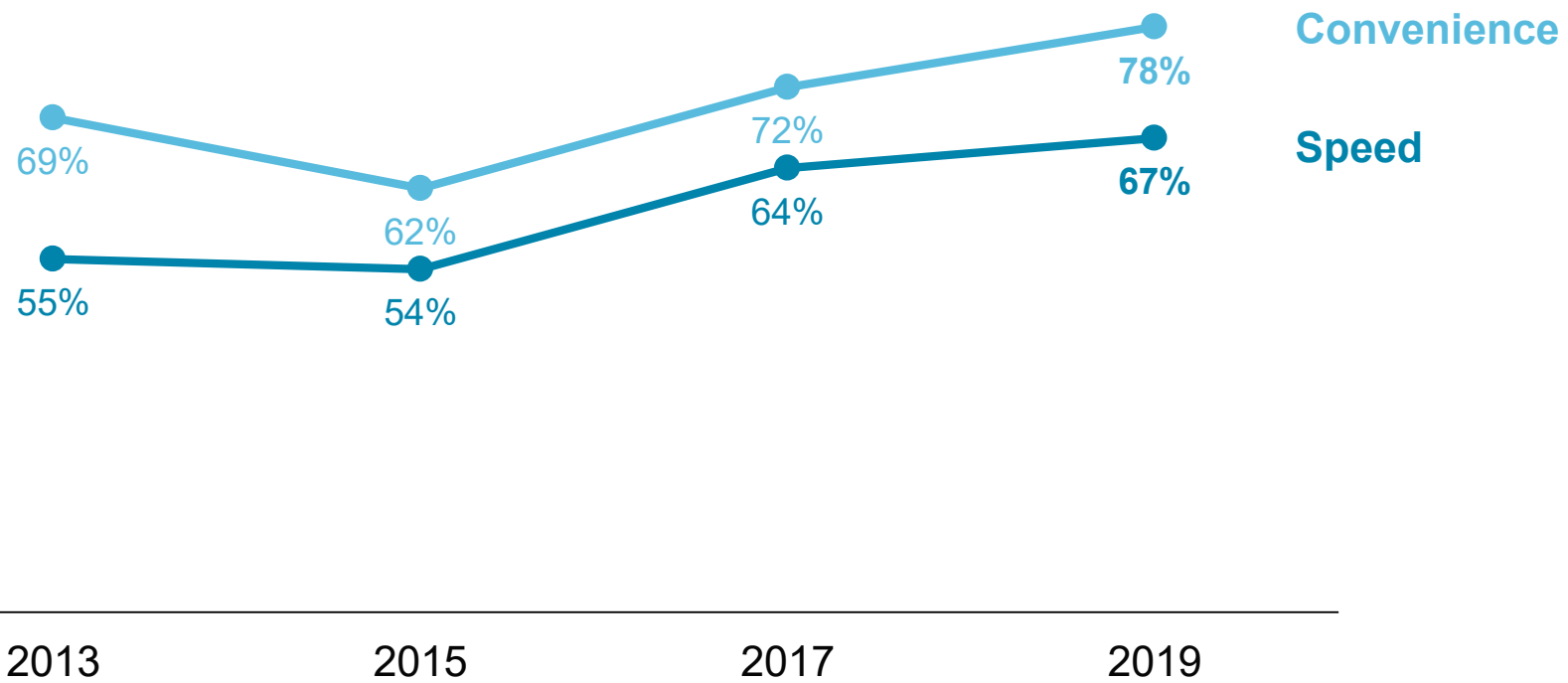
Online vs. traditional services

Convenience is the top advantage of online government services over traditional services.



A growing number of Oregonians feel that online services are more convenient and faster.

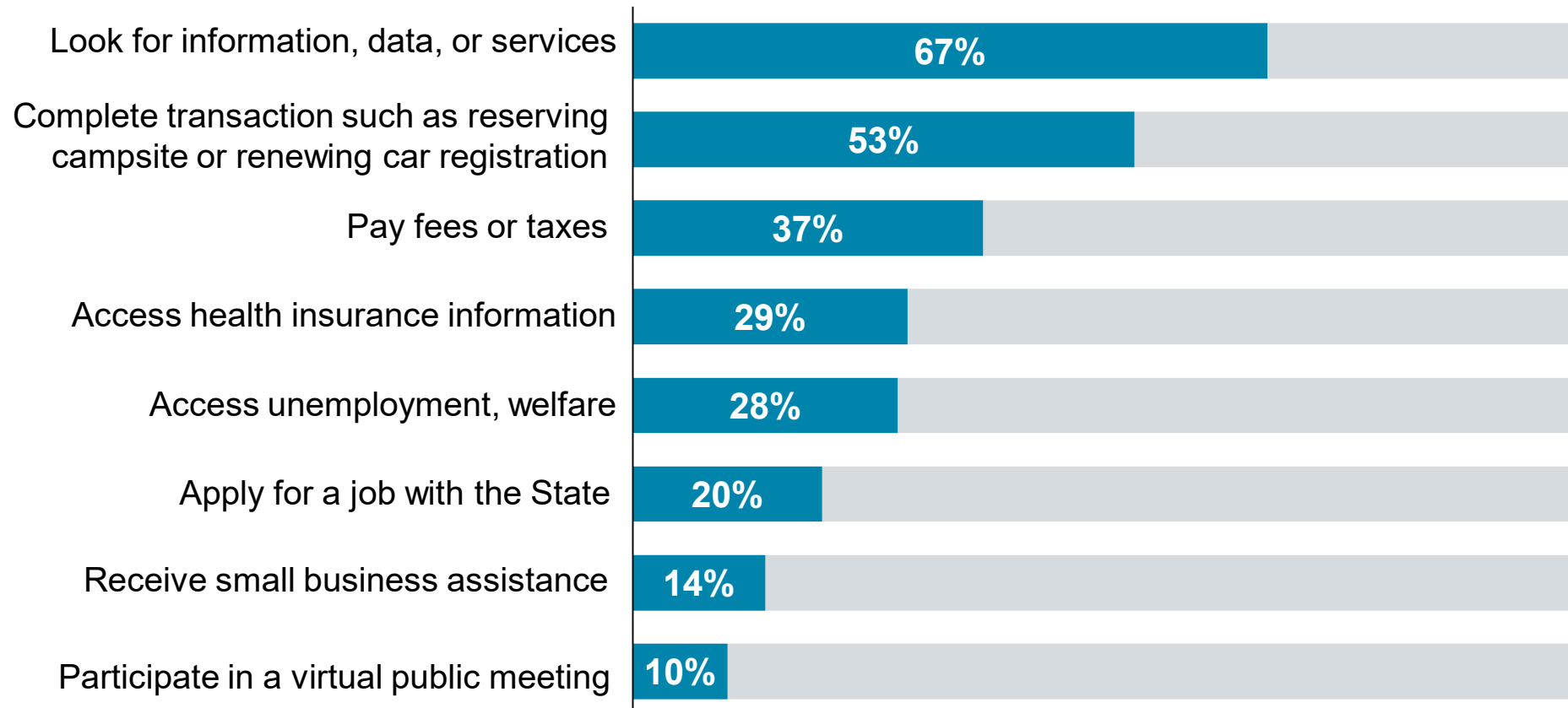
Online Viewed as Better Than Traditional



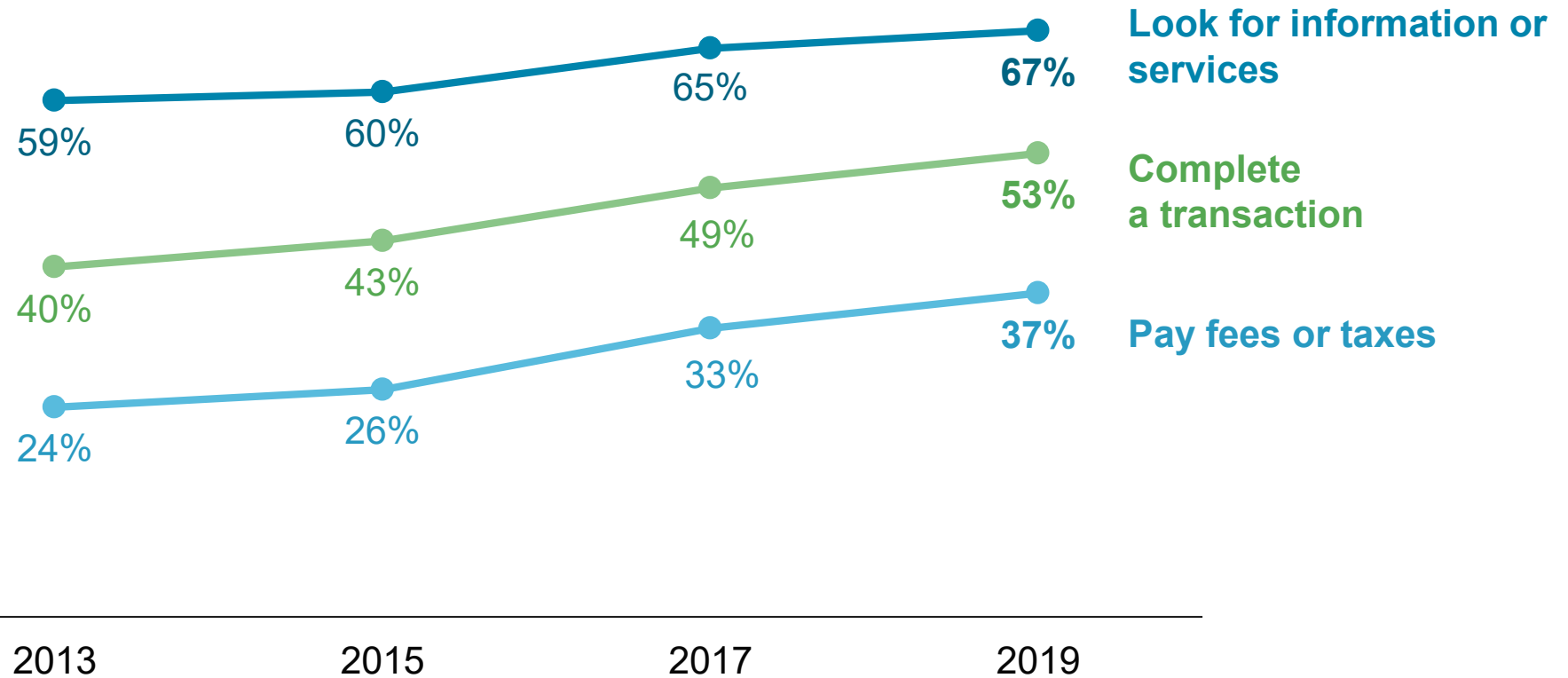
Use of government websites

Consistent with 2017, the most common reasons to visit a state site are looking for information, completing a transaction, and paying fees or taxes.

Have you visited a State of Oregon agency website to:



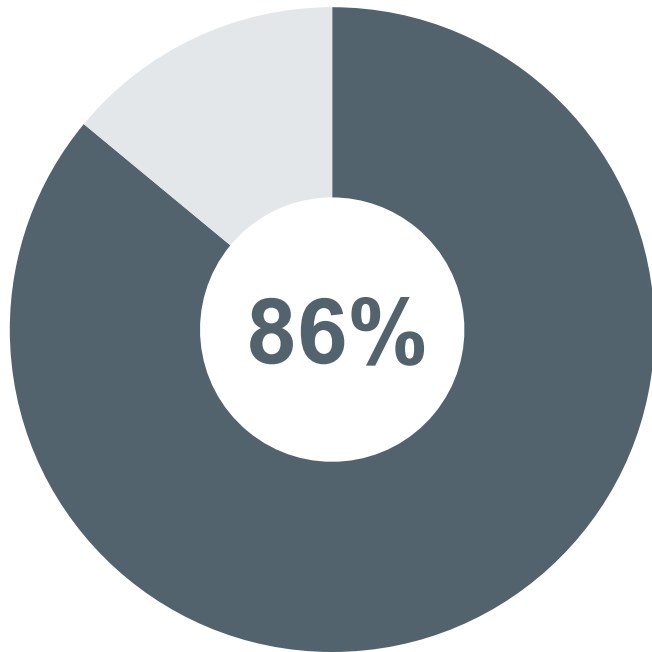
The number of Oregonians accessing state sites for the three most common purposes continues to rise.



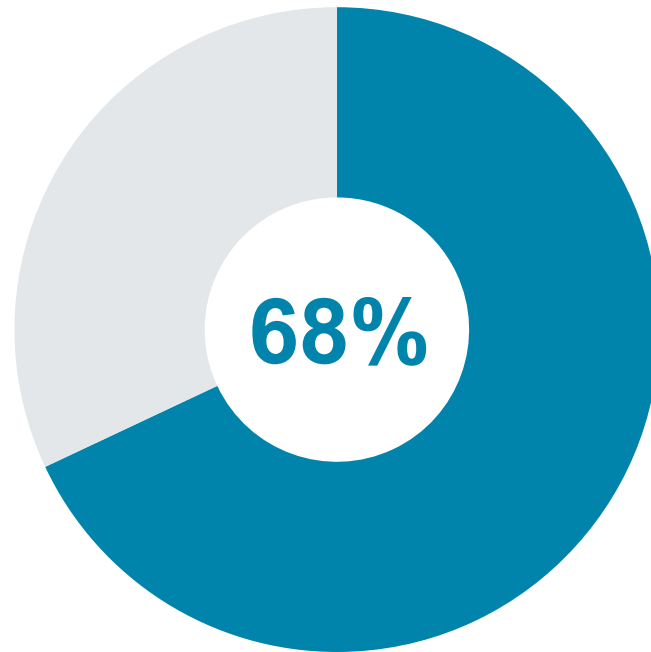
Oregon.gov

Oregon.gov has a wide reach; almost nine in ten have heard of it, and a majority have visited.

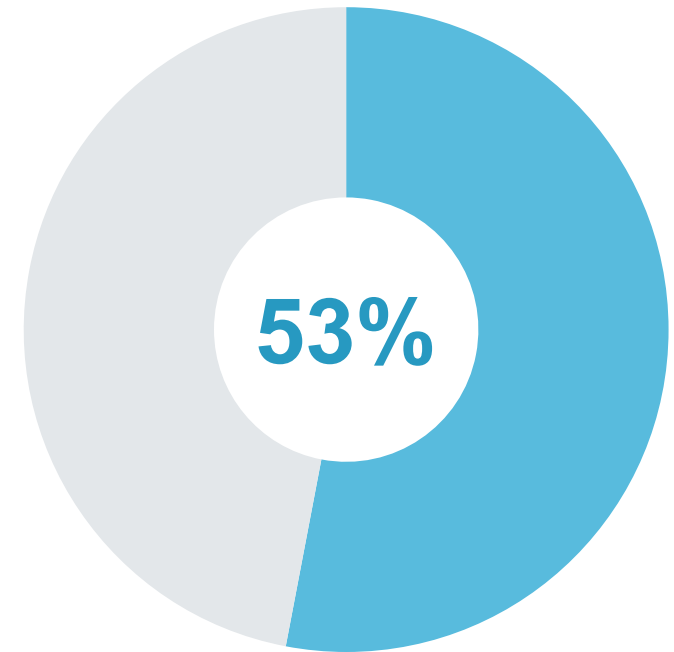
Heard of Oregon.gov



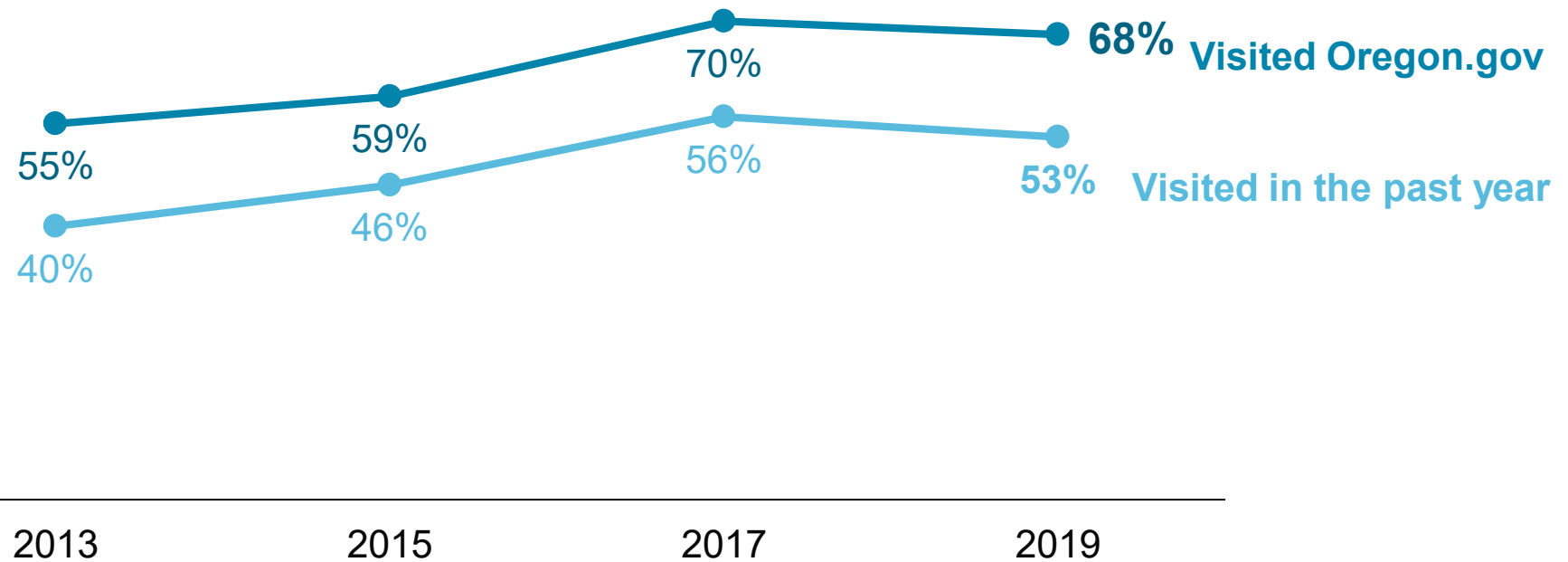
Visited Oregon.gov



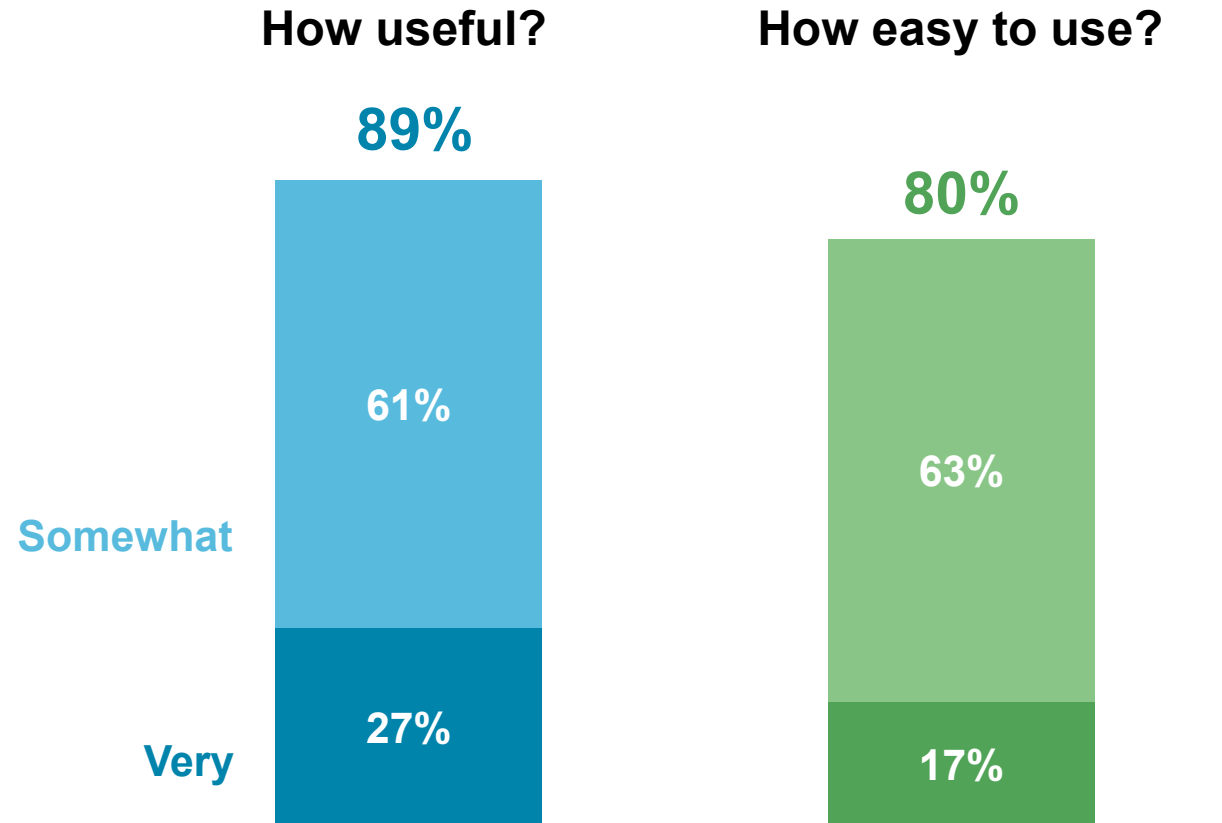
Visited in the past year



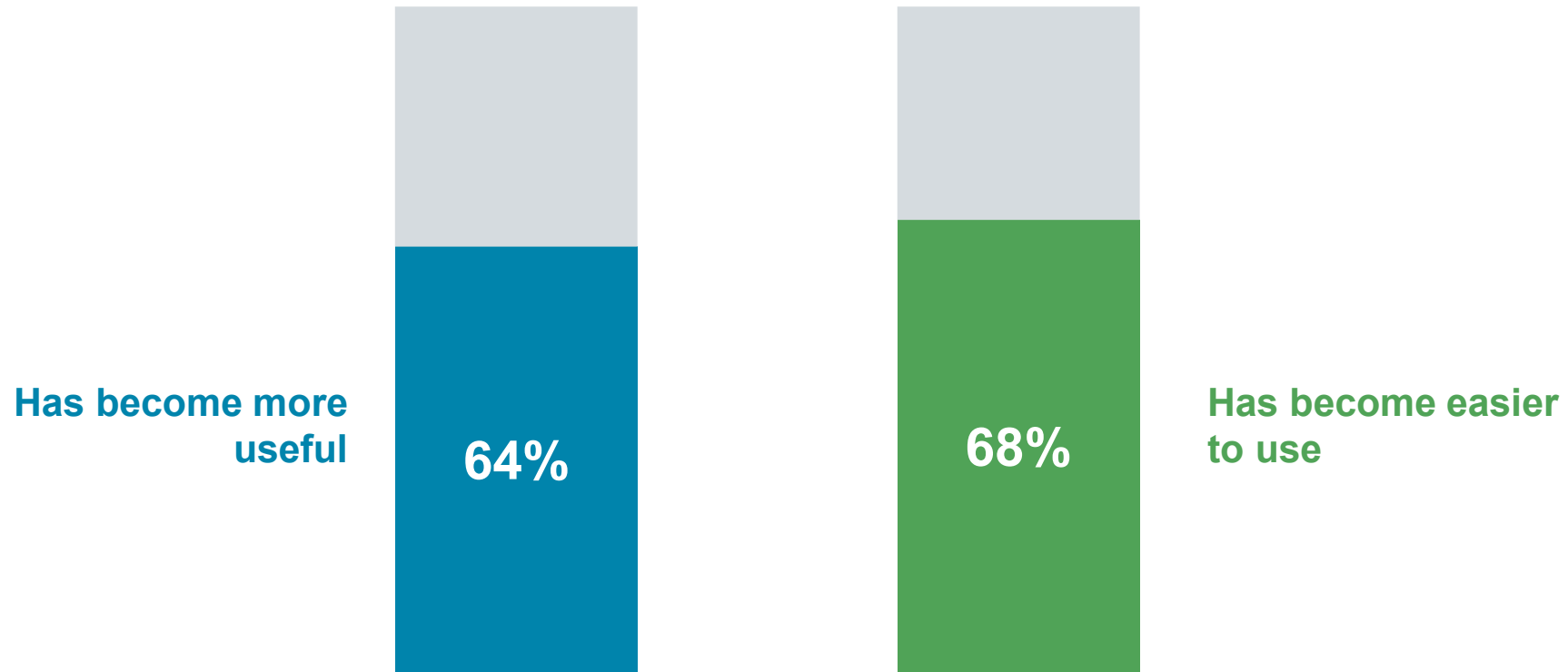
After a spike in 2017, usage has leveled off.



Strong majorities of those who have been to Oregon.gov say it is both useful and easy to use.

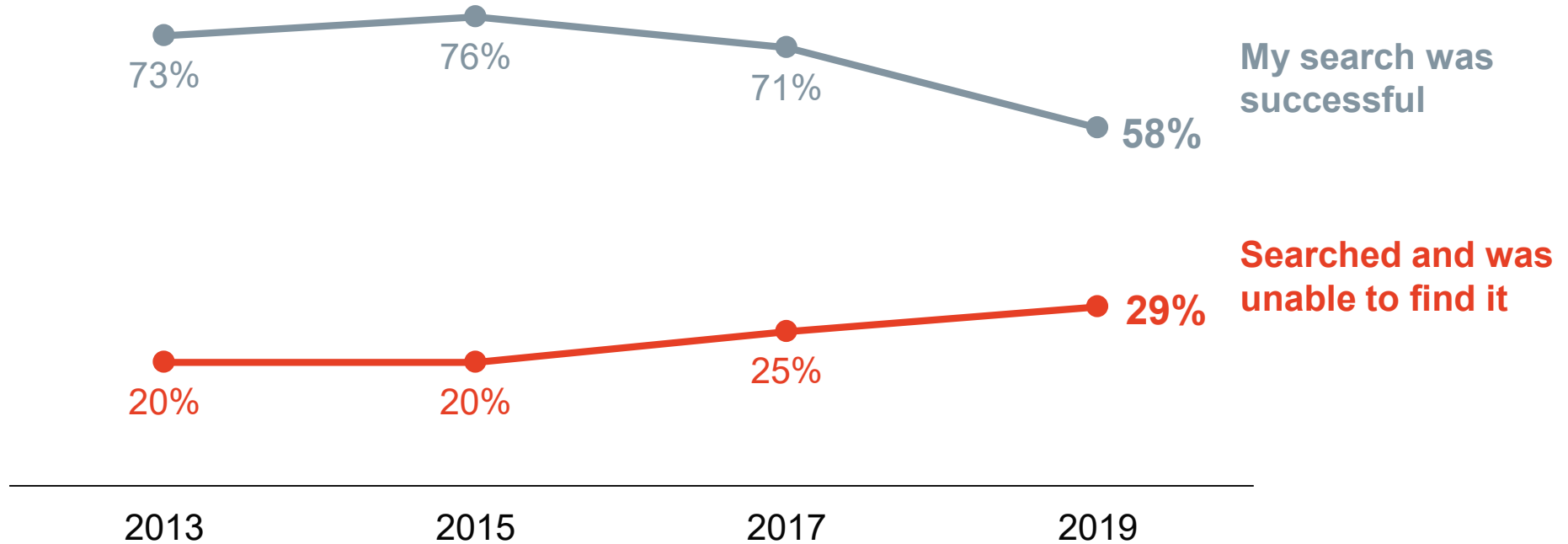


Most residents who have been to the website in the past year say it has become more useful and easier to use.

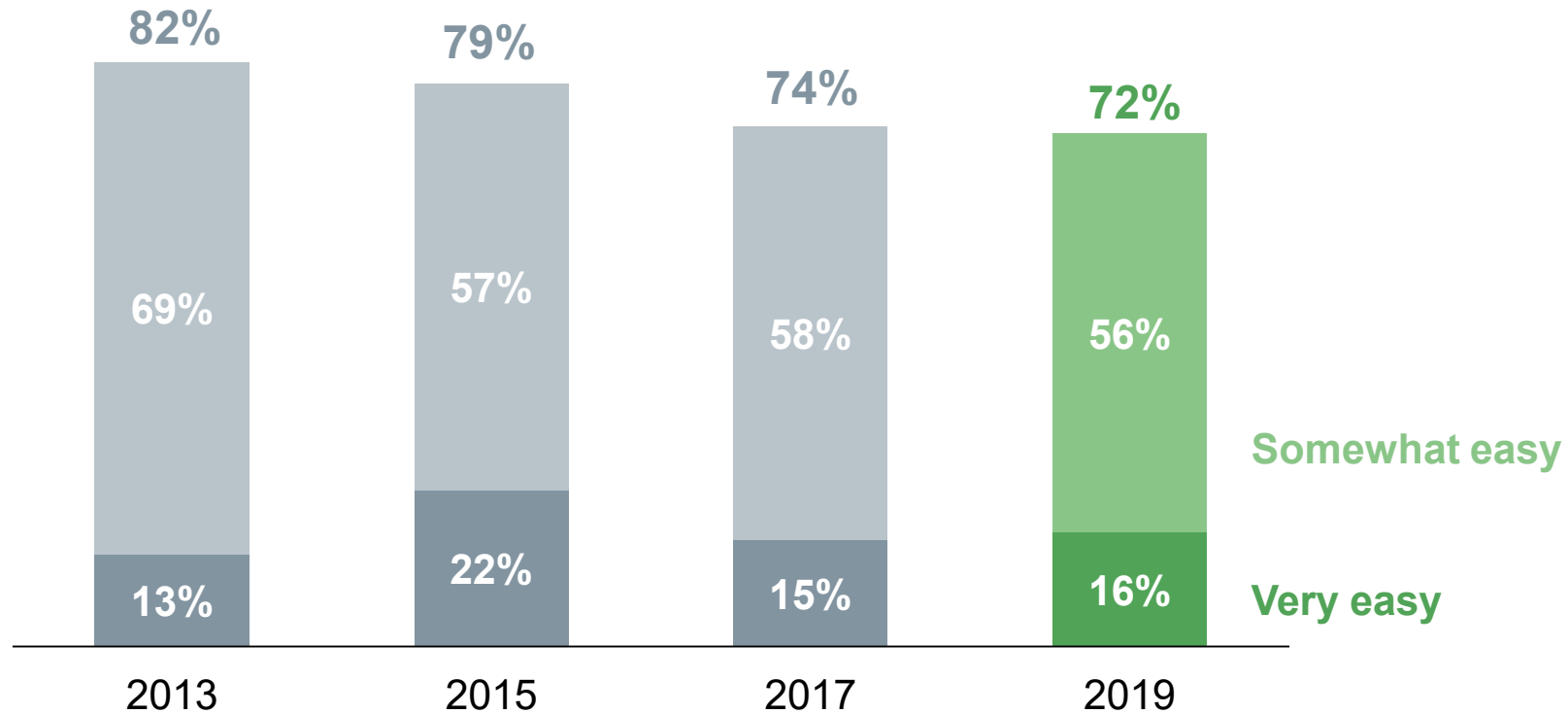


Searching for information

While most who have searched for information found what they were looking for, this number has decreased while the proportion who were unable to find information increased slightly.

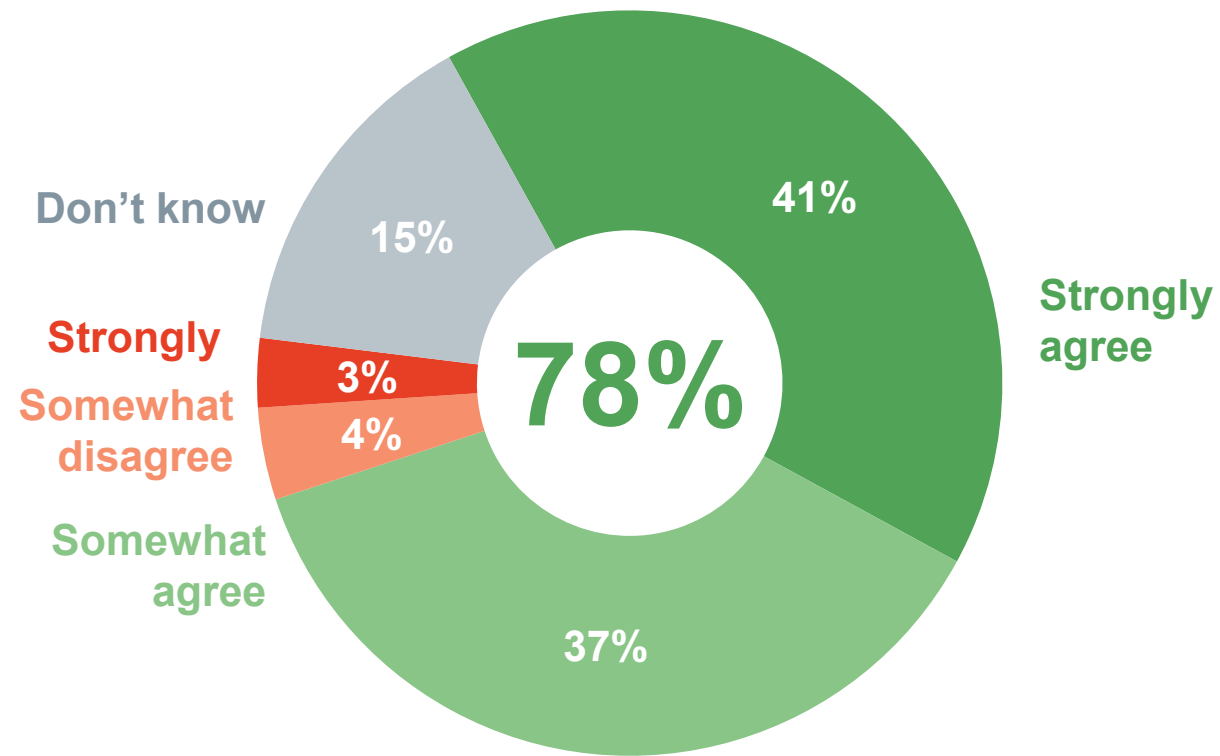


Most agree that Oregon state government contact information is easy to find, though this number has decreased since 2013.

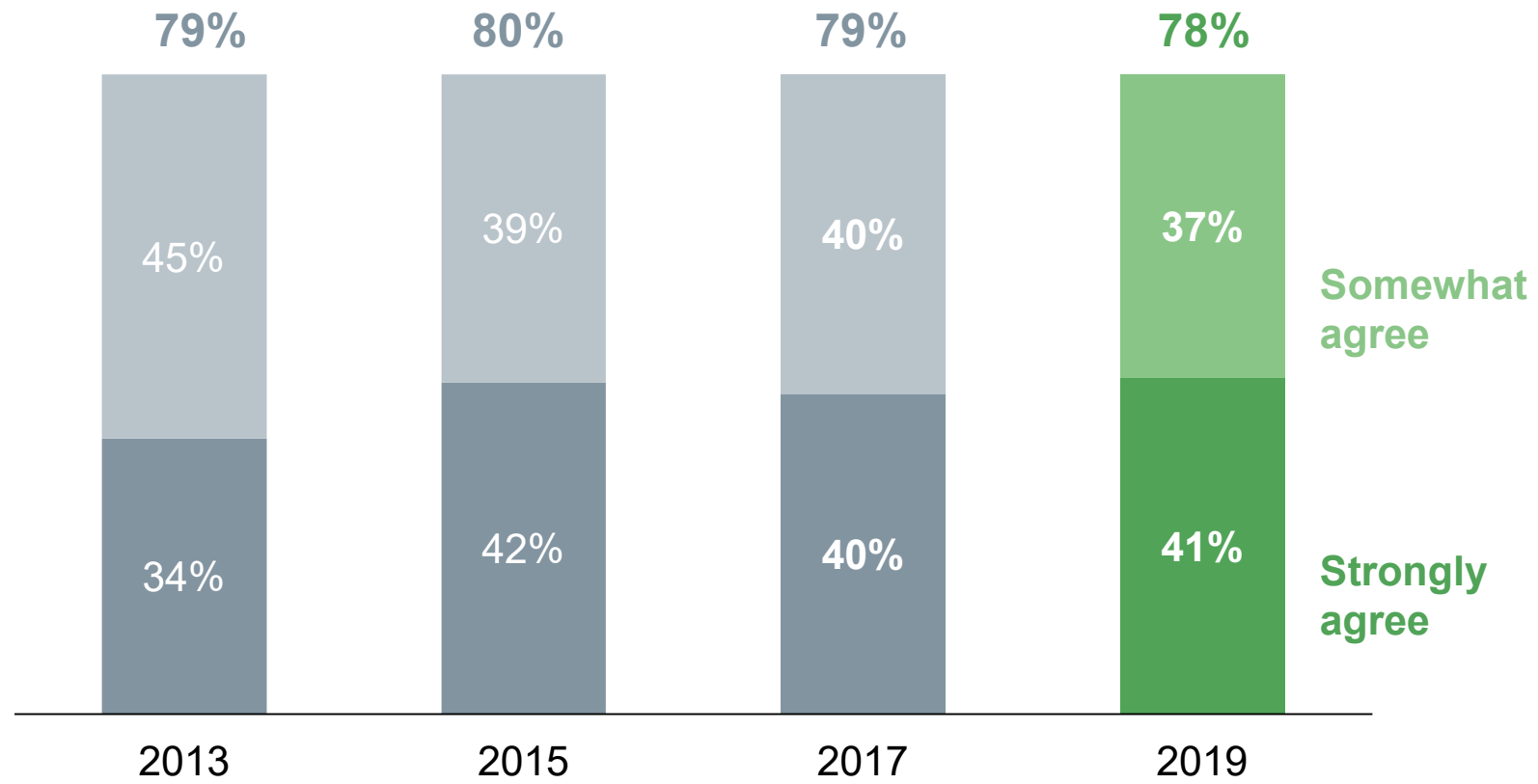


Website redesign

A strong majority agree with the way the State is redesigning its websites.

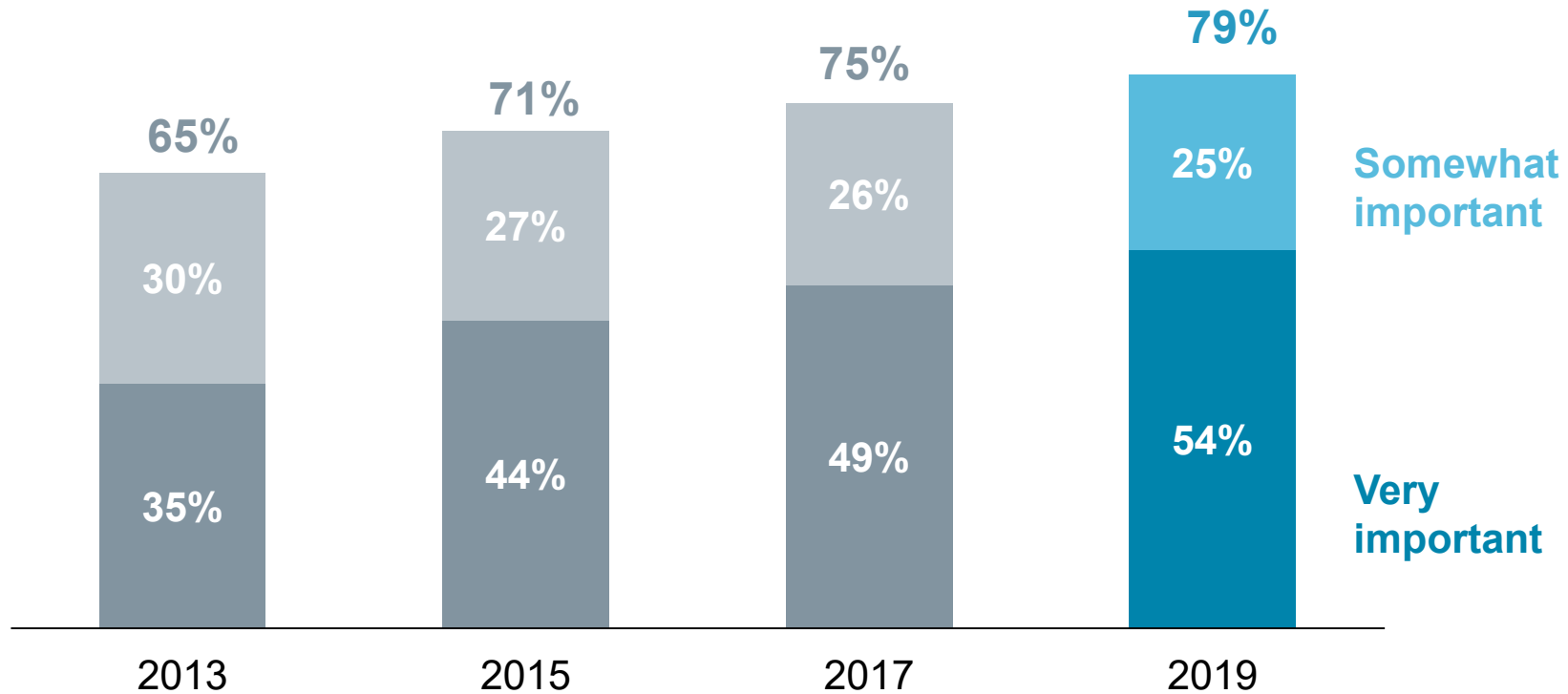


This level of support has been consistent since 2013.

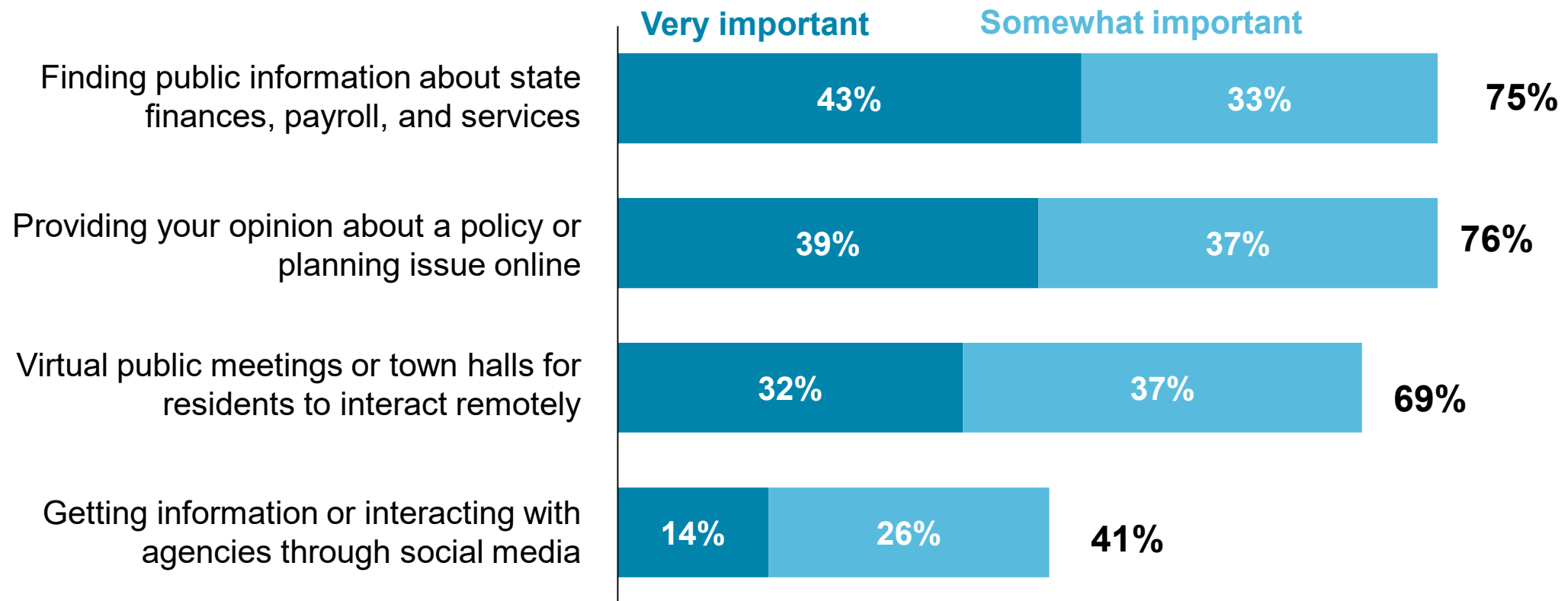


Priorities for government websites

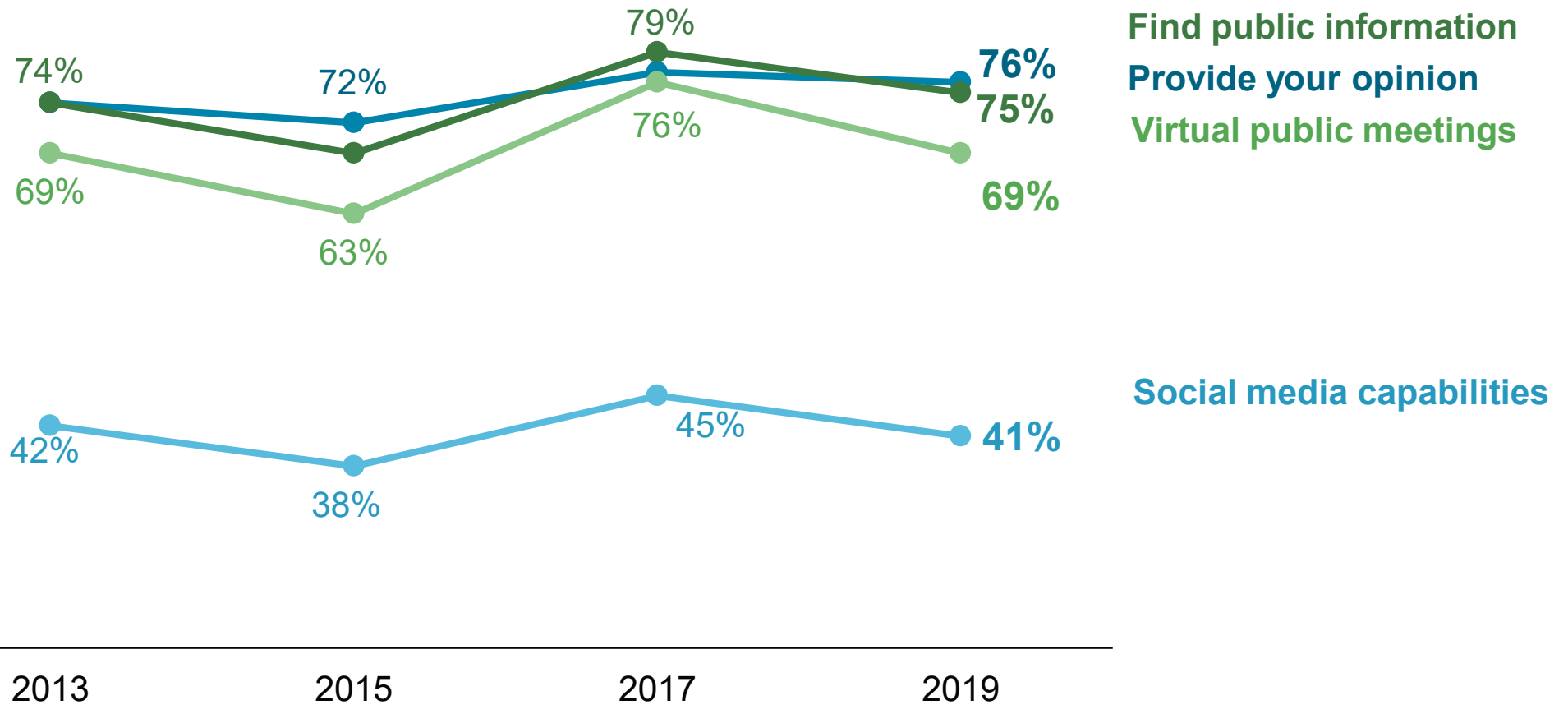
Increasingly, Oregonians want to see state websites optimized for mobile devices.



Consistent with 2017, being able to find information and provide input are top priorities. Social media is less important.

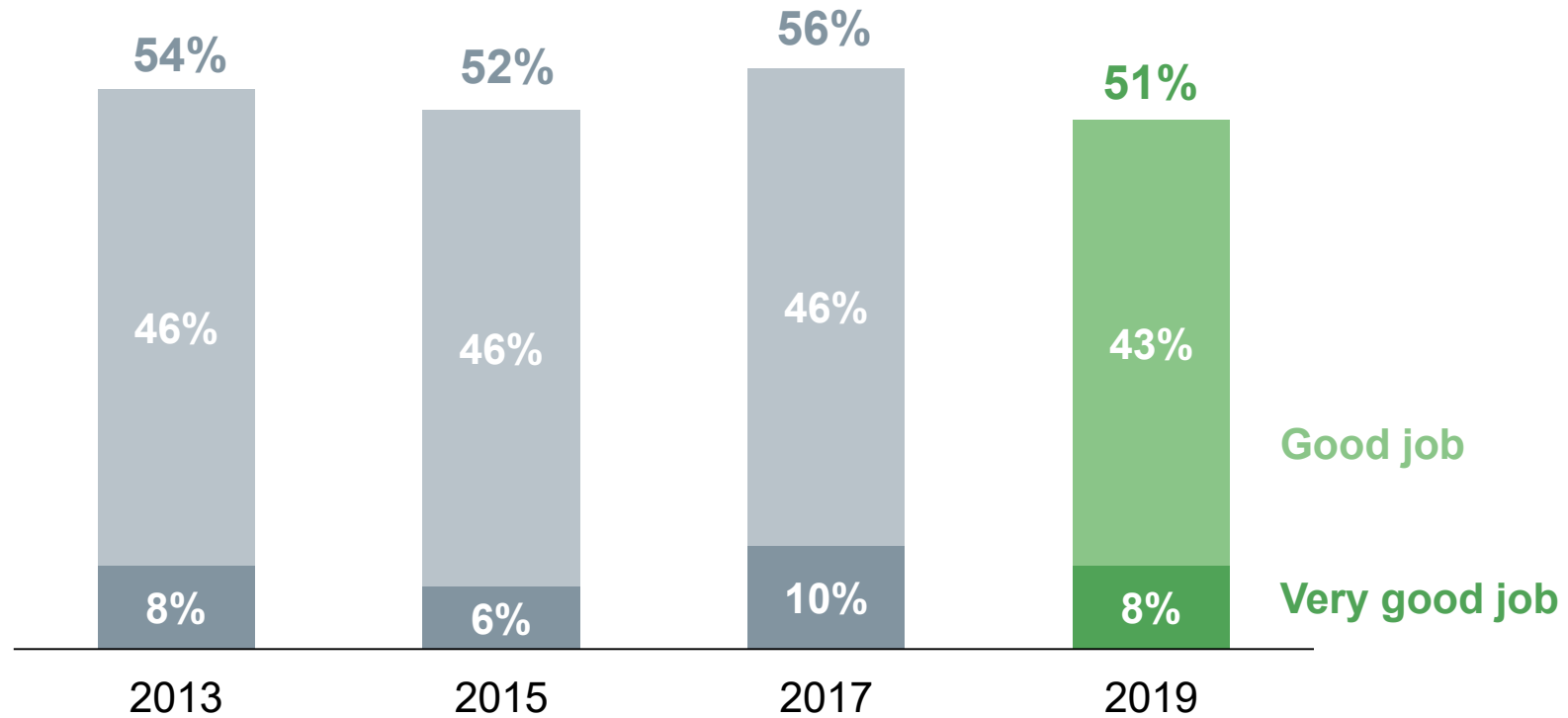


Important of these features remains consistent.

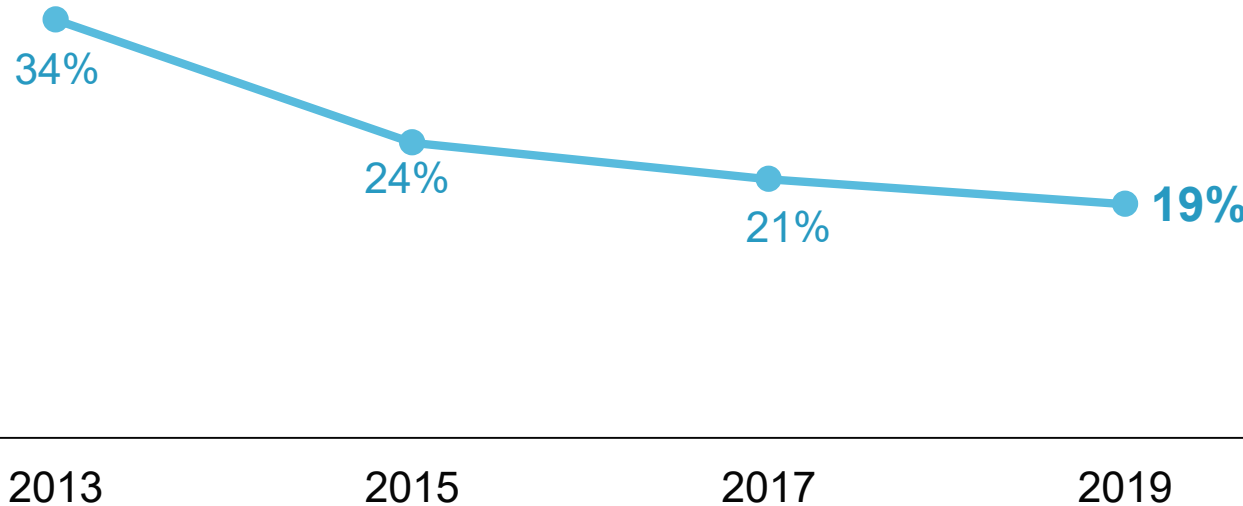


Communications

Most Oregonians say the state is doing a good job communicating about services available online.



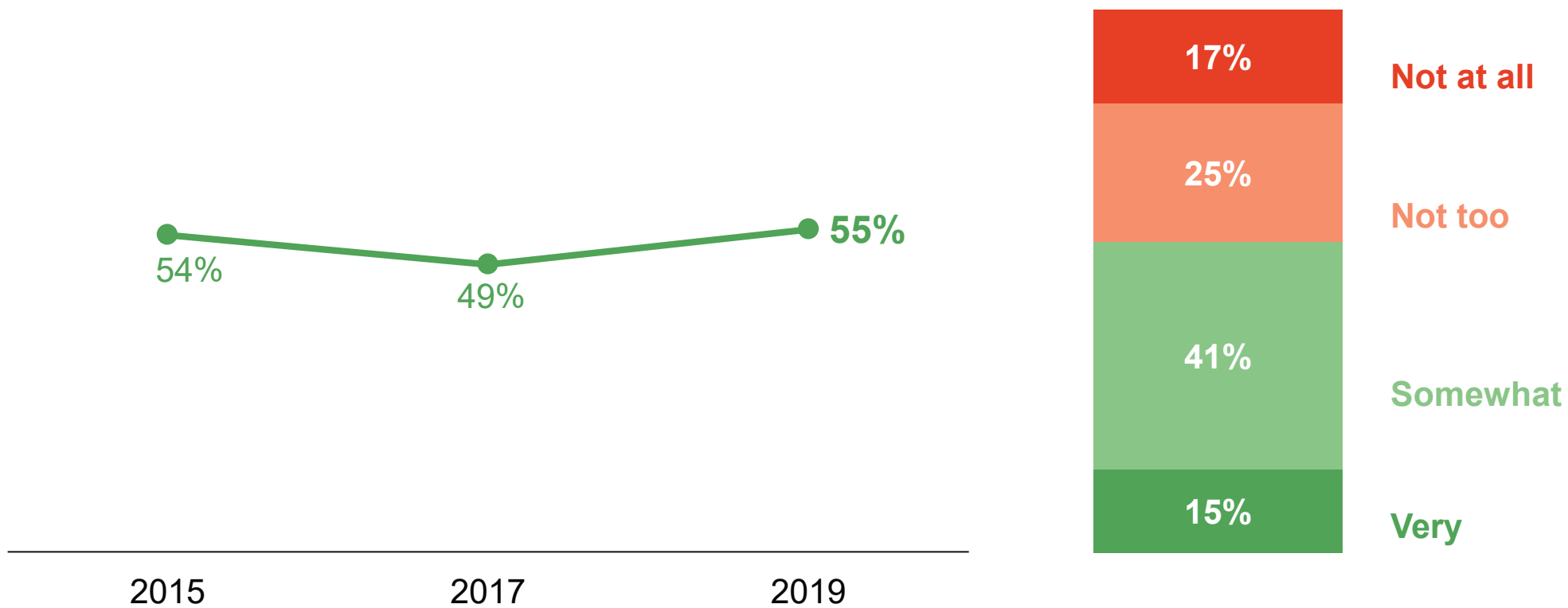
Exposure to advertisements has continued to decrease since 2013; today only two in ten have seen ads.



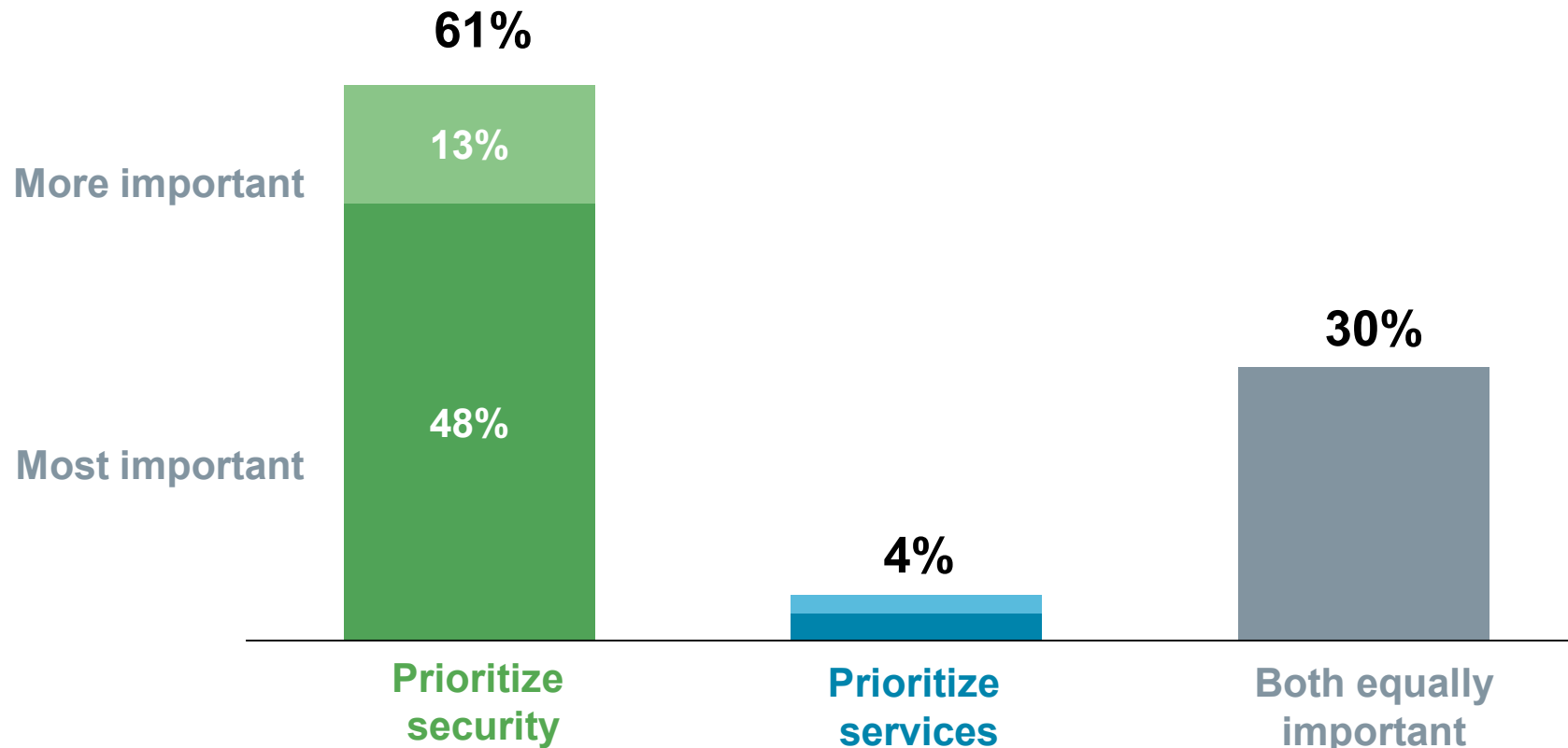
Where participants see ads:

- Television, radio (36%)
- Internet (11%)
- Social media (10%)
- Government agencies/websites (9%)
- Mail, emails (7%)
- Billboards (5%)
- Newspapers (5%)

Oregonians tend to be somewhat confident in the security of their information, and trust has increased slightly.



People overwhelmingly prioritize data security over improving services.



Key takeaways

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The internet is becoming more central to Oregonians' lives.

- Preference for finding information via website has spiked since 2017.

Oregon.gov has a wide reach.

- Nine in ten residents have heard of it. Half have visited in the last year.

Strong majorities of people who use Oregon.gov think it is both *useful* and *easy to use*.

- Over half think the site has gotten better on both of these metrics in the last year.
- However, more are having trouble searching for information they need.

Key takeaways

Being able to find information and provide input are top needs for state websites.

- Being able to interact with government on social media is less important.
- Increasingly, residents want to see the website optimized for mobile devices.

Oregonians overwhelmingly approve of the website redesign.

Information security is a priority for Oregonians.

- Between improving security and improving services, people overwhelmingly choose security.
- In the context of major hacks in the news, confidence in information security decreased from 2015.

Key takeaways

There is room to improve the State's communication about online services.

- Half of Oregonians feel the State does a good job communicating about online services, though only 19% have seen or heard the services advertised.

Certain demographic groups have less access to the internet and a harder time accessing services online, though these gaps seem to be closing over time.

- Age remains a source of significant differences in access, use, and preferences.
- Annual income and educational attainment continue to have an impact on certain items as well, though less so than in past years.
- Region or urban versus rural does not seem to have as great an impact as it has in past years.



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